



LaserWriter 8500





Overview

LaserWriter 8500



About This Overview

This overview briefly describes the servicing issues of the LaserWriter 8500, especially those that distinguish it from earlier Apple laser printers.



360 Degree View

LaserWriter 8500 Basic Configuration





General



LaserWriter 8500 with
Duplexer and Sheet Feeder



360 Degree View

The LaserWriter 8500 is a 600 dpi, 20 ppm monochrome laser printer that is capable of printing onto paper up to 13 x 20 inches in size. In its basic configuration, the printer has a capacity of 650 sheets, the standard cassette holding 500 sheets (as compared to the 250 typical in earlier printers), the multipurpose tray holding 150.

There are several options available for the printer, including a duplexer unit (for two-sided printing), a 500-sheet feeder, and an envelope cassette.





Duplexer



Duplexer

The duplexer is an inverted L-shaped feeder that mounts onto the upper rear of the printer. Once installed, **all** paper (even simplex) diverts into and exits from the duplexer.

This is unlike the LaserWriter 12/640 PS, which employs a solenoid-actuated diverter controlled through software. The operative element in the LaserWriter 8500 is the exchange chute, located in the fuser assembly. The exchange chute is actuated (i.e. locked in place) during installation of the duplexer.



Paper Path
Through Duplexer

After the first pass of a duplex page, the paper partially exits the duplexer delivery rollers. The rollers then reverse and the paper feeds back down through the duplexer and into the printer engine, in preparation for imaging of the second side. The paper then exits through the duplexer into the delivery tray.





The duplexer derives its power from the printer engine but has its own motor to generate mechanical drive.

Offset Function

The duplexer has a job separation feature that allows print jobs to be stacked offset (i.e. staggered left-to-right) in the delivery tray. Job separation is set in the Apple Printer Utility.

Note: Due to cost considerations, the offset function has been incorporated into the duplexer instead of the printer engine. Offsetting and duplex printing are otherwise unrelated to one another.

The offset motor in the duplexer generates the mechanical drive for offsetting paper.





Sheet Feeder

Sheet Feeder

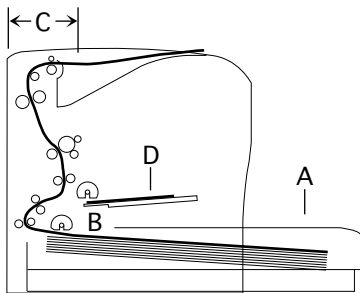
As with the LaserWriter 16/600 PS and LaserWriter 12/640 PS designs, the sheet feeder fits squarely beneath the printer to form a dual front-loading cassette arrangement. Unlike those models, however, you can stack two feeders beneath the printer, for a total auxiliary capacity of 1000 sheets. Also unlike those models, the sheet feeder and the engine use identical cassettes in the LaserWriter 8500.

The sheet feeder derives its power and mechanical drive from the printer engine.





Form Factor



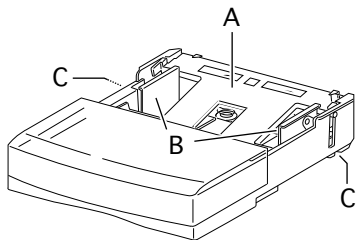
Printer Cross-Section

Note: Diagram shows printer with long cassette and over-size (11 x 17 inch or A3) paper installed.

To achieve a reasonably compact form factor, the tail end of the cassette has been designed to extend out from the engine footprint (A). Consequently, the pickup rollers feed from the insertion end of the cassette (B), similar to the Laser-Writer II. This arrangement influences the architecture of the printer in the following ways.

- 1 Because pickup occurs deep within the printer, all mechanical drive elements are arranged vertically along the rear (C), resulting in a simple C-shaped paper path. This vertical arrangement yields a compact, low-maintenance gear train, consisting at its essence of one gear assembly driven by one central motor.
- 2 You can stack letter-sized paper on the multipurpose tray and shut the cover (D), thus hiding that paper from view inside a multipurpose “compartment.”



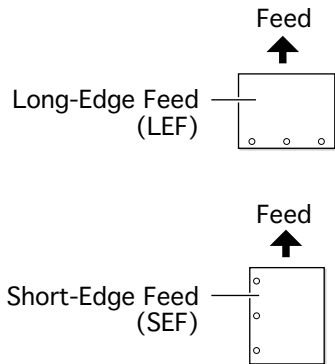


3 The design of the cassette bottom plate (A) is new.

Below the plate, three springs provide upward pressure that forces the paper against the pickup rollers. (Only two of the springs are activated when the width guides (B) are set for narrower paper). In most printers, the bottom plate receives constant uniform pressure from the springs. As you insert the cassette, the paper snugly and passively presses against the pickup rollers.

With this printer, however, the bottom plate must stay down during insertion to avoid snagging. The springs are released, and the bottom plate elevated against the pickup rollers, only when the cassette is fully inserted.

This spring release is actuated by a latch on each side of the cassette near the leading edge (C). See “Cassette” in the Basics chapter for more information.



Paper Orientation

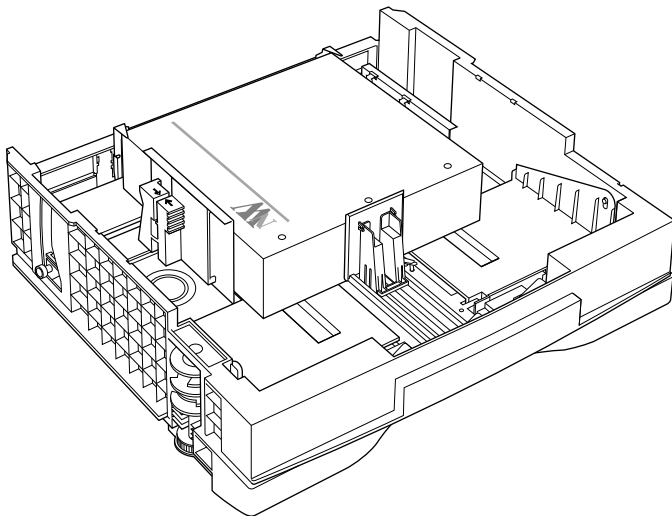
The paper path is wide enough to print letter or A4 sized paper in long-edge feed (LEF) mode. LEF mode is recommended as it achieves the fastest 20 ppm throughput and optimizes duplex printing.

Note: The cassette automatically senses paper orientation. The multipurpose tray does not. Printing in short-edge feed (SEF) mode from the multipurpose tray may produce undesirable results.

Paper orientation and how best to load paper can be confusing, especially when talking with customers over the phone. It is further complicated when printing duplex jobs. Keep in mind the following tips:

- Use the LEF and SEF terms when talking about how paper is loaded. These are the terms found in the user manual.

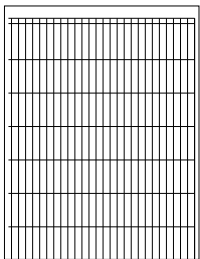




LEF Paper Orientation

- The terms “portrait” and “landscape” are best used only when talking about how a printed page is to be formatted. Remember that LEF mode, for example, can result in either a landscape or a portrait formatted page.
- Load letterhead face-up.
- As you stand facing the printer: the top of the page is on the left for LEF portrait, and on the near side for LEF landscape.





Service Test Page



Test Page Button



Service Test Page

A service test page, sometimes called an engine test page, is a page whose description resides in firmware on the DC controller board. Successful printing of a service test page confirms the operation of the print engine. Of equal importance, if a print quality problem appearing on a normal page also appears on the service test page, the I/O controller board is proven good and should not be swapped.

There are two ways to print a service test page on the LaserWriter 8500.

- 1 If the I/O board is installed, use a paper clip to press the test page button. This button is accessible through a small unmarked hole at the top of the I/O bracket.

Note: Use this button liberally, both in person and when troubleshooting with customers on the phone. It is your





Test Page Jumper



first line of defense in isolating faults between the I/O board and printer engine.

- 2 If the I/O board and shield have been removed from the printer, you can print a service test page by jumpering the two pins of connector P23 on the DC controller board.



RAM Memory

The LaserWriter comes with 16 megabytes (MB) of RAM soldered onto the I/O controller board. There is one SIMM slot available for installing additional RAM. The following table lists the memory requirements and supported paper sizes for duplex printing and PhotoGrade.

Memory	Duplex Printing	PhotoGrade	Use both features at once?
16 MB	Letter, A4, B4, legal	Letter, A4, B5	No
20 MB	Letter, A3, A4, B4, legal, ledger	Up to ledger and A3	Yes; up to letter and A4
24 MB	Letter, A3, A4, B4, legal, ledger	Up to Japan Standard and Japan Larger	Yes; up to legal
32 MB	Letter, A3, A4, B4, legal, ledger	All supported paper sizes	Yes; up to B4
48 MB	Letter, A3, A4, B4, legal, ledger	All supported paper sizes	Yes; all supported paper sizes





SIMM Sizes and Speeds

Size	Configuration	Speed	Connector type
4 MB SIMM	1 M X 32 bit (one 4 MB bank)	70 ns or less	72-pin
8 MB SIMM	2 M X 32 bit (two 4 MB banks)	70 ns or less	72-pin
16 MB SIMM*	4 M X 32 bit (one 16 MB bank)	70 ns or less	72-pin
32 MB SIMM*	8 M X 32 bit (two 16 MB banks)	70 ns or less	72-pin

* Must have a 2 KB row (11 bit x 11 bit) refresh rate. 16 MB SIMMs with a 4 KB row (12 bit x 10 bit) refresh rate are not compatible with the printer.



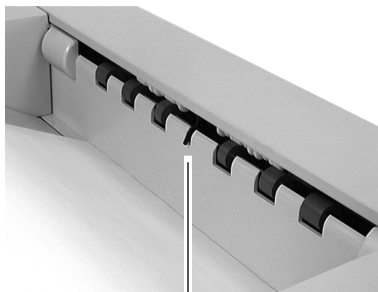


Miscellaneous

Full-Stack Sensor

When the delivery tray is full of paper, the printer stops accepting print jobs and the controller reports an error message to the host computer. Sensing of delivery tray capacity is done through the full-stack sensor located just above the delivery rollers.

With a duplexer installed, the duplexer full-stack sensor assumes this function. The parts used in the duplexer actuator and the printer actuator are **not** interchangeable.



Actuator for
Full-Stack Sensor

Other Sensors and Interlocks

All other sensors and interlocks are similar to previous printers and will be familiar to the experienced technician. See “Sensing System Locator” in the Basics chapter for a





comprehensive diagram.

There is also a mechanical interlock that disengages the fuser assembly drive train when the top cover is open (to facilitate removal of paper jams). See “Top Housing and Xerographics” in the Basics chapter.

Point-of-Sale (POS) Button

The Ready LED is also a button that actuates a microswitch on the status panel board. If you hold this LED during printer startup, the printer will enter the special POS state (or exit from POS if POS is currently enabled). You can also make these settings through the Printer Utility.

During POS state, the ready LED flashes two shades of green instead of the normal steady green. When you press the ready LED thereafter, a special demonstration page will print. While in POS state, the energy saving feature is



Demonstration Page





disabled, but in all other ways, the printer is network-aware and will perform just as it does in ready state.

Voltage-Specific Parts

Four parts in the printer are available in both 110V and 220V versions:

- Power supply
- Fuser assembly
- Transport chute assembly
- DC controller board

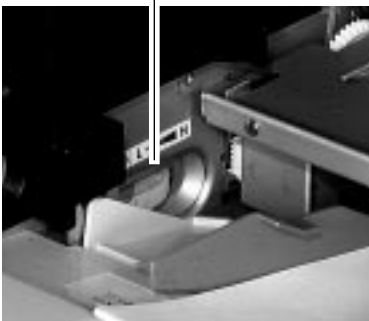
Note: The DC controller board, though universal in previous printers, is not in the LaserWriter 8500.

The second version of this board satisfies European Economic Community requirements and has made possible some localization of controller board firmware (default paper size for the multipurpose tray, for example).





Density Adjustment Dial



Density Adjustment

On the left side of the multipurpose tray compartment, there is a density adjustment dial. This dial changes the DC component of the development bias voltage supplied by the high-voltage power supply. The dial adjusts the threshold voltage, in effect changing the background density across the entire imageable page.

A second method of density adjustment is through the Apple Printer Utility, which adjusts the laser power output. In effect, this adjusts the density of the printed pixels.



Basics

LaserWriter 8500





Function of Main Components

This topic describes the function of the following components of the LaserWriter 8500.

- Cassette
- Cassette Feed Components
- Manual Feed Components
- Paper Transportation
- Fusing and Paper Exit
- Frame and Drive
- Top Cover and Xerographics
- Electrical

Cassette

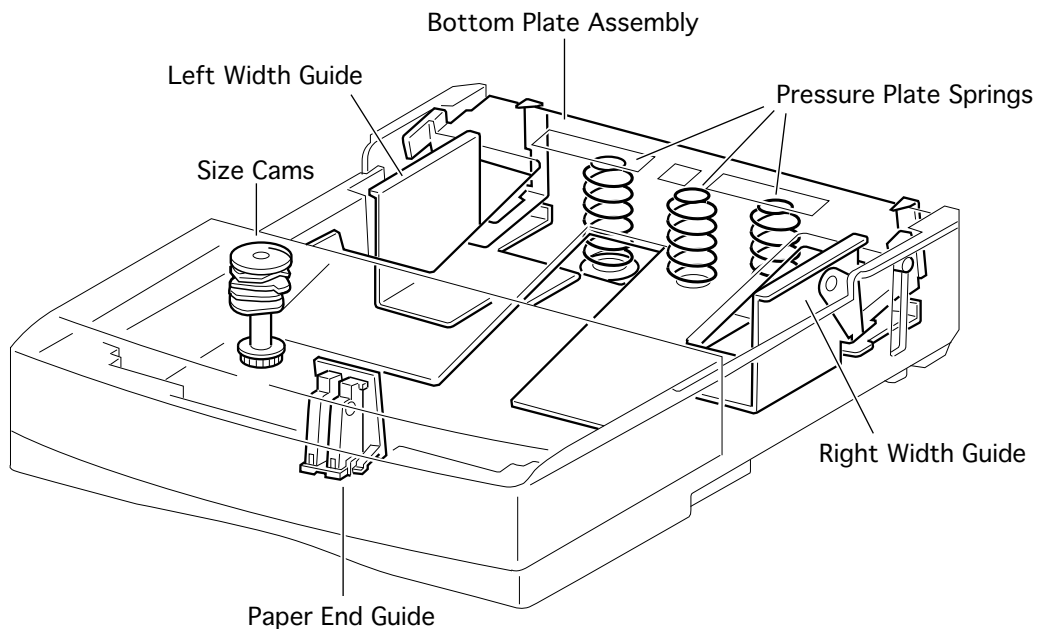
Paper Width Guides

The paper width guides are adjusted left-to-right to accommodate different paper widths. They contact the left and right sides of the paper stack and hold the paper stack in place in the crosswise direction.

The left and right snubbers (paper separating claws) at the leading edge of paper allow only one sheet of paper to be fed from the cassette into the printer. The snubbers move together with the paper width guides.

Pressure Plate Springs

Two pressure springs act against the bottom plate when paper width is less than 8.5 inches (216 mm). When the paper width is greater, additional forced is deemed necessary and a third pressure spring is released against the bottom plate. The mechanism that releases or contains the third spring is controlled by the paper width guides.

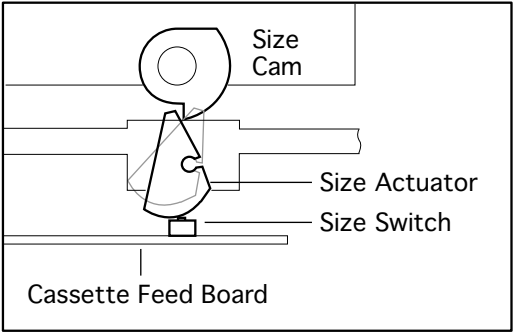
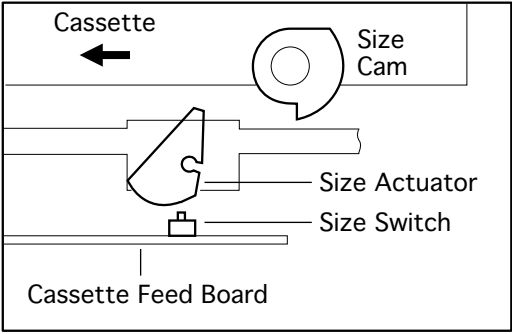




Paper End Guide

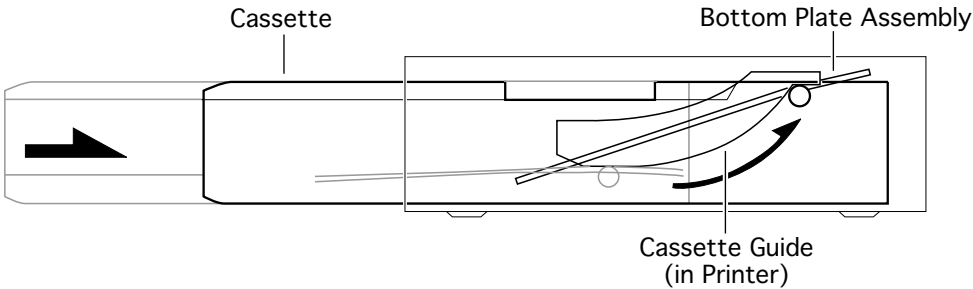
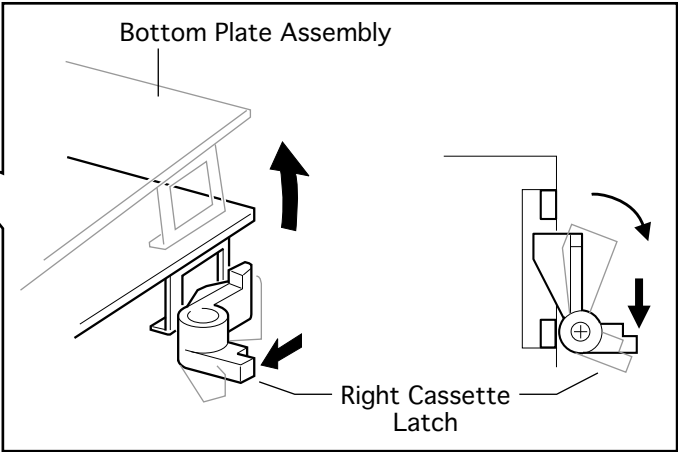
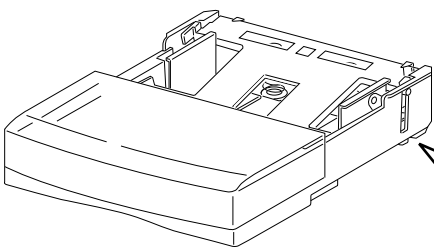
The paper end guide can be adjusted front-to-rear to accommodate different paper lengths. It is in contact with the trailing edge of the paper stack.

When the paper end guide is adjusted, the size cams on the left side of the cassette rotate into a unique pattern of projections and gaps. When you insert the cassette, the position of the cams align with actuators that are housed in the printer's left cassette guide assembly. The actuators correspond to four microswitches on the cassette feed board.



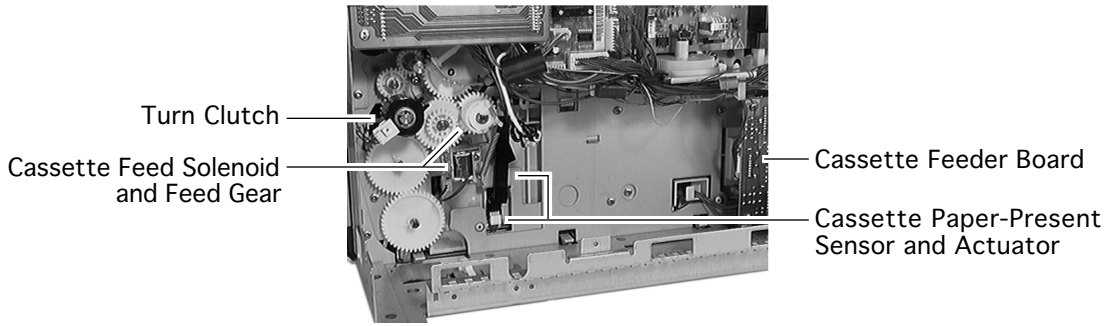
Cassette Latches

On each side near the leading edge of the cassette are two cassette latches. When the cassette is outside the printer, these latches hold the bottom plate down against the force of the pressure plate springs. As the cassette is inserted, the latches release and the bottom plate elevates.





Cassette Feed Components



Cassette Feeder Board

The feeder board has the paper size microswitches (see previous topic) and serves as a relay board for the signals between the cassette feed and the DC controller board.

Cassette Paper-Present Sensor and Actuator

This sensor detects the presence of paper in the cassette.

Cassette Feed Solenoid and Feed Gear

When the feed solenoid is actuated, the feed gear is released and turns to engage with the feed idler gear. The feed gear then begins to rotate, causing the pickup rollers to rotate. After one revolution, the feed gear disengages from the feed idler gear and is latched by the pawl of the feed solenoid.

Turn Clutch

The turn clutch is an electromagnetic clutch that switches on and off the drive power to the lower and upper feed rollers.

Lower and Upper Feed Rollers

These rollers have an integral metal shaft/rubber roller design. Drive to the rollers is controlled by the turn clutch so that the rollers start feeding from the pickup area and stop feeding at the registration sensor.

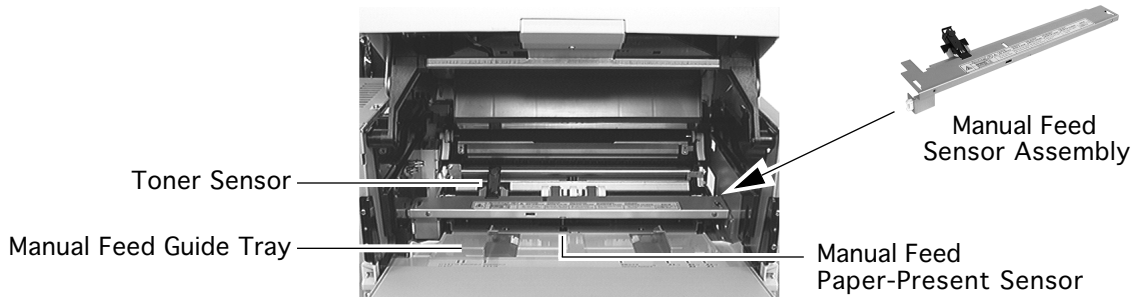
When the engine receives a /PRFD signal from the controller, the engine stops feeding at the registration sensor and resumes when it receives a subsequent /START signal. If the /START signal is received before the paper reaches the registration position, the printer will feed the paper continuously without stopping the rotation of the feed rollers.

Pickup Rollers

Rotate and feeds one sheet of paper each time the cassette feed solenoid is actuated.



Manual Feed Components



Manual Feed Guide Tray

The manual feed guide tray is the pressure plate and width guide for manual feed paper. During standby the tray is held down by the pickup roller assembly cams. When the paper is about to feed, the cams move off the tray due to the rotation of the pickup roller assembly. The manual feed guide tray is therefore pressed up by the two pressure springs and the paper is pressed against the pickup roller.

Manual Feed Paper-Present Sensor

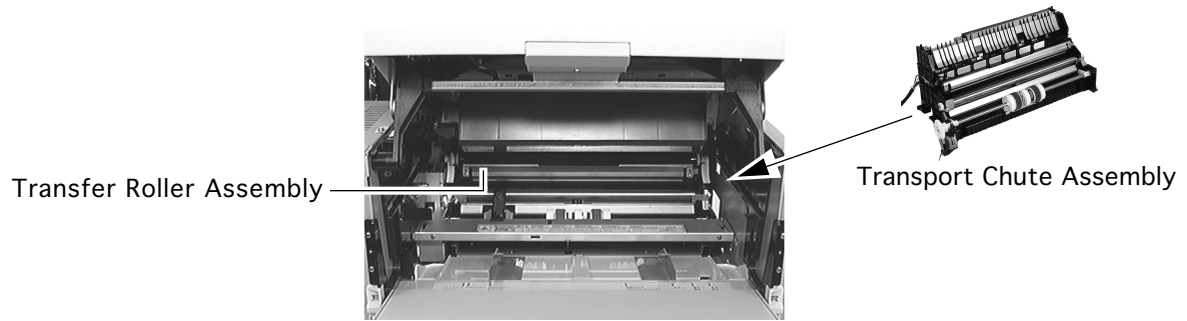
Part of the manual feed sensor assembly, this sensor detects the presence of paper in the manual feed compartment.

Toner Sensor

Also part of the manual feed sensor assembly, this sensor detects low toner by responding to the magnetism of the toner in the cartridge.



Paper Transportation

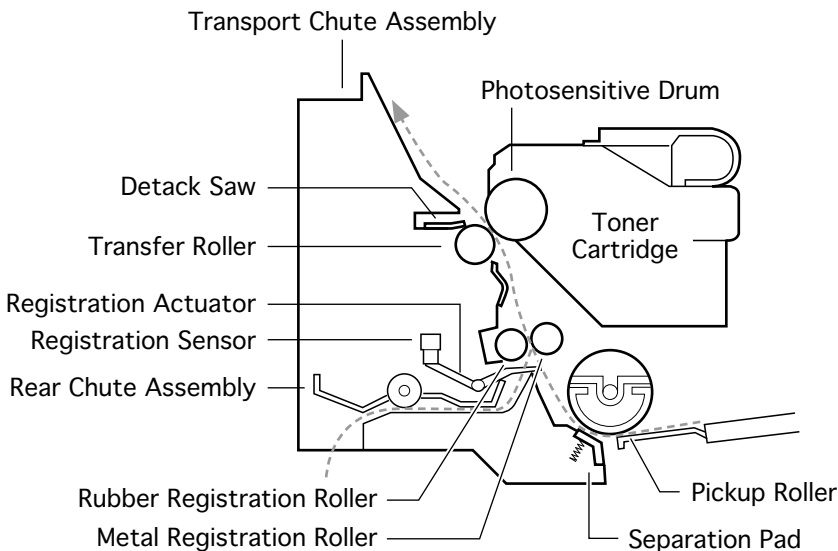


Transfer Roller Assembly

The transfer roller is in contact with the drum in the toner cartridge. The roller is driven by the drum gear so that the roller surface moves at the same speed as the drum surface.

The transfer roller applies a positive charge to the back side of the paper when the paper travels between the roller and the drum. The negatively charged toner image transfers from the drum surface to the front side of the paper because it is attracted by the positive charge on the back side of the paper.

Transport Chute Assembly



Included in the transport chute assembly are the following components.

Pickup roller assembly: Consists of two pickup rollers, three core rollers, pickup cams, and the shaft. It rotates one turn each time the manual feed pickup solenoid is actuated, and feeds one sheet of paper from the manual feed compartment.

Pickup solenoid and pickup gear: When the pickup solenoid is actuated, the pickup gear is released and turned by the pulling force of the pickup spring to engage with the opposite gear in the main gear assembly. The pickup gear then begins to rotate, causing the pickup roller assembly to rotate. After one revolution, the pickup gear disengages from the opposite gear because of its sector-shaped cutout and is latched by the pawl of the feed



solenoid.

Separation pad assembly: Prevents extra sheets of paper from being fed by the friction between the paper and the rubber of the separation pad.

Rear chute assembly: Guides the paper fed from the cassette between the metal and rubber registration rollers.

Metal registration roller and rubber registration roller: The rotation of these rollers is controlled by means of the registration clutch assembly so as to register the paper with the image on the drum.

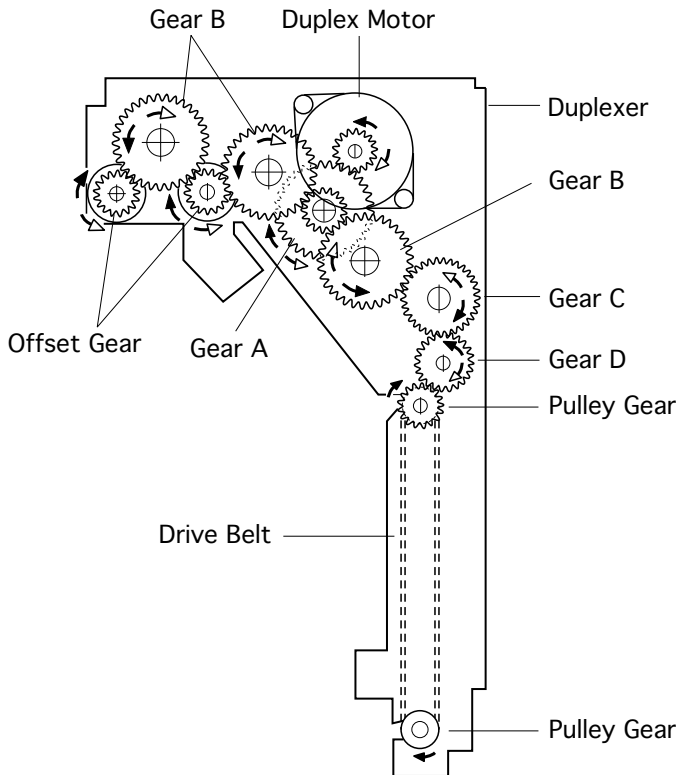
Registration sensor: Detects the arrival and departure of the paper at the registration position.

Transfer roller bearing: Applies the transfer voltage from the high-voltage power supply to the transfer roller assembly.

Detack saw: Imparts a negative charge to the back side of the paper, partially neutralizing the positive charges, so that the paper can peel off the drum.

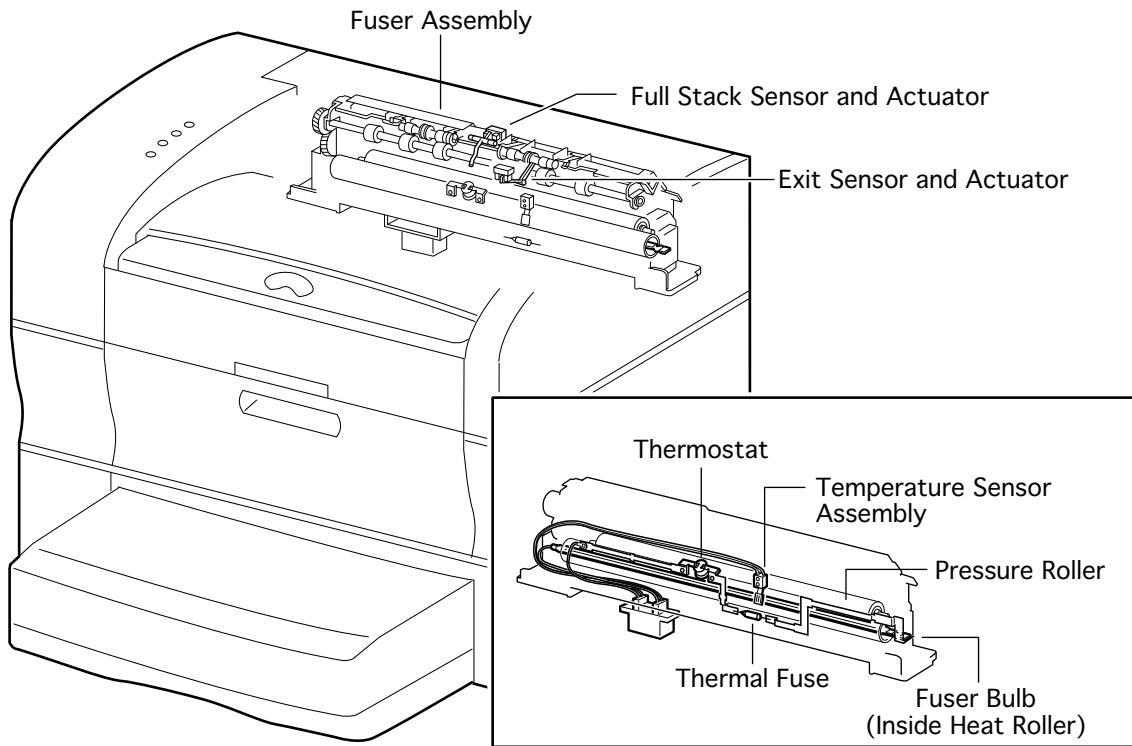
Duplexer

The duplexer derives its mechanical drive from the duplex motor. The offset motor generates the lateral drive for job separation (left-to-right staggering of paper in the delivery tray).





Fusing and Paper Exit



The fuser assembly houses all components of fusing (the permanent fixing of toner to paper by means of heat and pressure), as well as components for paper delivery.

Heat Roller

The heat roller is a hollow metal tube that applies heat to the paper passing between it and the pressure roller. The heat is generated by the fuser bulb inside the heat roller. This heat melts the toner on the paper.

Pressure Roller

The pressure roller is a solid, sponge rubber-coated metal shaft that presses the paper against the heat roller. The pressure helps bond the toner to the paper.

Heater Assembly

The heater assembly consists of the fuser bulb and the wiring and connectors attached to the ends of the bulb.

Temperature Sensor Assembly

The temperature sensor assembly is a thermistor whose resistance varies sharply with a change in temperature. This sensor is held in contact with the heat roller surface and monitors the temperature thereof. The signal from this sensor is used to maintain the temperature of the heat roller surface within the specified range by switching the power to the heater bulb on and off. The signal is also used for the first-stage overheat protection.

Thermostat

The thermostat is part of the heater bulb circuit and functions as the second-stage overheat



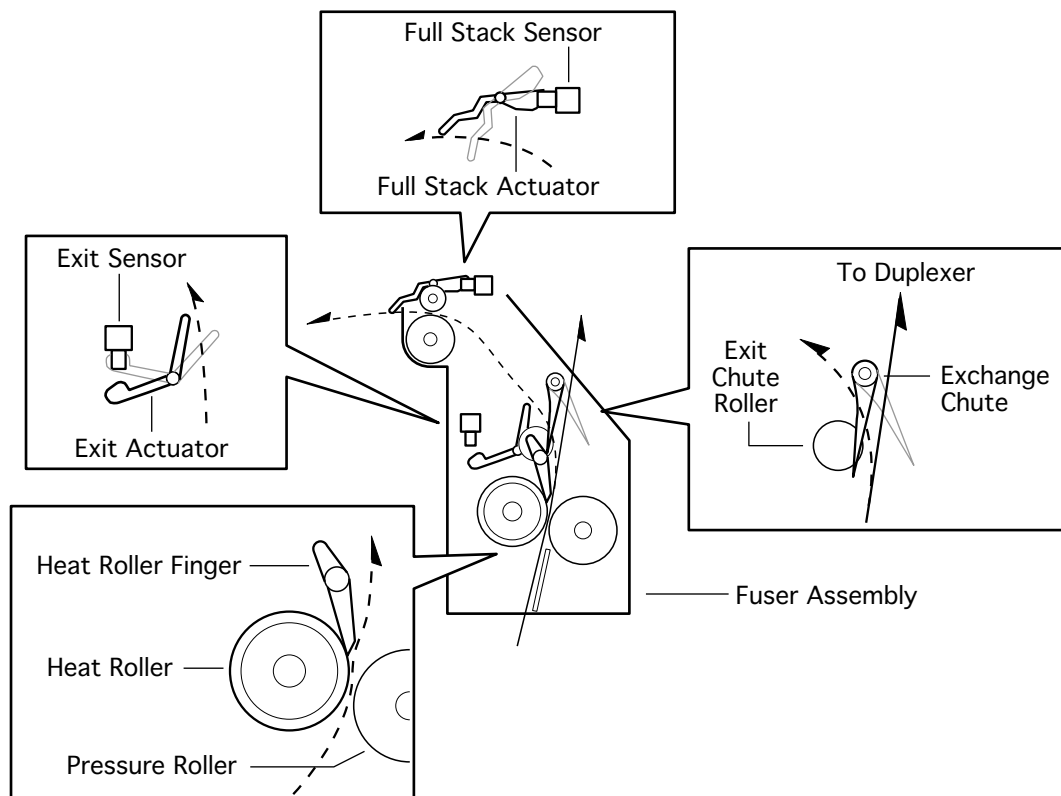
protection. If the temperature sensor assembly fails to prevent a fuser overhear, the thermostat opens and power is cut to the heater bulb.

Thermal Fuse

Also a part of the heater bulb circuit, the thermal fuse functions as the third-stage overhear protection. If both the first and second stages fail to prevent a fuser overhear, the thermal fuse opens and power is cut to the heater bulb.

Heat Roller Diode

There is a negative charge that builds up on the heater bulb. This charge can disturb the toner image on the paper during fusing. The heat roller diode grounds this charge.



Heat Roller Fingers

These fingers work in conjunction the non-stick coating of the heat roller to peel the leading edge of the paper from the roller.

Exit Sensor

The exit sensor detects the arrival and departure of the paper on the delivery side of the heat roller.

Full Stack Sensor

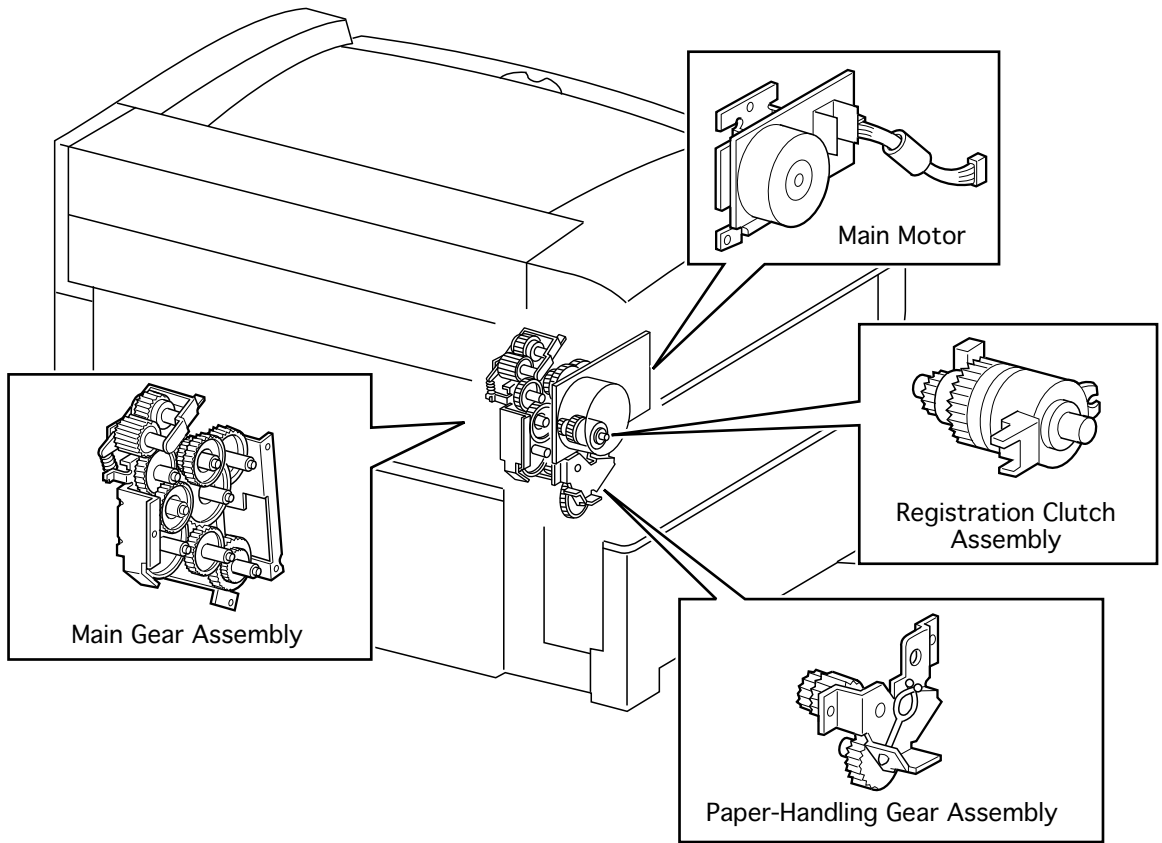
The full stack sensor detects when the delivery tray is full of paper.

Exchange Chute

The installation of an optional duplexer locks the exchange chute into a position so that all paper is directed up into the duplexer.



Frame and Drive



Main Motor

Generates all the drive power for the printer and optional sheet feeder.

Main Gear Assembly

Distributes drive power from the main motor to the fuser assembly, toner cartridge, paper handling gear assembly, registration clutch assembly, and pickup gear.

Paper Handling Gear Assembly

Transfers the drive power from the main gear assembly to the feed idler gear and to a second gear within the main gear assembly.

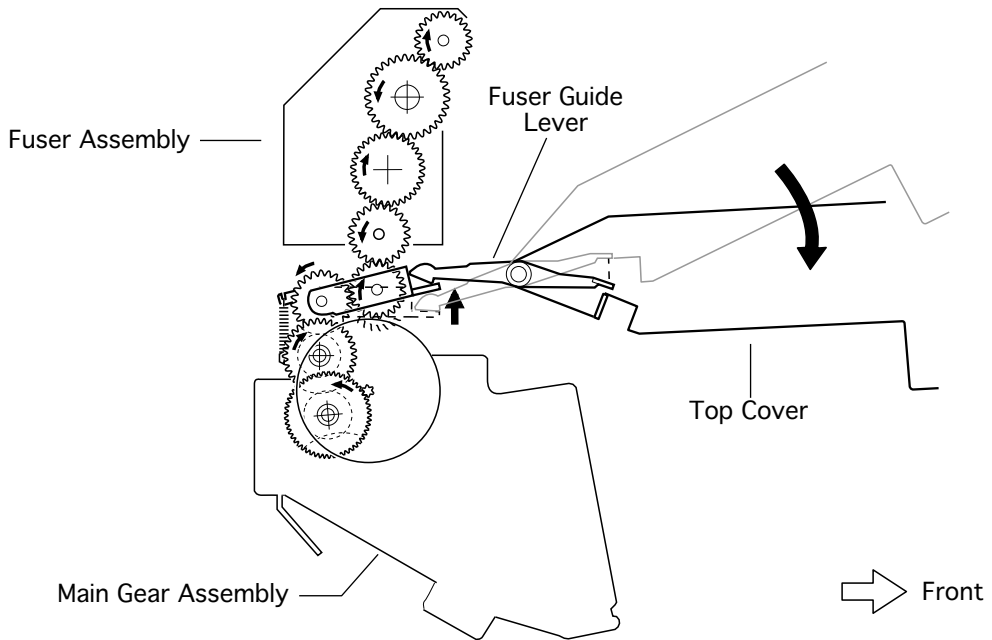
Registration Clutch Assembly

An electromagnetic clutch that switches the drive power on and off to the two registration rollers at a specified time after the registration sensor has detected the arrival of the paper. This clutch actuates momentarily after the paper arrives at the registration rollers to allow the feed rollers to remove any skew induced during paper feed.



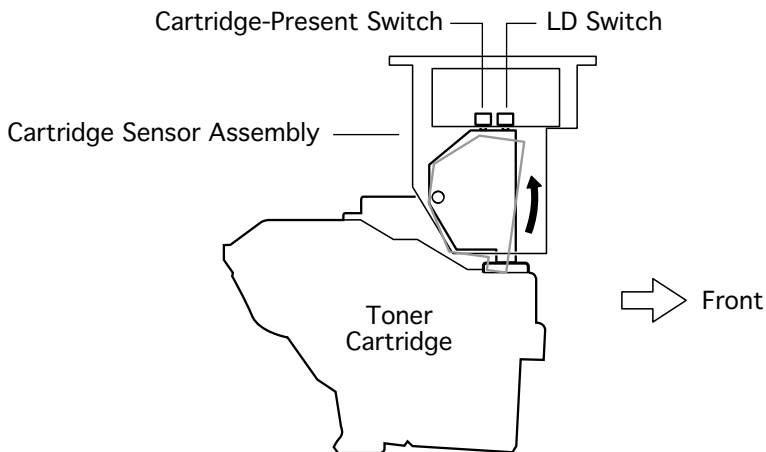
Top Housing and Xerographics

Guide Arm and Fuser Guide Lever



When the top cover opens, the fuser guide lever presses down on the floating idler gear at the top of the main gear assembly, thus disengaging the fuser assembly from the gear train. This makes removal of paper jams from the fuser much easier. When the top cover is closed, the floating idler gear springs upward to mate the fuser gearing to the main gear train.

Cartridge Sensor Assembly



The cartridge sensor assembly houses the two switches below.

Cartridge-present switch: The signal from this switch stops printer operation when the toner cartridge is absent or the top cover is open.



Laser-diode (LD) switch: This switch opens the laser diode circuit when the toner cartridge is absent or the top cover is open. The LD switch protects users against exposure to the laser light.

Toner Cartridge

The toner cartridge consists of five major components.

Photosensitive drum: An aluminum cylinder with a surface coating of photoconductive material. The photoconductive coating holds an electrical charge, and allows the charge to flow through the thickness when exposed to light.

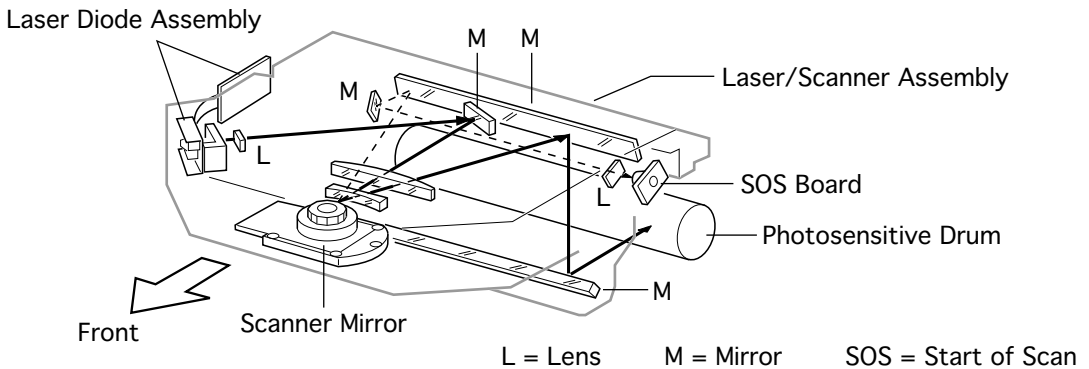
Bias charge roller (BCR): Places a uniform electrical charge on the drum surface, erasing any charging patterns remaining from the previous cycle.

Magnetic roller: Holds a thin layer of toner on its surface and transports it to the gap between the drum and the magnet roller. Toner is supplied to the magnetic roller by two agitators inside the toner compartment.

Charging and metering (CM) blade: Spreads a thin layer of toner on the magnetic roll and gives toner a negative charge.

Cleaning blade: Scrapes the toner off the drum surface that is remaining after the transfer stage.

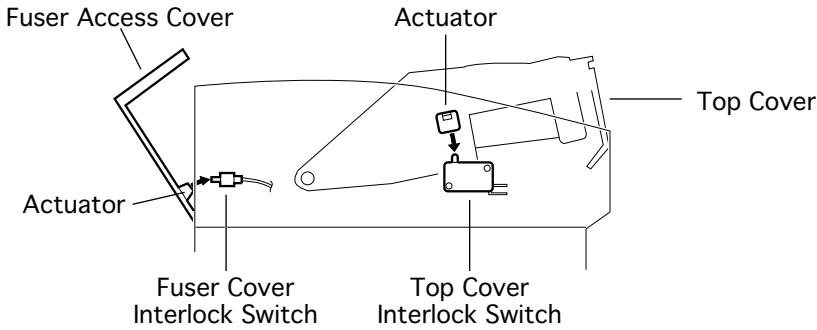
Laser/Scanner Assembly



The laser/scanner assembly scans a light beam onto the surface of the photosensitive drum. This assembly consists of three major components: the laser diode, the scanning mirror, and the start-of-scan (SOS) board.



Electrical

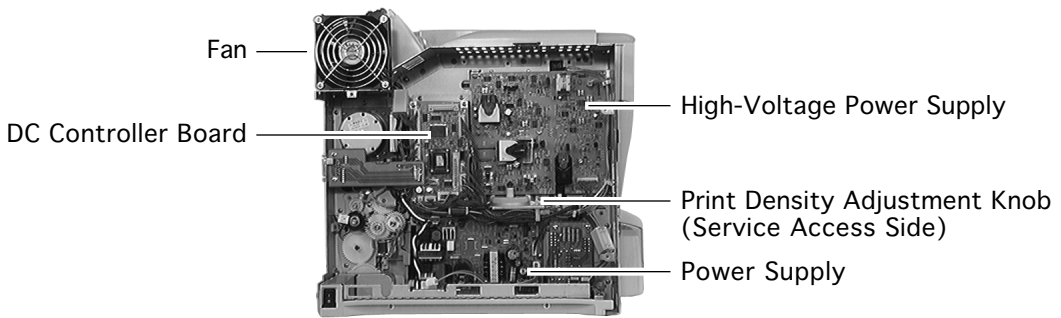


Top Cover Interlock Switch

The top cover interlock switch is a safety switch that interrupts the supply of 24 VDC from the power supply to the DC controller board whenever the top cover is open. This switch also causes the power supply to interrupt AC line voltage to the fuser assembly. The switch is located inside the left cartridge guide and is actuated by the nylon tip at the end of the laser/scanner actuator rod.

Fuser Cover Interlock Switch

A safety switch that stops operation of the main motor, the laser/scanner assembly, and the fuser whenever the fuser access cover is open. The switch is located on the right side of the fuser access cover opening.



Fan

The fan exhausts the air inside the printer to prevent an excessive heat caused by the fuser assembly. There is one fan in the LaserWriter 8500.

Power Supply

The power supply produces regulated low DC voltages from AC power. The power supply also switches on and off the AC power to the fuser heater bulb. The main power switch is hard-wired to the power supply.

High-Voltage Power Supply

The high-voltage power supply produces high voltage power for the charge and magnetic roller in the toner cartridge, the transfer roller, and the detack saw.



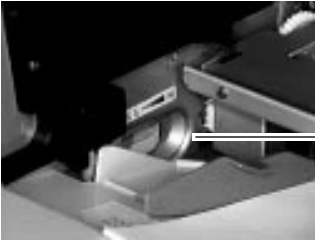
DC Controller Board

The DC controller board controls all printer operations. It has the following six major functions.

1. Communicates with the I/O board.
2. Communicates with the optional duplexer.
3. Receives information from the printer sensors and switches.
4. Controls the laser/scanner, fuser, and main motor.
5. Controls the printing process.
6. Distributes DC power from the power supply to other printer components.

Print Density Adjustment Knob

This knob adjusts the print density by changing the DC component of the developing bias voltage supplied by the high-voltage power supply. Turning this knob clockwise increases the print density. Turning this knob counterclockwise decreases the print density.



Print Density Adjustment Knob
(User Accessible Side)

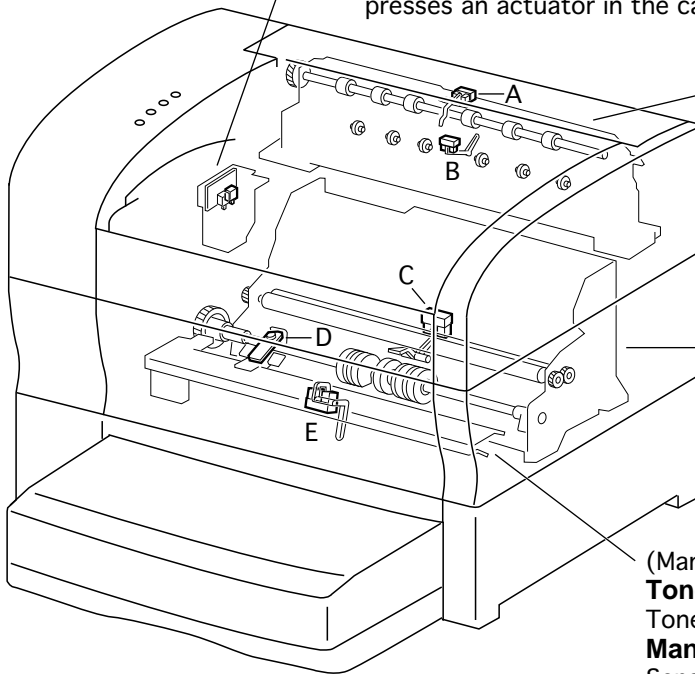


Sensing System Locator (Printer Engine)

Cartridge Sensing and Laser/Scanner Interlock

Sensor: Cartridge Sensor Assembly (P/N 922-2811)

Actuator: As the top cover closes, a tab on the toner cartridge presses an actuator in the cartridge sensor assembly.



(Fuser Assembly)

Full Stack Sensing (A)

Sensor: Part of Fuser Assembly

Actuator: P/N 076-0653

Exit Sensing (B)

Sensor/Actuator: Part of Fuser Assembly

(Transport Chute Assembly)

Registration Sensing (C)

Sensor/Actuator: P/N 076-0652

(Manual Feed Sensor Assembly)

Toner Sensing (D)

Toner Sensor Assembly (P/N 922-2799)

Manual Feed Paper-Present Sensing (E)

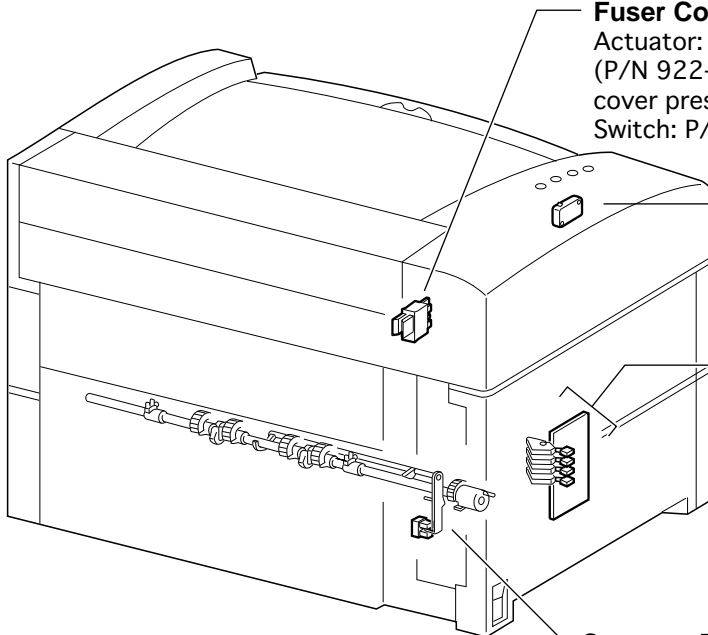
Sensor: P/N 922-2774

Actuator: P/N 922-2798

Fuser Cover Interlock

Actuator: As the fuser access cover (P/N 922-2757) closes, a tab on the cover presses the switch.

Switch: P/N 922-2813



Top Cover Interlock

Actuator: As the top cover closes, the nylon tip of the laser/scanner actuator rod presses the switch.

Switch: P/N 922-2812

Paper Size Sensing

Actuators: As cassette is inserted, size cams on cassette meet four size actuators on left cassette guide assembly (P/N 922-2773).
Switches: Size actuators press microswitches on the cassette feeder board (P/N 922-2770).

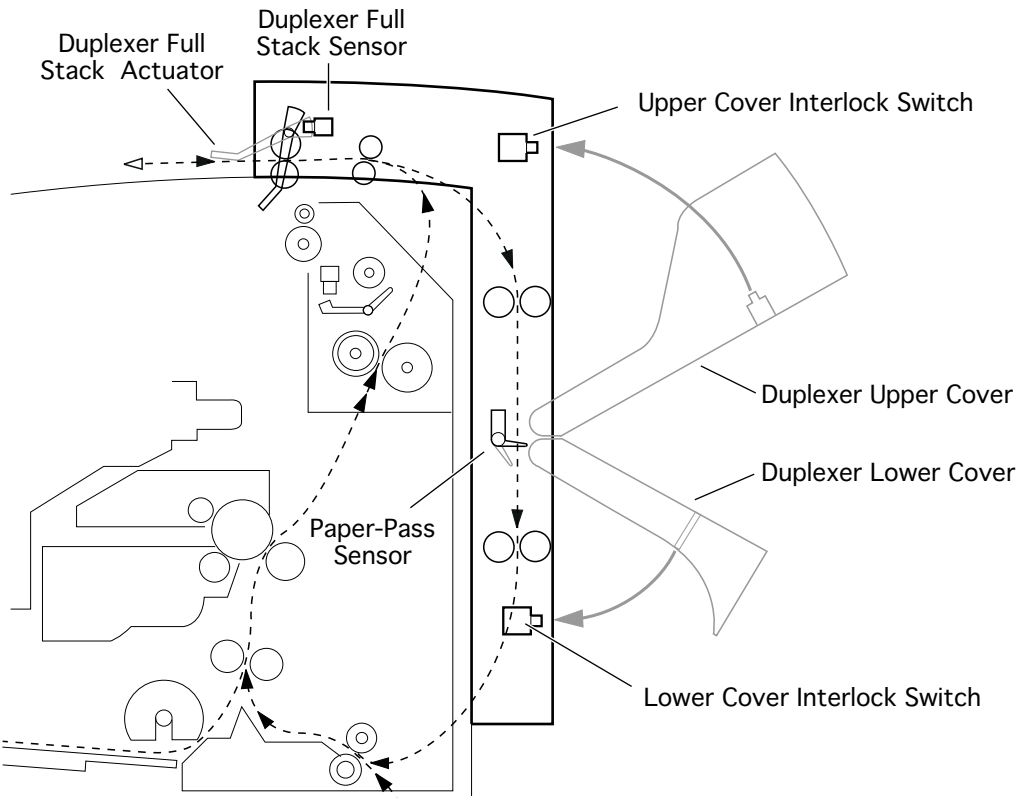
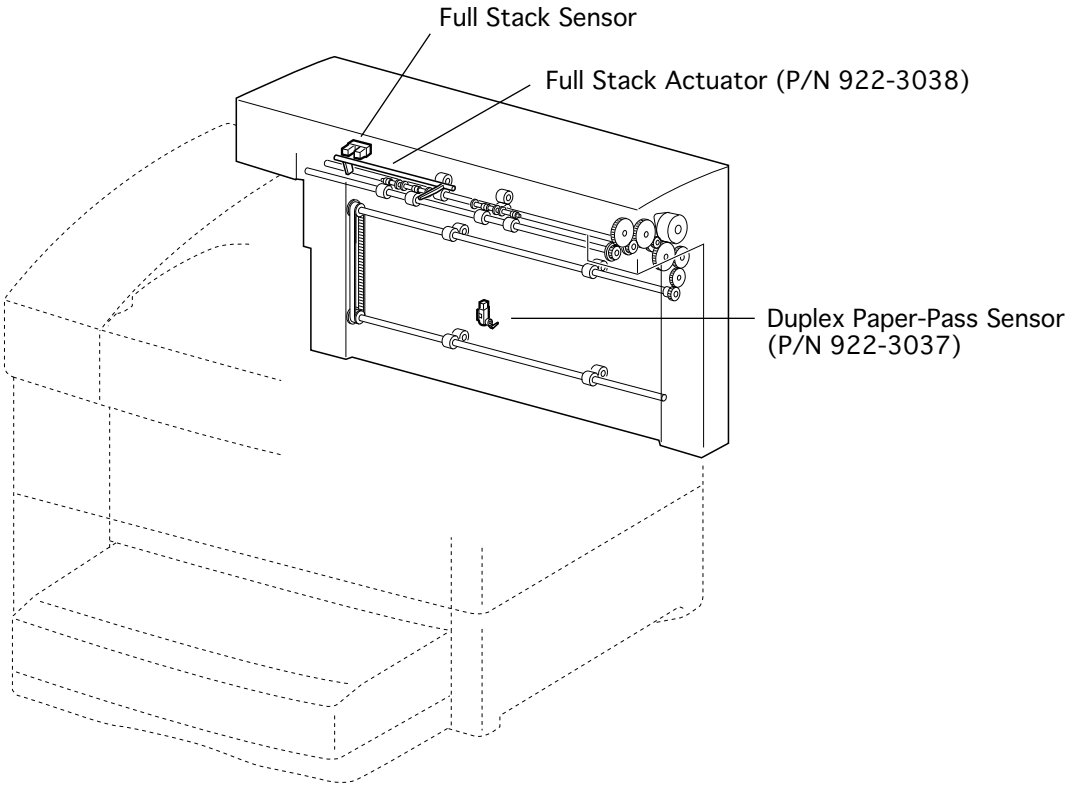
Cassette Paper-Present Sensing

Actuator: P/N 922-2776

Sensor: P/N 922-2774

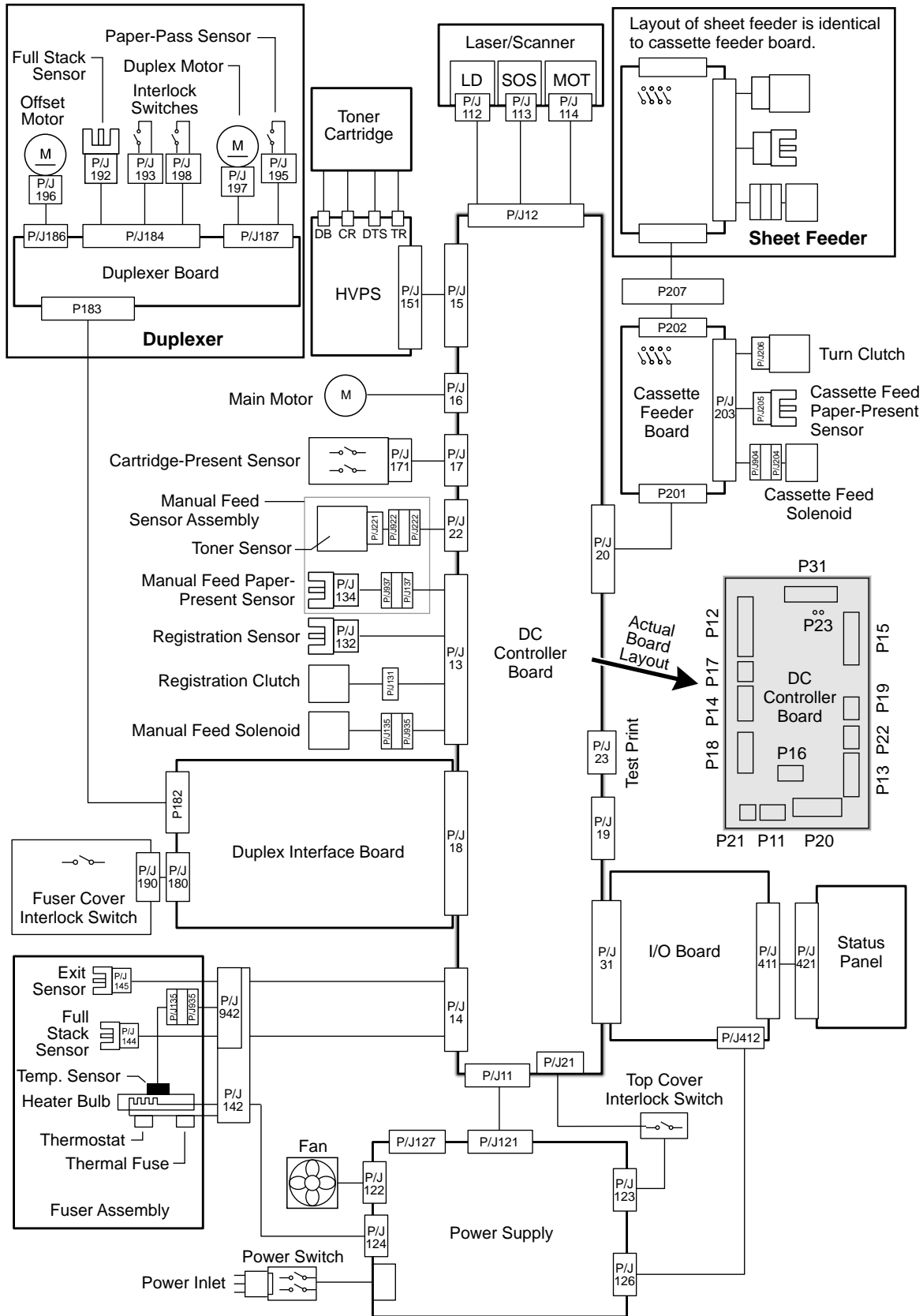


Sensing System Locator (Duplexer)





Wiring Diagram





Specifications

LaserWriter 8500



Engine

Marking engine

Fuji Xerox P880 laser-xerographic

Laser

Type: Semiconductor laser diode

Wavelength: 780 nanometers (nm)

Output power: 5 milliwatts (mW) maximum





Controller

Microprocessor	AMD Am29040 30/60-MHz RISC microprocessor
ROM	8 megabytes (MB) of ROM (including 136 fonts)
RAM	16 MB of RAM (expandable to 48 MB). See “RAM Memory” in the Overview chapter for more information.
I/O processor	80C186 I/O processor
EEPROM	8 kilobytes (KB) parameter EEPROM





Ports

General

LocalTalk port

Parallel port

AAUI Ethernet port with three protocols:

EtherTalk

Novell NetWare IPX (PSERVER or RPRINTER)

TCP/IP (lpd)

External Ethernet transceivers available for

thin coaxial (10BASE-2)

thick coaxial (10BASE-5)

Ethernet twisted-pair cable (10BASE-T) can connect directly to a hub

Two-position communication switch

All ports and protocols simultaneously active (but only one Ethernet connector)





Imaging

Resolution

600 dots per inch (dpi) resolution

600 dpi FinePrint (edge enhancement for text and line art)

Grayscale imaging

Enhanced 600 dpi grayscale imaging:

Standard

85 lines/inch dithered halftone, 101 gray levels

106 lines/inch dithered halftone, 129 gray levels

141 lines/inch dithered halftone, 73 gray levels

PhotoGrade (additional RAM may be required)

106 lines/inch halftone, 201 gray levels

141 lines/inch halftone, 257 gray levels

150 lines/inch halftone, 145 gray levels

PostScript

PostScript Level 3





Printer fonts

One hundred thirty-six PostScript fonts are provided with the printer, including such fonts as Albertus, Antique Olive, Apple Chancery, Arial, ITC Avant Garde ®, Bondoni, ITC Bookman ®, Carta, Chicago, Clarendon, CooperBlack, Copperplate, Coronet, Courier, Eurostile, Geneva, GillSans, Goudy, Helvetica, Helvetica Black, Helvetica Compressed, Helvetica Narrow, Hoefler Text, Joanna, LetterGothic, Lubalin Graph, Marigold, Monaco, MonaLisa, New Century Schoolbook, New York, Optima, Oxford, Palatino ®, StempelGaramond, Symbol, Tekton, Times, Univers, Univers Condensed, WingDings, ITC Zapf Chancery ®, and ITC Zapf Dingbats ®.

Speed

Note: Actual speed depends on the images printed.

One-sided: 20 pages per minute maximum using long-edge feed (LEF) U.S. letter or A4-size paper.

Duplex: 13 pages per minute maximum using long-edge feed U.S. letter or A4-size paper.

Envelopes—9.7 envelopes per minute maximum.





Life Expectancy

Printer reliability (MTBF)

Average number of impressions between failure is 180,000 pages. (In duplex mode, a single sheet is considered to be two impressions.)

Toner cartridge life expectancy

Life expectancy is up to 14,000 pages when printing text documents with average page coverage (5% black). An example of a 5% black page coverage is a page consisting of double-spaced 14-point Courier type. Printing images and other graphics may shorten toner cartridge life expectancy.





Printing Materials

Paper types

16- to 28-pound laser-quality bond (60 to 105 g/m²); up to 36-pound (135 g/m²) stock when fed manually through the multipurpose tray. Accepts most textured and colored stock. Accepts medium-weight photocopier transparencies and labels. Envelopes can be printed from the multipurpose tray or from the optional envelope feeder.

The paper used should not scorch, melt, transfer material, or release hazardous emissions when heated to 200° C (400° F) for 0.1 seconds.

Paper sizes and capacity

The paper cassette holds 500 sheets of 20-pound (75 g/m²) paper. The multipurpose tray can hold up to 150 sheets of standard U.S. letter paper, and other paper sizes from postcard up to U.S. legal. An optional 500-sheet feeder and cassette is





available. An envelope feeder that can automatically feed up to 50 envelopes is also available.

Standard 500-sheet cassette

Paper Type	Size
U.S. Letter (LEF)	8.5" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
U.S. Letter Small (LEF)	8.5" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
Statement (LEF)	8.48" x 5.48" (215.9 mm x 139.7 mm)
Executive (LEF)	10.5" x 7.25" (266.7 mm x 184.2 mm)
A4 (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
A4 Small (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
A5 (LEF)	5.84" x 8.26" (148 mm x 210 mm)
B5 (LEF)	7.17" x 10.12" (182 mm x 257 mm)

Multipurpose tray

Paper Type	Size
U.S. Letter (LEF)	8.5" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
U.S. Letter Small (LEF)	8.5" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
A4 (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
A4 Small (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
A5 (LEF)	5.84" x 8.26" (148 mm x 210 mm)
Executive (LEF)	10.5" x 7.25" (266.7 mm x 184.2 mm)





B5 (LEF)	7.17" x 10.12" (182 mm x 257 mm)
Statement (LEF)	8.48" x 5.48" (215.9 mm x 139.7 mm)
U.S. Legal (SEF)	8.5" x 14" (215.9 mm x 355.6 mm)
U.S. Legal Small (SEF)	8.5" x 14" (215.9 mm x 355.6 mm)
Tabloid (SEF)	11" x 17" (279.4 mm x 431.8 mm)
A3 (SEF)	11.69" x 16.54" (297 mm x 420.2 mm)
Large (SEF)	13" x 18" (330 mm x 457.2 mm)
Large (SEF)	13" x 18.5" (330 mm x 470 mm)
Large (SEF)	13" x 20" (330 mm x 508 mm)
COM10 (SEF)	4.125" x 9.5" (104.8 mm x 241.3 mm)
Monarch (SEF)	3.875" x 7.5" (98.4 mm x 190.5 mm)
DL (SEF)	4.33" x 8.66" (110 mm x 220 mm)
C5 (SEF)	6.38" x 9.02" (162 mm x 229 mm)
Hagaki Postcard (SEF)	3.94" x 5.83" (100 mm x 148 mm)

**Optional 500-sheet
A3 cassette**

Paper Type Size	
U.S. Letter (LEF)	8-1/2" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
U.S. Letter Small (LEF)	8-1/2" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
Statement (LEF)	8.48" x 5.48" (215.9 mm x 139.7 mm)
Executive (LEF)	10.5" x 7.25" (266.7 mm x 184.2 mm)





	A4 (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
	A4 Small (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
	A5 (LEF)	5.84" x 8.26" (148 mm x 210 mm)
	B5 (LEF)	7.17" x 10.12" (182 mm x 257 mm)
	U.S. Legal (SEF)	8.5" x 14" (215.9 mm x 355.6 mm)
	Tabloid (SEF)	11" x 17" (279.4 mm x 431.8 mm)
	A3 (SEF)	11.69" x 16.54" (297 mm x 420.2 mm)
	Large (SEF)	13" x 18" (330 mm x 457.2 mm)
	Large (SEF)	13" x 18.5" (330 mm x 470 mm)
Optional envelope sizes and weights	Envelope Weight	Size
	COM10 (SEF)	24 lb 4.125" x 9.5" (104.8 mm x 241.3 mm)
	Monarch (SEF)	24 lb 3.875" x 7.5" (98.4 mm x 190.5 mm)
	DL (SEF)	80 g/m ² 110 mm x 220 mm
	C5 (SEF)	90 g/m ² 162 mm x 229 mm
Optional duplex printing unit	Paper Type	Size
	U.S. Letter (LEF)	8.5" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
	U.S. Letter Small (LEF)	8.5" x 11" (215.9 mm x 279.4 mm)
	U.S. Legal (SEF)	8.5" x 14" (215.9 mm x 355.6 mm)





U.S. Legal Small (SEF)	8.5" x 14" (215.9 mm x 355.6 mm)
A4 (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
A4 Small (LEF)	8.27" x 11.69" (210 mm x 297 mm)
B5 (LEF)	7.17" x 10.12" (182 mm x 257 mm)
Ledger (SEF)	11" x 17" (279.4 mm x 431.8 mm)
A3 (SEF)	11.69" x 16.54" (297 mm x 420.2 mm)



Dimensions

Basic configuration (printer with A4 cassette)

Height: 16.2 in. (41.1 cm)

Width: 23.2 in. (58.9 cm)

Depth: 17.9 in. (45.5 cm)

Additional dimension when adding the duplexer

Height: 2.9 in. (7.4 cm)

Depth: 3.0 in. (7.6 cm)

Additional dimension when adding the sheet feeder and A3
universal cassette

Height: 5.2 in. (13.2 cm)

Depth: 5.9 in. (15.0 cm)

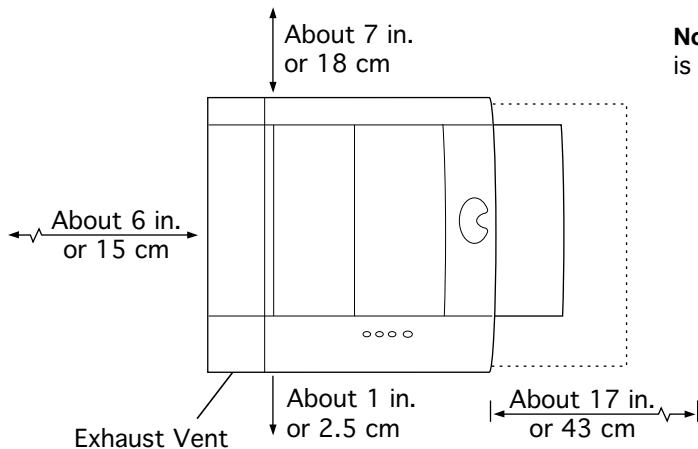
Additional dimension when adding the sheet feeder and letter/A4
universal cassette

Height: 5.2 in. (13.2 cm)





Space requirements



Note: Vertical clearance is about 14 in. or 36 cm

Weight

Approximately 30 lb. (14 kg)





Environmental

Operating

Temperature: 41° to 95° F (5° to 35° C)

Humidity: 15 to 85 percent relative humidity noncondensing

Altitude: 0 to 8200 feet (0 to 2500 meters)

Note: There is a varistor VR53 is in the upper left corner of the high-voltage power supply. Counter-clockwise adjustment of this varistor lowers the toner threshold and increases the maximum operating altitude.

Storage (toner cartridge)

Temperature: 32° to 95° F (0° to 35° C)

Humidity: 15 to 80 percent relative humidity noncondensing

Storage (printer)

Temperature: 32° to 95° F (0° to 35° C)

Humidity: 15 to 80 percent relative humidity noncondensing

About 13 in. or 32 cm



**Voltage requirements****U.S.**

90 to 132 VAC, 47 to 63 Hz

100 to 120 nominal voltage, 50 to 60 nominal Hz

Europe and Australia

198 to 264 VAC, 47 to 63 Hz

220 to 240 nominal voltage, 50 to 60 nominal Hz

Important: There are four parts in the printer that are voltage-specific: the power supply, the fuser assembly, the transport chute assembly, and the DC controller board. Refer to the Parts chapter for more information.

Power consumption**Energy-saving mode**

26 watts (W)

Standby average

100/120 volts (V), approximately 125 W

220/240 V, approximately 120 W





Operating average

110/120 V, approximately 390 W

220/240 V, approximately 370 W

Maximum power consumption

120 V, approximately 840 W, 6.3 amperes (A)

240 V, approximately 860 W, 3.2 A



Finished Goods Part Numbers

Item	Part Number
Apple Ethernet Thin Coax Transceiver	M0329Z/B
Apple Ethernet Twisted-Pair Transceiver	M0437Z/B
Apple Ethernet AUI Adapter	M0432LL/A
LaserWriter 8500 High Capacity Toner Cartridge	M5893G/A
LaserWriter 8500 500-Sheet Feeder and Cassette	M5895G/A
LaserWriter 8500 500-Sheet A3 Feeder and Cassette	M5894G/A
LaserWriter 8500 Envelope Cassette	M5897G/A
LaserWriter 8500 Duplex Printing Unit	M5896G/A





Troubleshooting

LaserWriter 8500





About the Status Panel

The LaserWriter 8500 has a status panel that consists of four LEDs. The status reported through the LEDs is generated by the I/O controller board based upon signals that the board receives from the printer sensing system and other engine monitoring mechanisms. There are two types of reporting.

		Paper Jam
		Paper Out
		Toner
		Ready

- End-user reporting consists of LED arrays that can be observed by end users without need of special tools. This type of reporting can be broken down into POST and PostScript reporting (see following topics).
- Service technician reporting consists of LED arrays that can only be observed through the use of a special tool. This reporting is also referred to as EPOST (see topic later in this chapter). Whereas end-user reporting can help you in troubleshooting over the phone, EPOST requires that you be at the printer location.





POST (Power-On Self Test)

When you switch on power, all the status panel LEDs illuminate briefly. This confirms that power is getting to the status panel and that all LEDs are operational. All LEDs then extinguish and come back on. This marks the start of POST.

POST is a set of diagnostic procedures that are written into firmware on the I/O controller board. POST executes in the first 10 seconds of startup and checks the following three areas of the printer in order:

- Stage 1 I/O controller (ROM & SIMMs)
- Stage 2 I/O controller (miscellaneous circuitry)
- Stage 3 D/C controller board





Stage Failure/POST

POST extinguishes the LEDs from front to back as each test stage passes. (The Ready LED is considered here to be the front LED). In a functional printer, the testing process takes about 40 seconds, after which control passes to PostScript code in ROM and the normal warmup continues (see “PostScript Reporting” in this chapter).

However, if POST detects a fault during any stage, the status panel enters an error state and flashes the paper-out and paper-jam LEDs forever. Making note of the stage from which this error array first appears can help you choose the modules to bring on a service call.

For example, suppose failure occurs during stage two (only the Ready LED had extinguished before the error array appears). This indicates an I/O board failure, so a replacement board should definitely accompany you on site.





PostScript Reporting

PostScript reporting starts as soon as POST is completed. Most of the time, PostScript will report according to the literal designation of the LED. (For example, the paper-out LED illuminates when the paper cassette is empty). However, there are some instances where closer observation is critical in interpreting the status panel.

- Solid ready light: In some cases, the ready light will illuminate for as long as 15 seconds before a PostScript fault is reported. Make sure to wait this extra time for PostScript to execute before shutting down to perform further troubleshooting.
- Behavior before PostScript error: As with stage-reporting during POST, it is sometimes necessary to note what occurs **before** the error array first appears. The chart on the following page notes where this is important.





End-User Error Codes

Array	Description	Explanation
	Ready LED on	Printer is ready (after approx. 50 seconds).
	Ready LED flashes	Printer is warming up or processing a job ¹ .
	Ready LED flashes 2 shades of green	Point-of-sale (POS) mode ² .
	Paper-Out and Paper-Jam LEDs flash alternately	An error has been detected in POST. Observation of LED behavior prior to this array can isolate the fault to one of three general areas (see "POST").
	All LEDs off	The top cover or fuser access cover is open.
	Paper-Out LED illuminates solidly	No paper or cassette is not installed.
	Paper-Out LED flashes	Printer is ready for sheet of manual-feed paper.
	Paper-Jam LED illuminates solidly	Paper is jammed in printer.
	Toner LED illuminates solidly	Toner level is getting low.
	Toner LED flashes	Toner cartridge is not installed.

¹ If the Ready LED flashes forever, turn off the printer, disconnect it from the network, and restart the printer. If the flashing does not recur, the problem is most likely with networking or host computer software.

² The POS mode can be initiated through the Printer Utility or by pressing and holding the Ready LED during printer startup (see "Overview").





EPOST (Extended Power-On Self Test)

EPOST behaves exactly like POST in that it checks the same three areas in the same order and displays an error array if a fault is detected. However, EPOST has more extensive testing and its error arrays are completely different. When a fault is detected during EPOST, all LEDs extinguish and the status panel will loop through the following sequence until you switch off power:

- **All LEDs On** for approximately one second
- **All LEDs Off** for approximately one second
- **EPOST Error Code** for approximately one second
- **All LEDs Off** for approximately two seconds, then repeat loop







If no error is detected by EPOST, an EPOST test page will print before control is passed on to the PostScript interpreter.





























EPOST Error Codes









All LEDs on for a second, then off for a second, followed by a one-second display of...









  8V
  ...Slow Blinking Jam LED
  = I/O Controller Board Error
 









  8V
  ...Fast Blinking Jam LED
  = Fuser Error
 









  8V
  ...Slow Blinking Out LED
  = ROM Error
 


  8V
  ...Fast Blinking Out LED
  = Laser/Scanner Error
 









  8V
  ...Slow Blinking Jam & Out LEDs
  = General SIMM Error
 









  8V
  ...Fast Blinking Jam & Out LEDs
  = Fan Error
 







  8V
  ...Slow Blinking Toner LED
  = General Memory Error
 









  8V
  ...Fast Blinking Toner LED
  = Miscellaneous Engine Error*
 

  8V
  ...Slow Blinking Toner & Jam LEDs
  = SCSI Disk Error
 

  8V
  ...Fast Blinking Toner & Jam LEDs
  = Duplexer Error
 

  8V
  ...Slow Blinking Toner & Out LEDs
  = DC Controller Board Error
 

  8V
  ...Fast Blinking Toner & Out LEDs
  = Toner Cartridge Missing
 

  8V
  ...Top Three LEDs Blinking Fast
  = Toner Cartridge Empty
 

* Miscellaneous engine error includes paper jams, cover open, missing paper cassette, no paper, or duplexer open.

Note: Always check for paper jams when a miscellaneous engine error occurs. Many times paper is picked up to do a test print and an error occurs. When you restart, the test will detect the paper jam first if the jam has not been removed.





Initiating EPOST

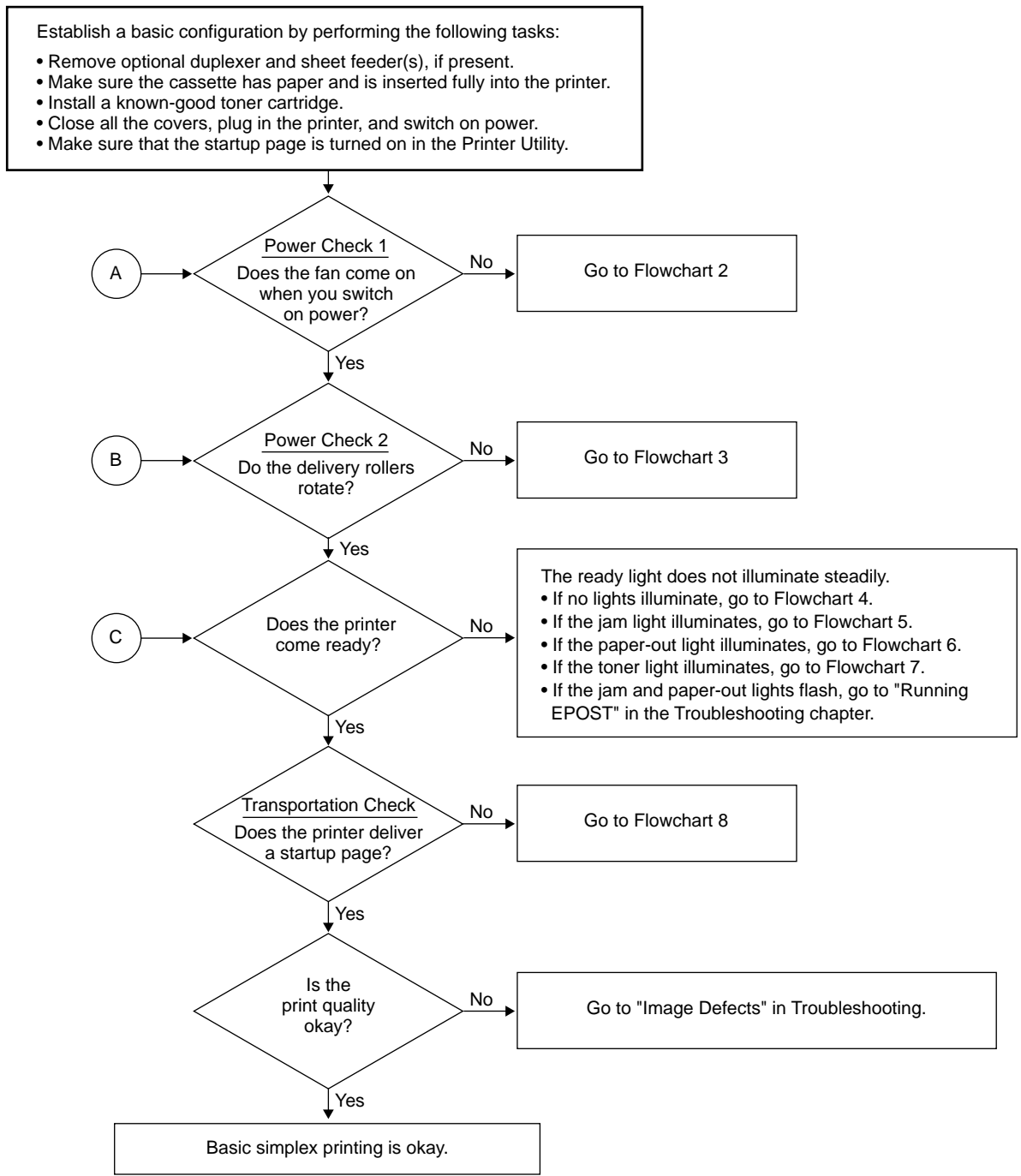
To initiate EPOST, you must have the printer loopback test plug (P/N 922-1489). This test plug is colored bright green to differentiate it from an older version black plug. Do not use the black plug on the LaserWriter 8500. It won't harm anything; it just won't work.

Switch off the printer and install the test plug into the LocalTalk port on the back of the I/O controller board. Switch the printer back on.



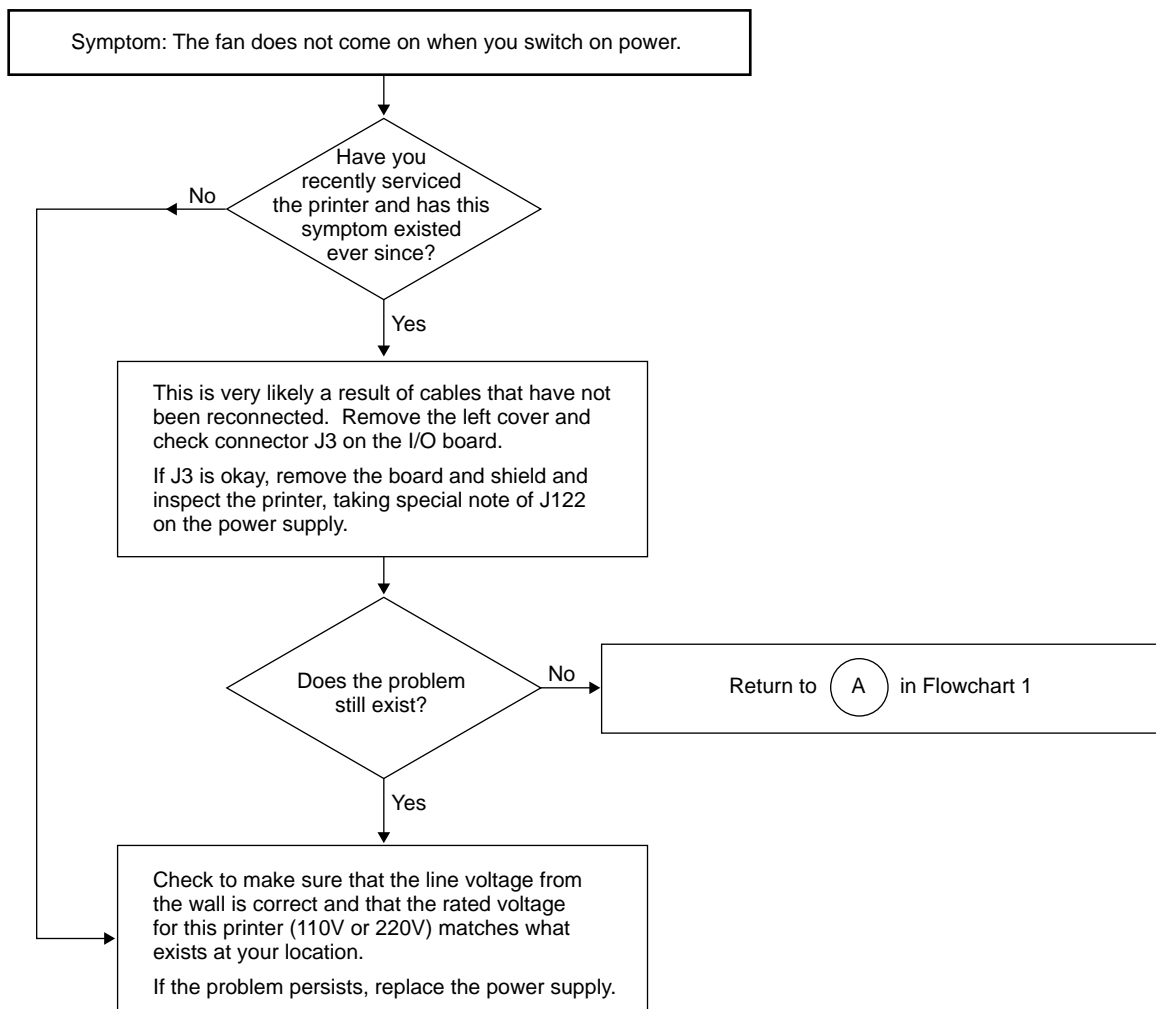


Flowchart 1: Starting Point



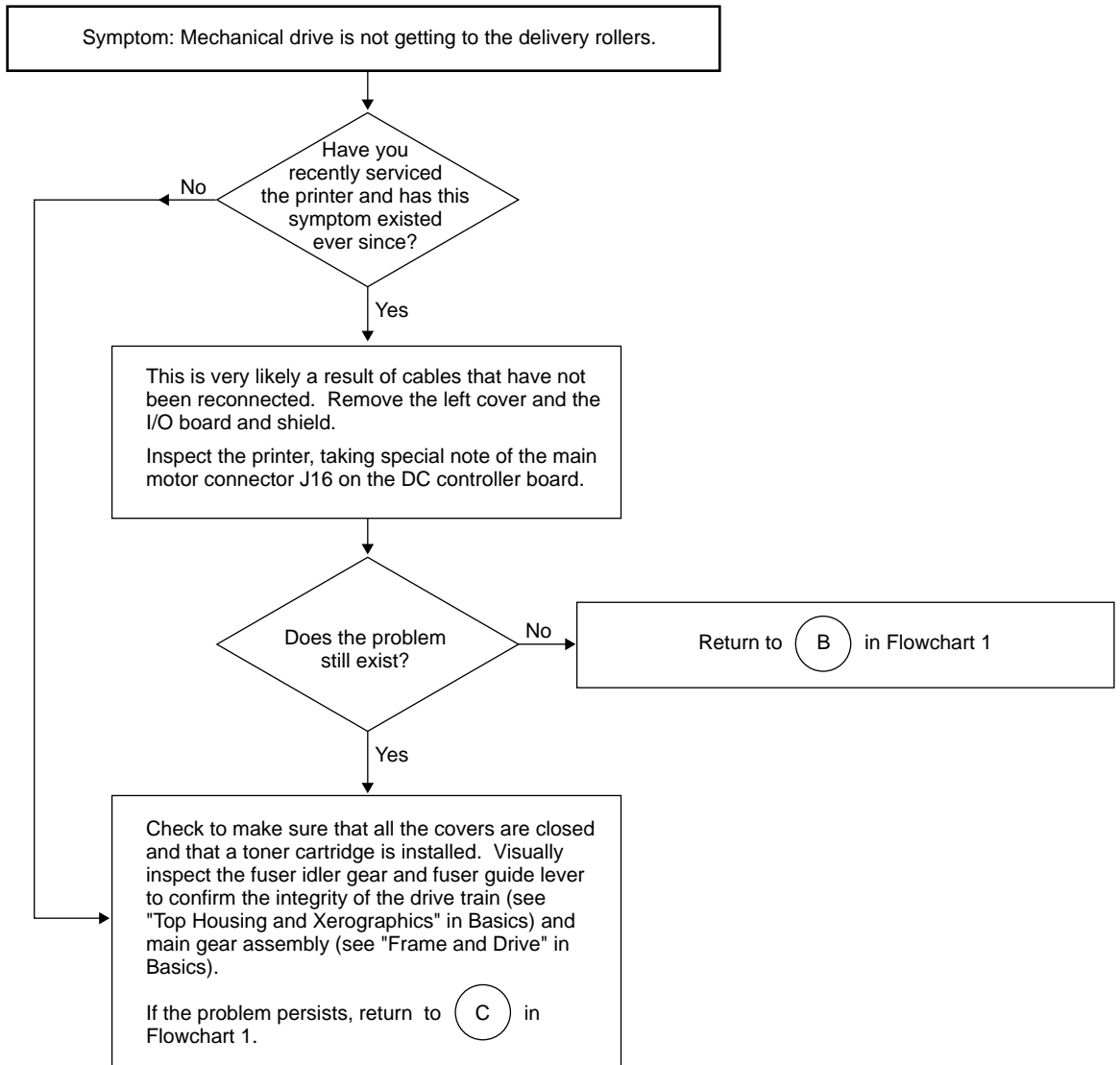


Flowchart 2



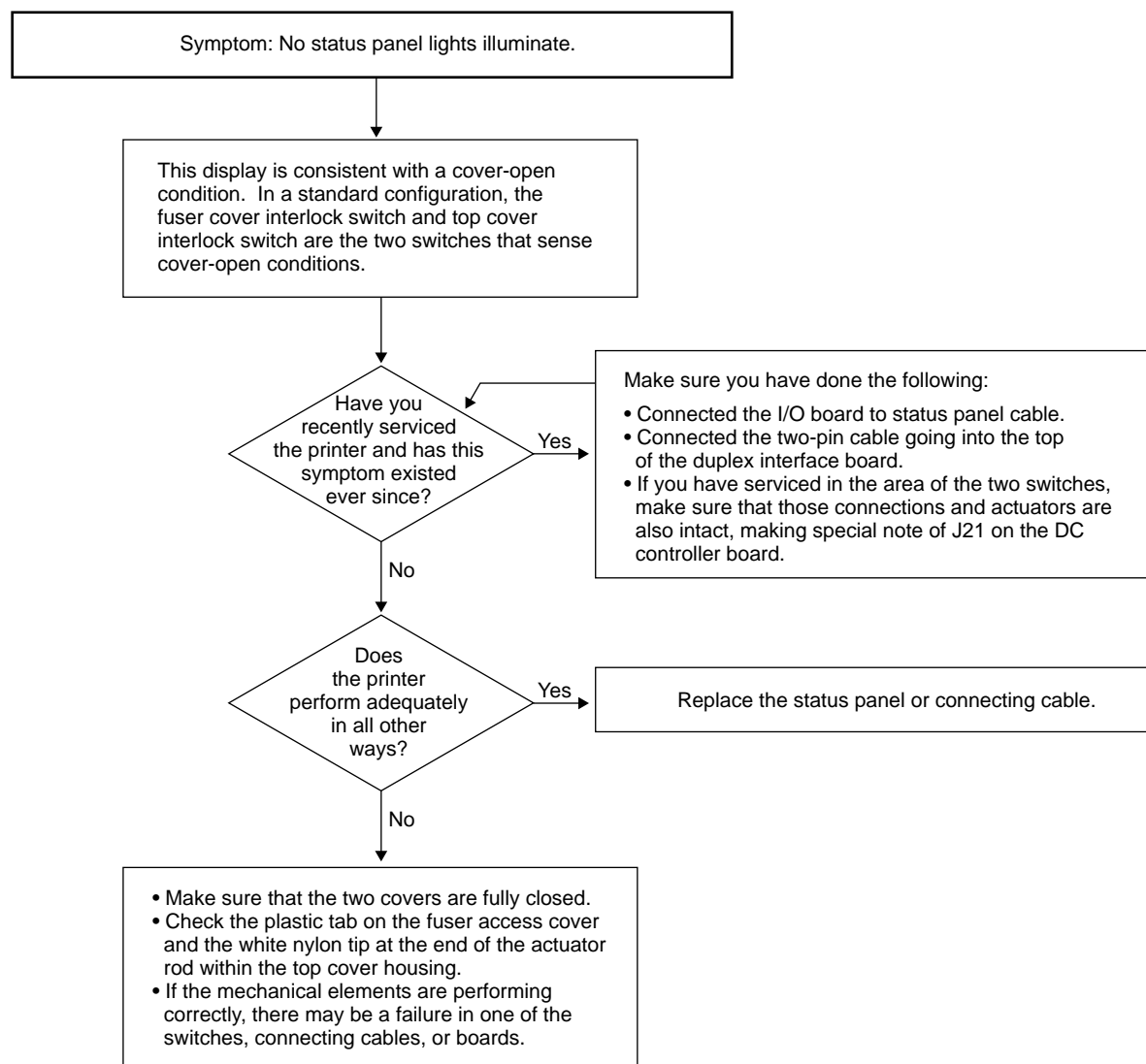


Flowchart 3



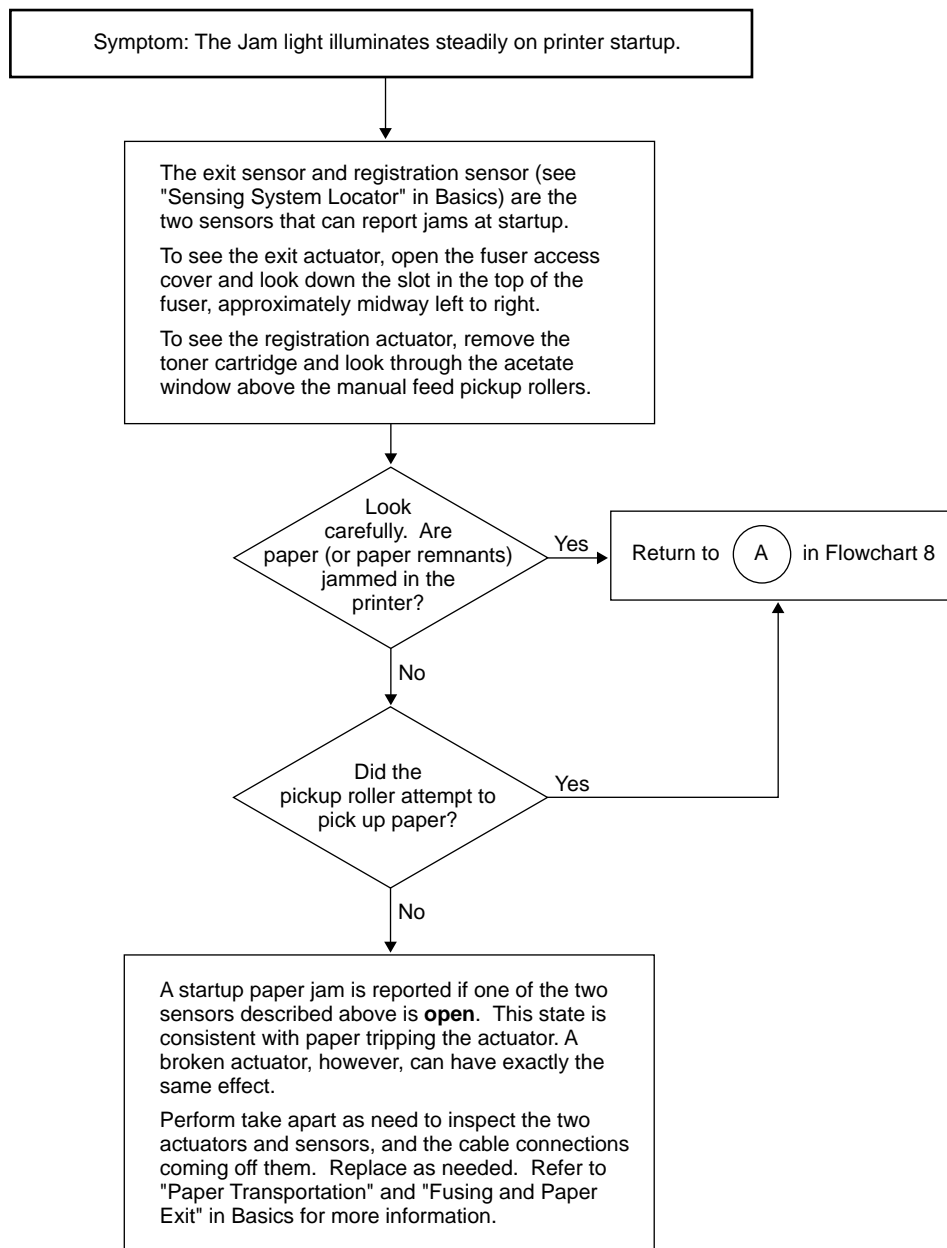


Flowchart 4



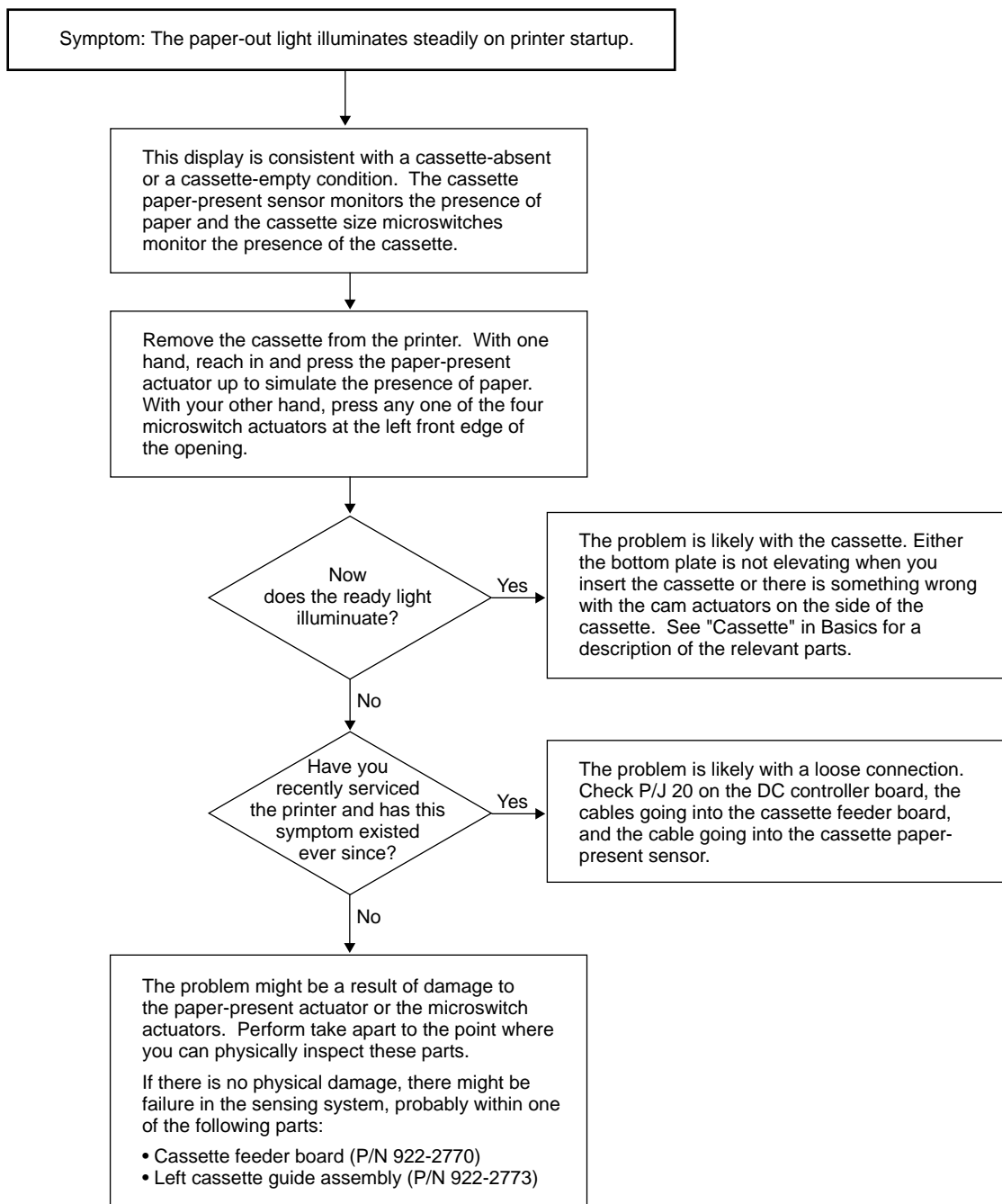


Flowchart 5



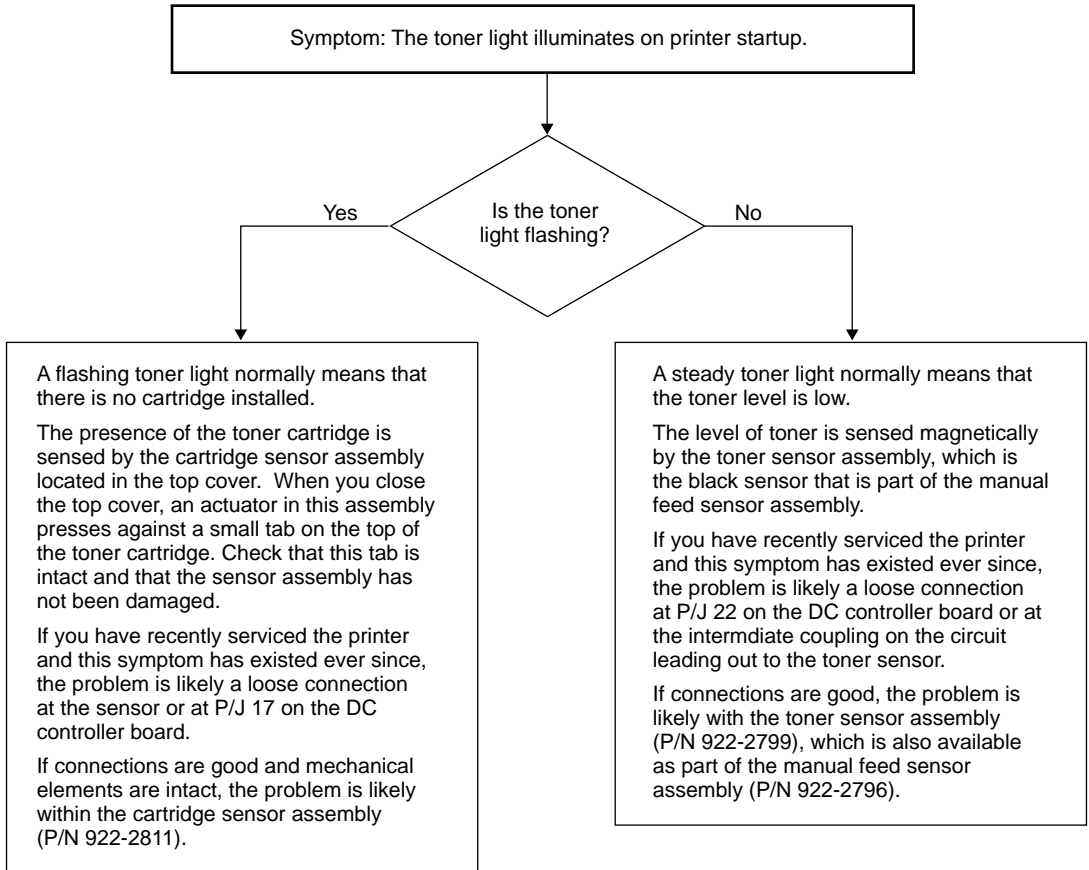


Flowchart 6





Flowchart 7





Flowchart 8

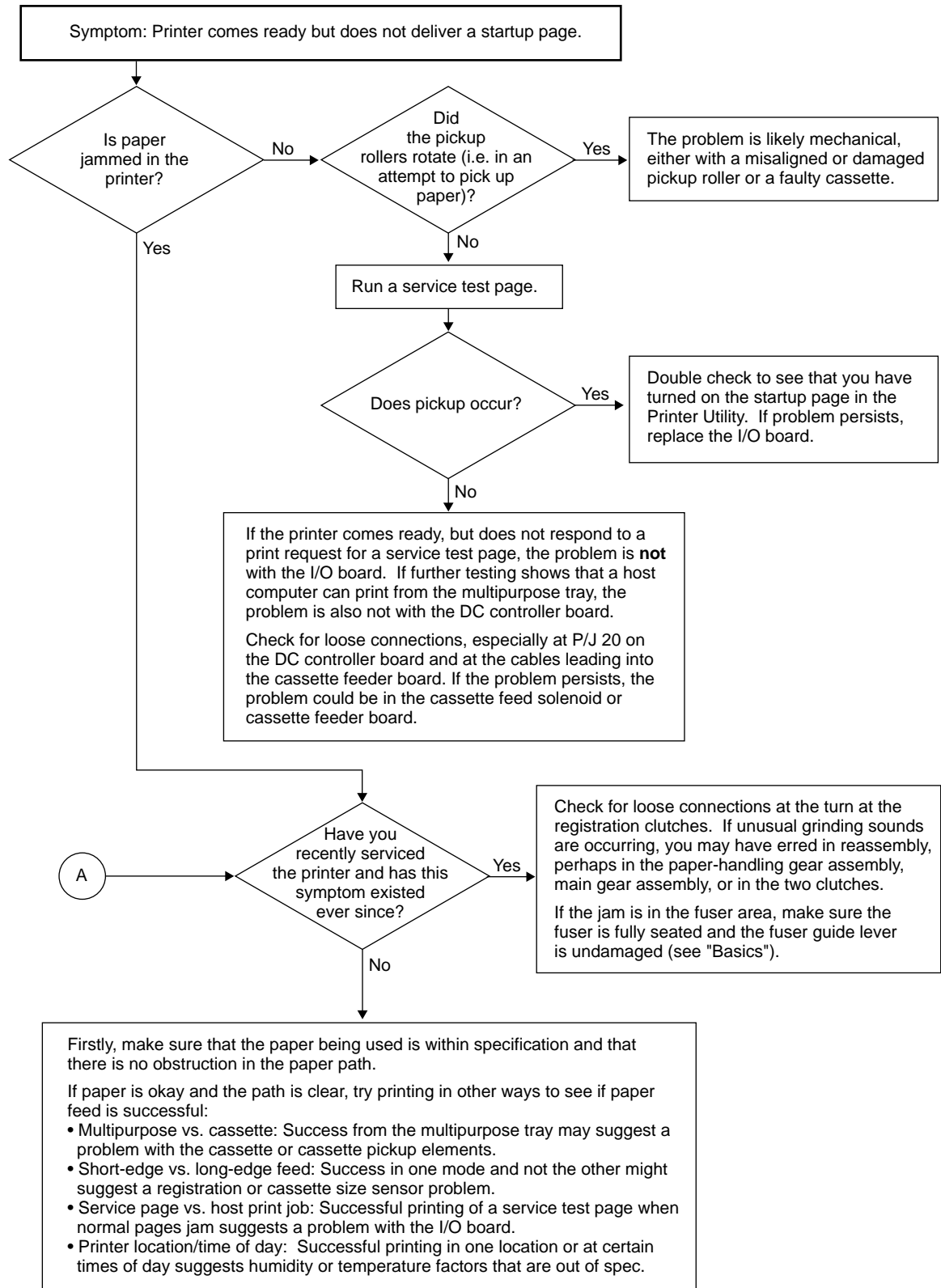
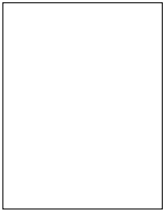




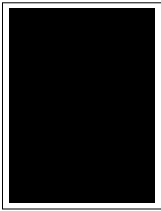
Image Defects

The following graphic shows examples of image quality defects. Refer to the appropriate troubleshooting table to get an idea of the possible root causes of the problem.

Note: Before troubleshooting image defects, always try a known-good toner cartridge. These tables assume that you have confirmed that the toner cartridge is good.



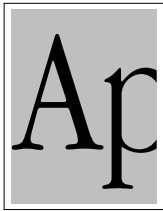
1
All-Blank Page



2
All-Black Page



3
Light/Faded Image

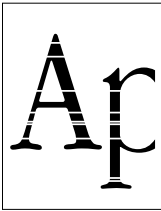


4
Dark Image/
Background



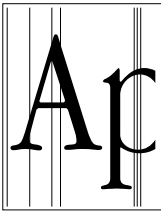
Feed Direction

5
Black Vert. Lines
(with Feed)



Feed Direction

6
White Vert. Lines
(with Feed)



Feed Direction

7
Black Horiz. Lines
(Against Feed)



8
Skewing



9
Bad Fusing

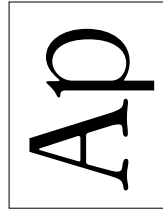


10
Blank Sports

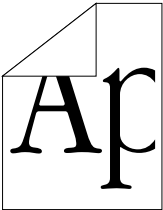


Feed Direction

11
Repetitive Defects



12
Wrong Orientation



13
No Duplexing





1 All Blank Page



This condition suggests that the laser beam is not striking the photosensitive drum.

Check for physical obstructions, especially sealing tape that has not been removed from the cartridge or something else just outside the laser/scanner assembly.

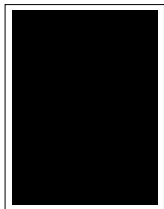
If this condition occurs only with a certain print job, make sure that some user-defined parameter such as magnification is not unintentionally placing the entire image off the area of the page.

If the problem persists, run the EPOST diagnostic.





2 All Black Page



This condition is the result of a uniform charge on the photosensitive drum at the point where toner development takes places.

This charge can either be by design (for example, a black mask within an Illustrator document that is visible only in preview mode), or because of a failure in the charging or exposure system.

First run the EPOST diagnostic. If EPOST is inconclusive, run a service test page. If the symptom disappears, the problem is likely with the I/O board. If the symptom persists, the problem is **not** with the I/O board.

If the procedures above do not solve the problem, replace the high-voltage power supply.



3 Light/Faded Image



This condition is usually the result of inadequate charge to the imaging components.

First confirm that known-good paper is being used and the density values have not been set incorrectly (see “Density Adjustment” in the Overview chapter for the two methods of density adjustment.)

If you have recently serviced the printer and this symptom has existed ever since, the problem is almost certainly a loose connection. Carefully inspect all connections, especially connector TR going into the bottom of the high-voltage power supply (see “High-Voltage Power Supply” in Take Apart for correct orientation of the connector).

Other root causes for this symptom are faulty transfer roller or high-voltage power supply.





4 Dark Image/Background

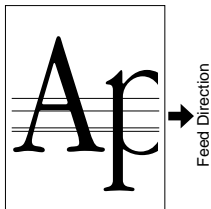


This condition is consistent with an overly high charge being imparted to the imaging components or improper grounding of the transport chute or fuser assemblies.

Confirm that known-good paper is being used and the density values have not been set incorrectly (see “Density Adjustment” in the Overview chapter for the two methods of density adjustment.)



5 Black Vertical Lines

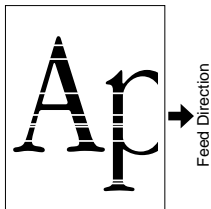


Run a service test page. If the symptom disappears, the problem is likely with the I/O board. If the symptom persists, the problem is **not** with the I/O board.

If the symptom persists, the problem is likely with the fuser assembly or laser/scanner assembly.



6 White Vertical Lines

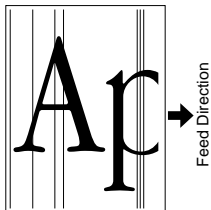


This condition is consistent with an obstructed laser beam. Check to see if there is a hair or some other obstruction that could be blocking the laser beam.

Run a service test page. If the symptom disappears, the problem is likely with the I/O board. If the symptom persists, the problem is **not** with the I/O board, but probably with the laser/scanner assembly.



7 Black Horizontal Lines



Run a service test page. If the symptom disappears, the problem is likely with the I/O board. If the symptom persists, the problem is **not** with the I/O board, but probably with the laser/scanner assembly.



8 Skewing



Print from the multipurpose tray. If the symptom disappears, the problem is likely with the cassette. Remove the bottom cover of the cassette and inspect the small white pinion gear that engages the two toothed width racks. Replace the pinion gear if it is damaged.

If skewing occurs from both paper sources, check that the paper is within specification.



9 Bad Fusing



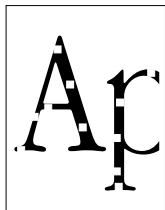
Run the EPOST diagnostic. If EPOST is inconclusive, check all connections going into the fuser assembly.

If connections are okay, the problem is likely with the fuser assembly or power supply.



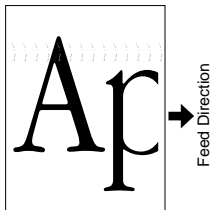
10 Blank Spots

Make sure that the paper and environmental conditions are within specifications.





11 Repetitive Defects



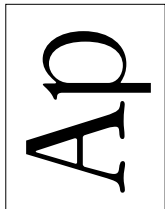
Repetitive defects along the direction of the paper path is almost always a result of dirty rollers.

Interrupt a print cycle midway, and inspect the paper and drum. If the symptom is present, the problem is before the toner cartridge, probably in the registration, feed, or pickup rollers. If the symptom is not present, the problem is within the fuser assembly.





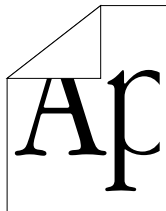
12 Wrong Orientation



The cassette automatically senses paper orientation. The multipurpose tray does not. If you want to print short-edge feed (SEF) from the multipurpose tray, adjust the default setting in the printer utility.



13 No Duplexing



If you have an optional duplexer installed, but pages are all printed one-sided, first make sure that you have the correct printer driver installed and that you have selected two-sided printing.

Refer to “RAM Memory” in the Overview chapter. Printing in duplex mode requires a RAM upgrade, depending on paper size and PhotoGrade support. With insufficient RAM, the pages will be automatically be printed in simplex mode.



Take Apart

LaserWriter 8500



General

Before you begin, perform the following procedures:

- Switch off power and unplug the printer
- Remove duplexer and/or sheet feeder (if applicable)
- Remove cassette
- Remove toner cartridge

Before working on any printed circuit board, ground yourself and your equipment to an earth or building ground. Use a grounded conductive workbench mat and grounding wriststrap, and ground your equipment to the mat.





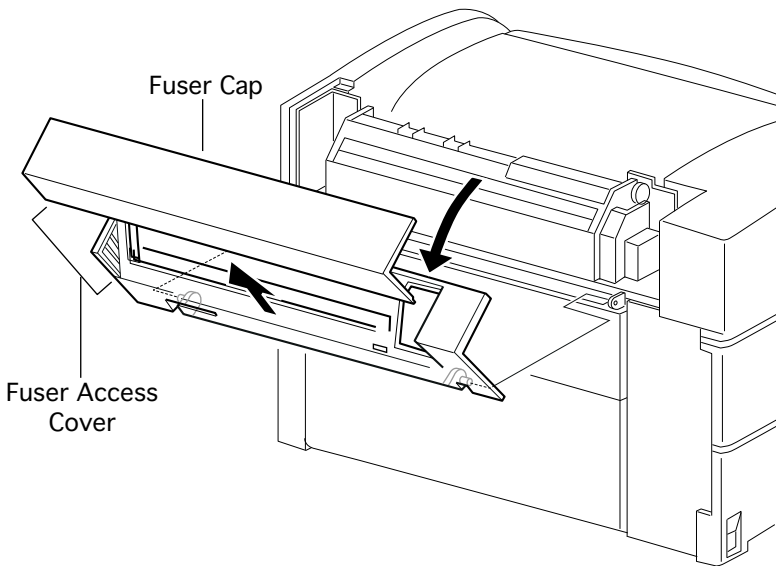
Fuser Access Cover



Fuser Access Cover

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.





- 1 Open the fuser access cover and shift it leftward to release its right hinge.
- 2 Free the left hinge and remove the fuser access cover from the printer.

Note: The fuser cap is the part that you remove before installing a duplexer. The cap is a part of the fuser access cover (P/N 922-2757).





● = Location of Detent

Left Top Cover

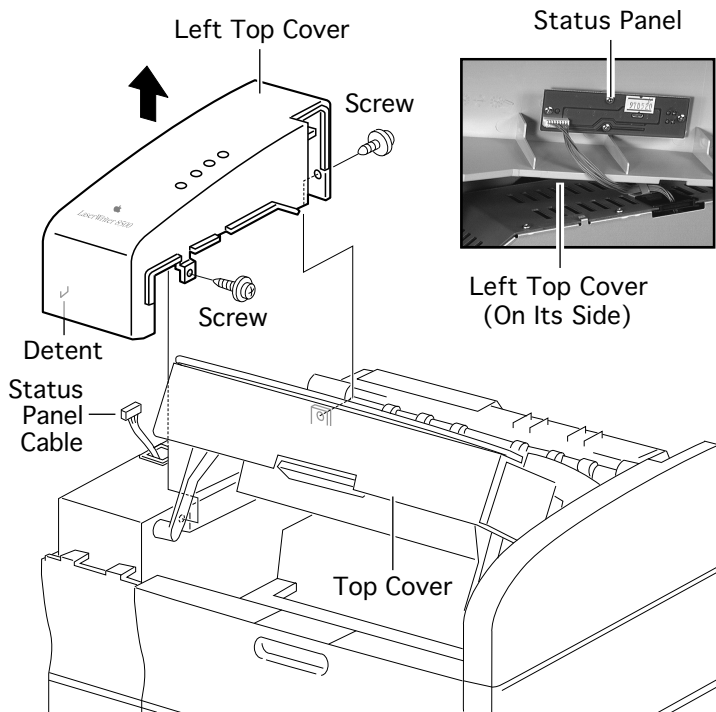


Left Top Cover

Before you begin, remove the fuser access cover.

Note: The left top cover is held to the printer by two screws, a detent (on the cover's bottom edge, near where the three covers abut one another), and the status panel cable.





- 1 Open the manual feed tray and the top cover.
- 2 Remove the two screws securing the left top cover to the printer frame (one along the rear and one inside the manual feed compartment).
- 3 Pull out slightly on the left top cover to release the detent and rest the cover on its side atop the chassis.
- 4 Disconnect the status panel cable and remove the cover.

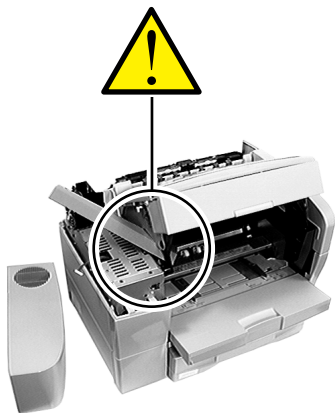




Note: The status panel is not part of the left top cover, but is available separately as P/N 922-2767.

Caution: With the left or right top covers removed, fingers are no longer fully protected from the closure of the top cover. Whenever possible, keep the top cover closed.

If you must work with the top cover open, however, first make sure that it is all the way up in the latched position. In addition, place a temporary support (a piece of folded cardboard, cloth, newspaper, etc.) in the space beneath the side flange of the top cover.



Temporary Support
For Top Cover



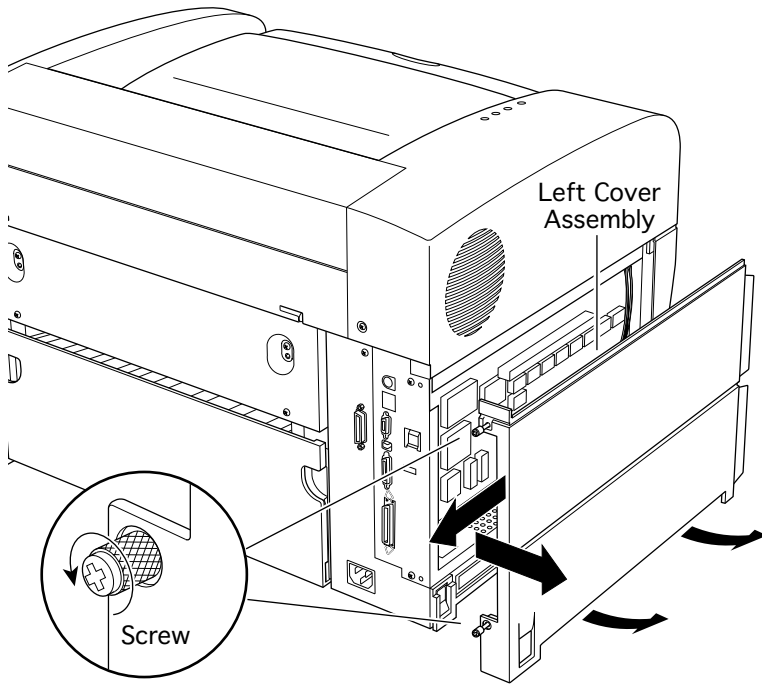
Left Cover
Assembly



Left Cover Assembly

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.





- 1 Loosen the two knurled captive screws securing the left cover assembly.
- 2 Slide the cover to the left to free its front edge and remove the cover from the printer.





Front Left Cover

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly

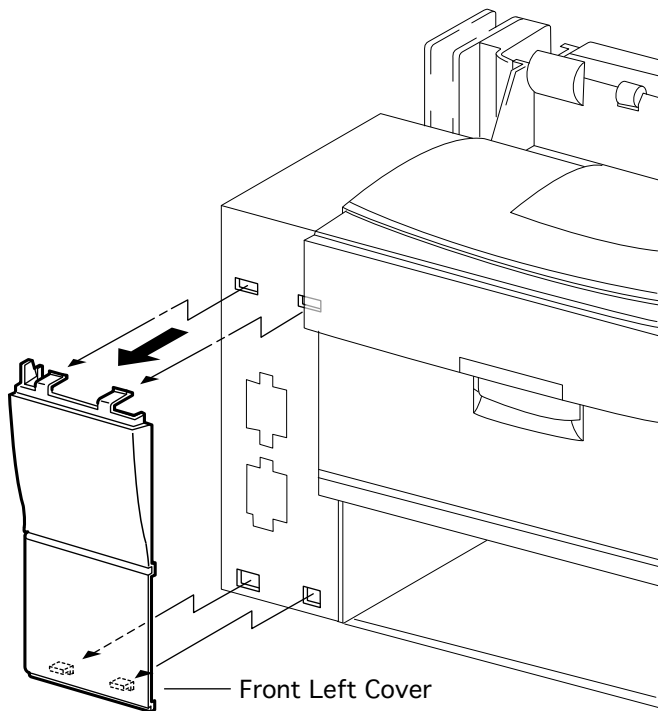


Front Left Cover





- 1 Release the two tabs at the top of the front left cover and remove the cover from the printer frame.





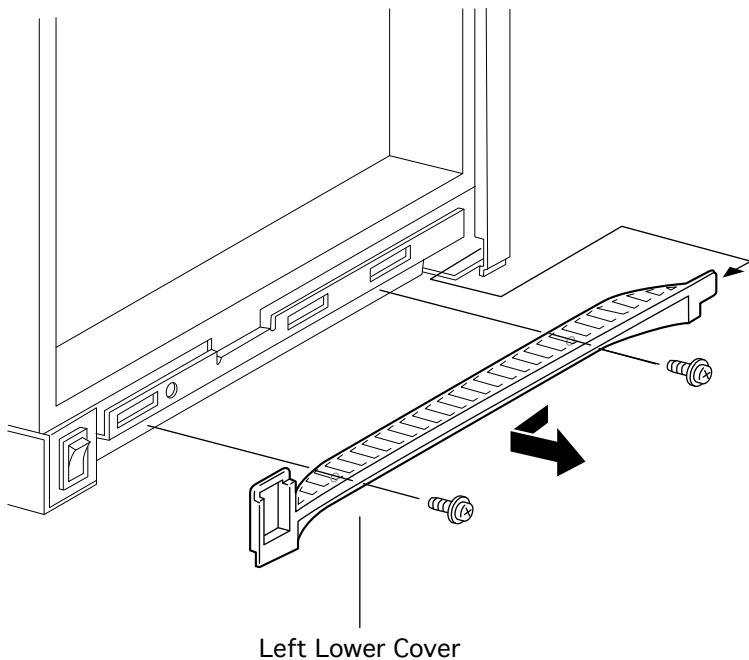
Left Lower Cover

Before you begin, remove the left cover assembly.





- 1 Remove the two screws securing the left lower cover and remove the cover from the printer frame.





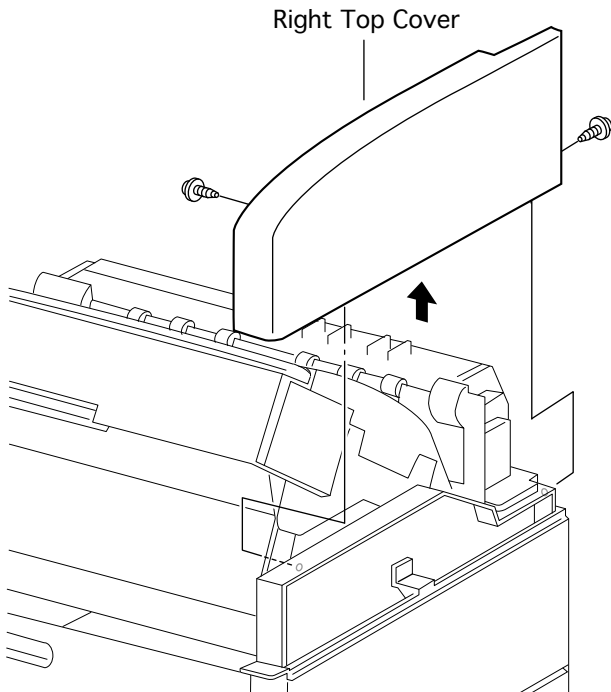
Right Top Cover

Before you begin, remove the fuser access cover.



Right Top Cover





- 1 Open the manual feed tray and the top cover.
- 2 Remove the two screws securing the right top cover to the printer frame (one along the rear and one inside the manual feed compartment).
- 3 Lift the cover straight up and off the printer.





Temporary Support
For Top Cover

Caution: With the left or right top covers removed, fingers are no longer fully protected from the closure of the top cover. Whenever possible, keep the top cover closed.

If you must work with the top cover open, however, first make sure that it is all the way up in the latched position. In addition, place a temporary support (a piece of folded cardboard, cloth, newspaper, etc.) in the space beneath the side flange of the top cover.



Right Cover

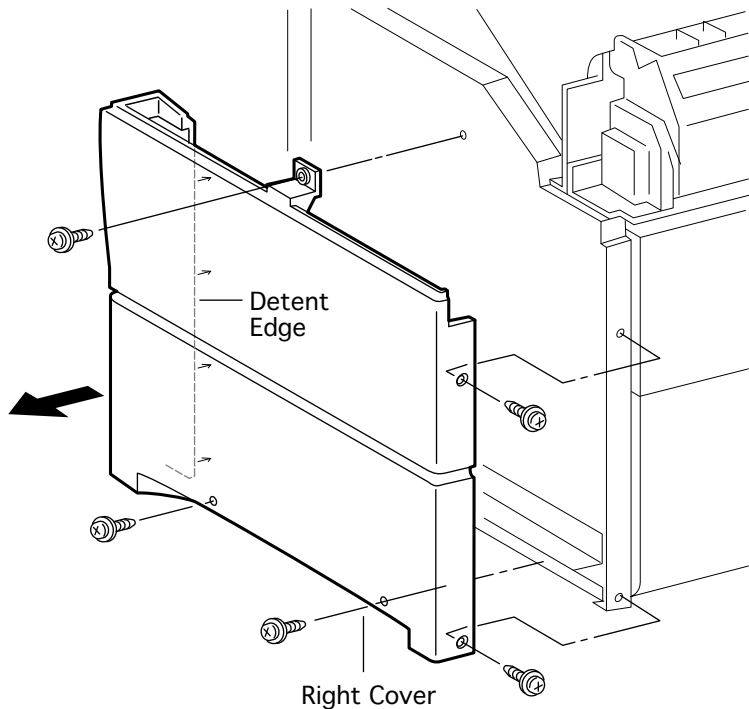
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Right top cover



Right Cover





- 1 Remove the five screws that secure the right cover to the printer (two at the bottom, two along the rear edge, and one at the top).
- 2 Release the detent edge of the cover (where the cover wraps around to meet the cassette guide) and remove the right cover from the printer.

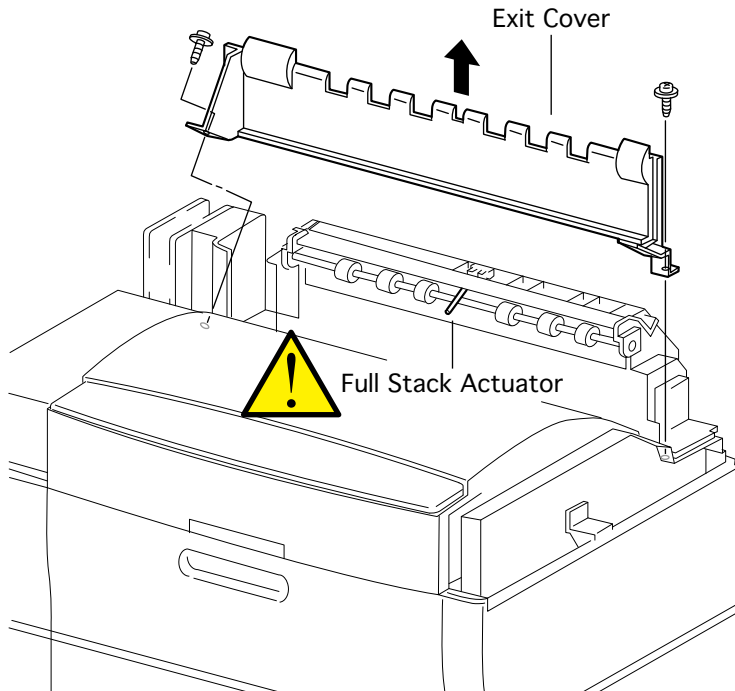


Exit Cover

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover





- 1 Close the top cover.
- 2 Remove the two screws securing the exit cover (one low at the right and one angled at the left).

Caution: In the following step, make sure to hold the full-stack actuator clear while you remove the cover. The actuator is exposed and very susceptible to damage.

- 3 Tilt the exit cover forward to clear the actuator and lift the cover from the printer.





Top Cover

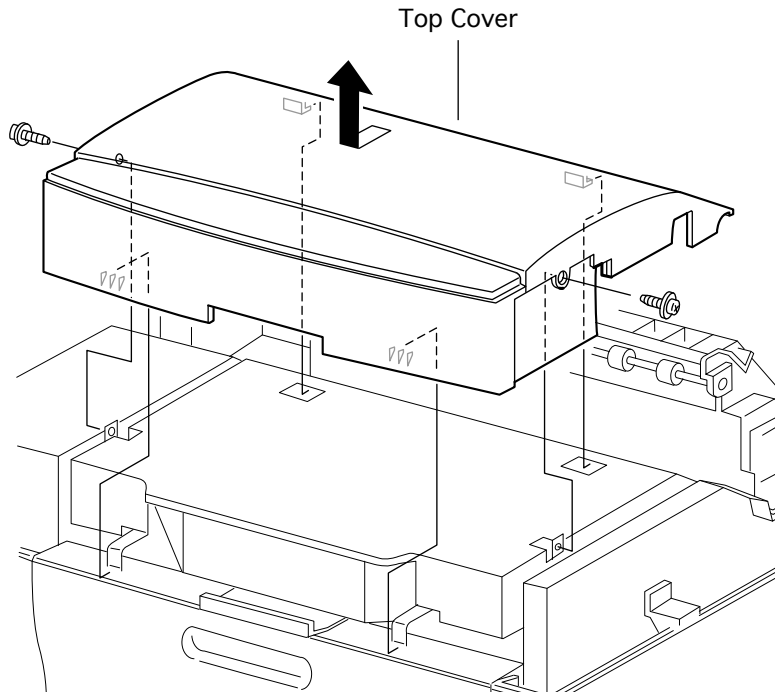
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Exit cover

- 1 Open the top cover housing.

Caution: Make sure you have placed a temporary support underneath the top cover as described in the left top cover and right top cover topics.





- 2 Remove the two screws securing the top cover to the housing (one on the left and one on the right outer face of the cover).
- 3 Remove the temporary support and close the top cover.
- 4 Slide cover slightly forward and remove the cover from the frame.





Front Cover

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover

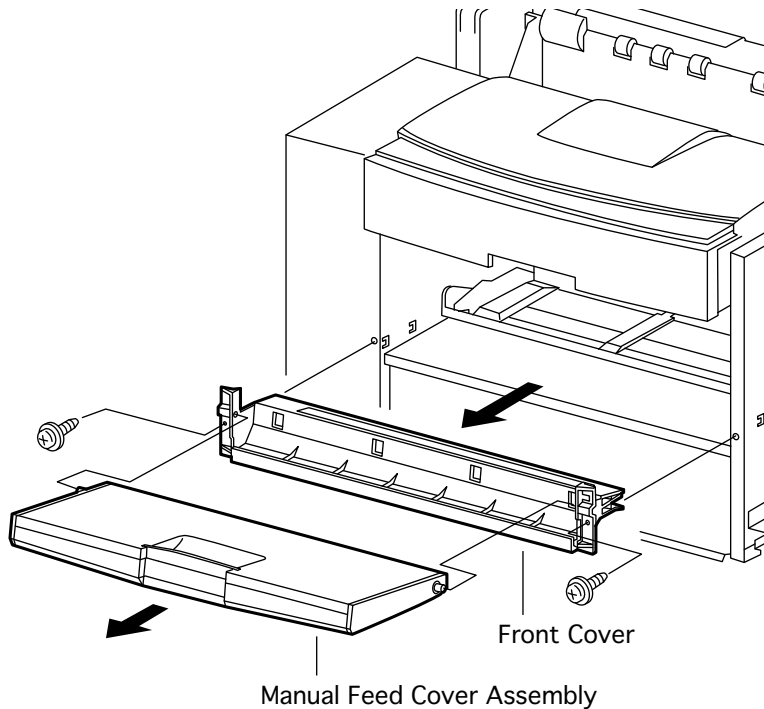
Note: The manual feed cover assembly and the front cover come off together.



Manual Feed
Cover Assembly

Front Cover



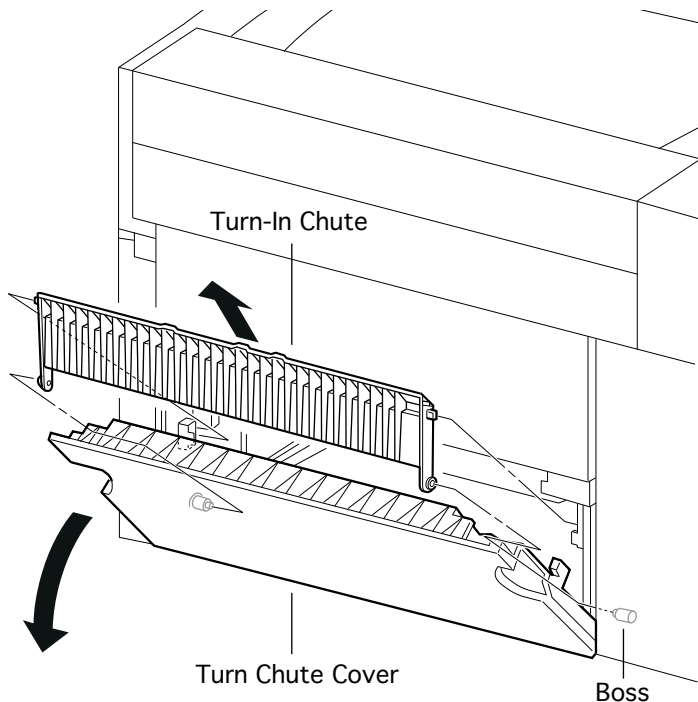


- 1 Remove the two screws securing the front cover to the chassis.
- 2 Lift out the manual feed cover assembly together with the front cover.

Note: Perform step 3 only if you are replacing a damaged front cover or manual feed cover.

- 3 Flex one arm of the front cover to release the hinge and separate the front cover from the manual feed cover.





Turn-In Chute

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.

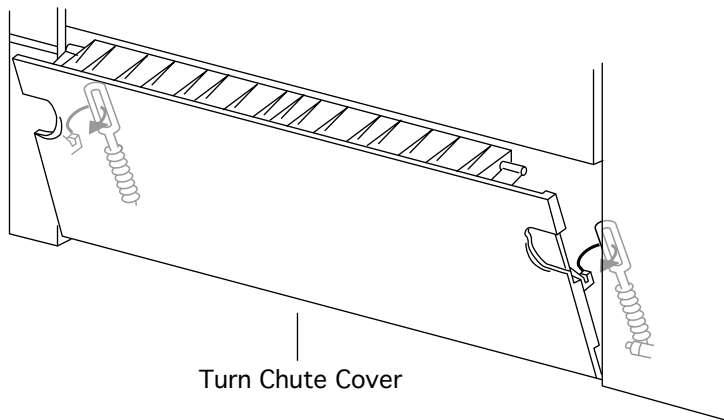
- 1 Hold open the turn chute cover.
- 2 Flex the left side arm of the turn-in chute and remove its hinge hole from the boss on the left cassette guide assembly.
- 3 Remove the turn-in chute from the cassette guide.





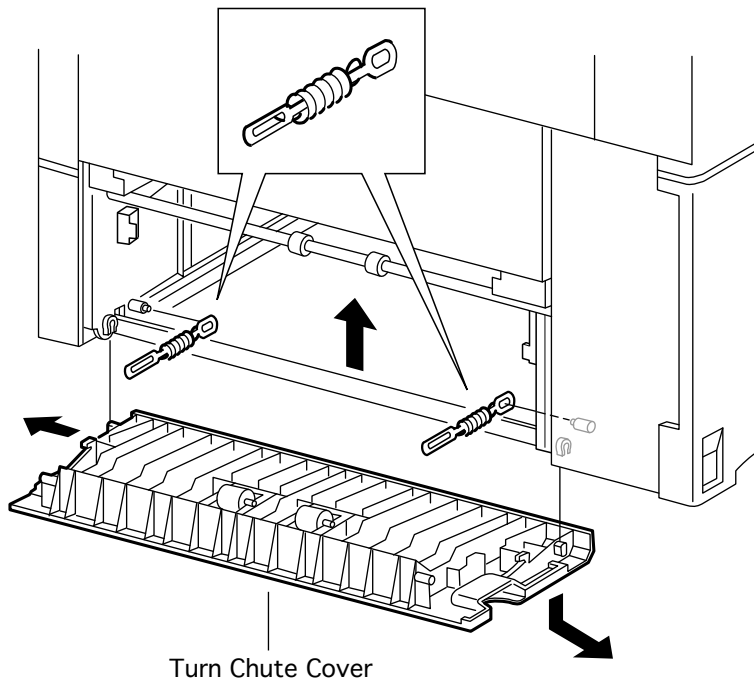
Turn Chute Cover

Before you begin, remove the turn-in chute.



- 1 Hold the turn chute cover half open.
- 2 Using needle-nosed pliers, remove the two turn chute springs that are installed between the turn chute cover and the left and right cassette guide assemblies.
- 3 Hold the turn chute cover completely open and slide to the left.





- 4 Lift the rear of the printer and pull down the right side of the turn chute cover.
- 5 Slide the turn chute cover to the right and remove it from the printer.



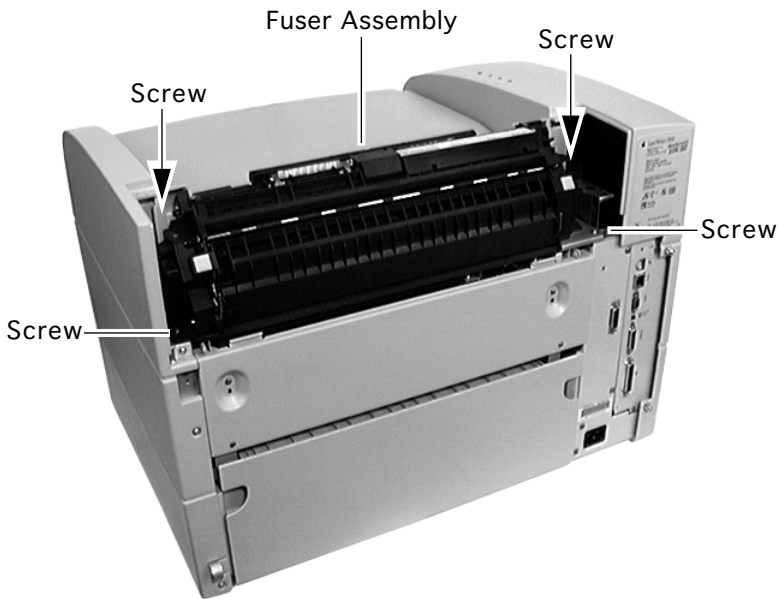


Fuser Assembly

Before you begin, remove the fuser access cover.

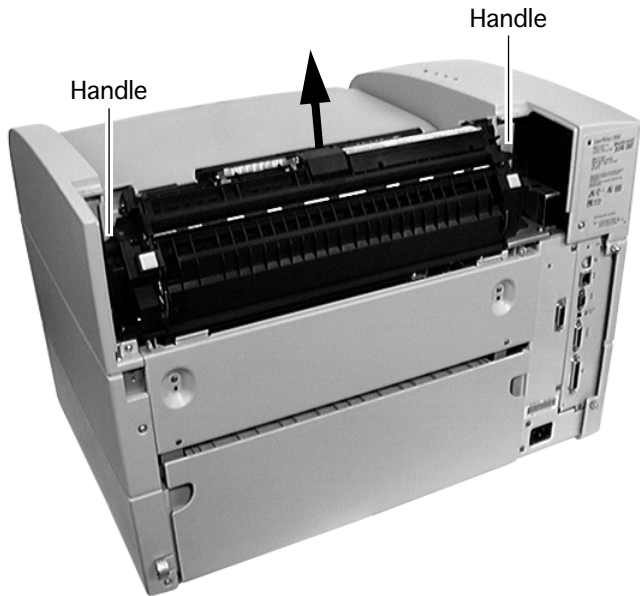
Caution: Let the fuser assembly cool before performing this procedure.

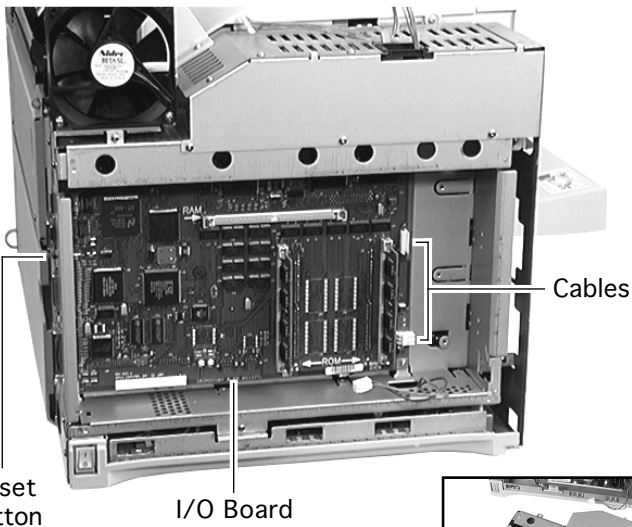
- 1 Loosen the four captive screws securing the fuser assembly to the printer.



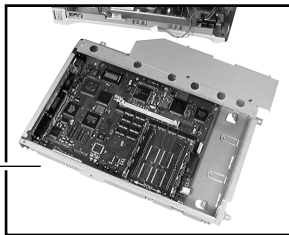


- 2 Grip the fuser assembly by the two small handles at each end and lift the fuser from the printer.





I/O Board with Shield



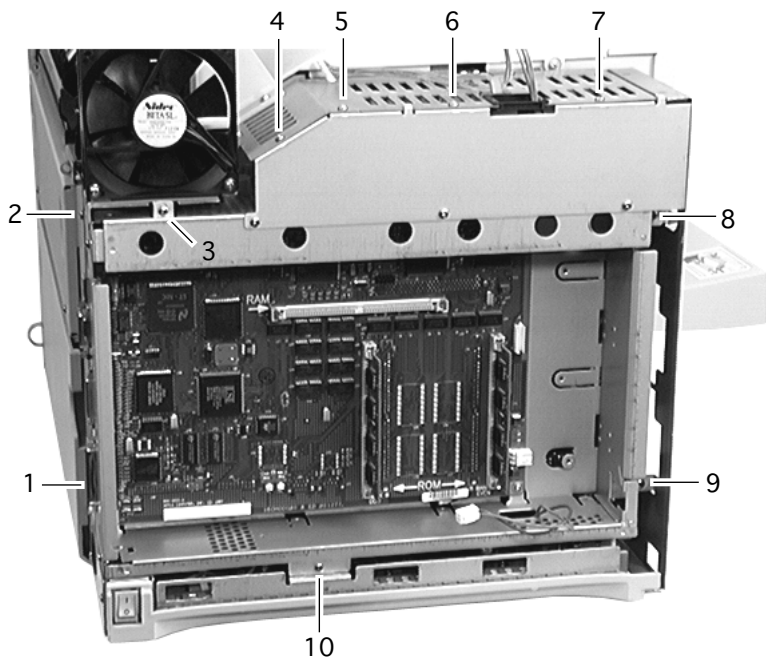
I/O Board

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover

- 1 Make a note of the position of the reset button on the I/O bracket.
- 2 Disconnect the two cables at the right side the board.



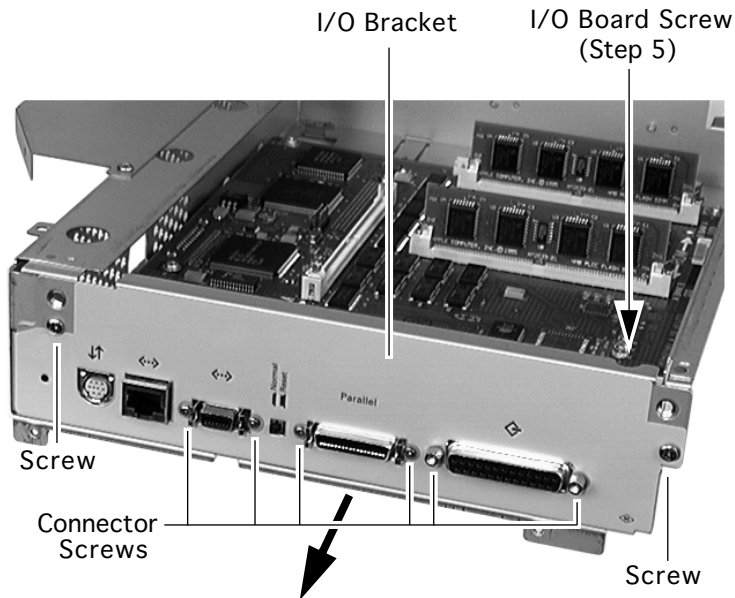


3 Remove the ten silver-colored screws that secure the I/O shield to the chassis (1-2 on the left edge, 3 below the fan, 4-7 at the top, 8-9 on the right, and 10 at the bottom).

4 Pull the controller board with the intact shield from the printer.

Note: There may be some resistance from the receptacle connector on the blind side of the board (near the top, just left of center).

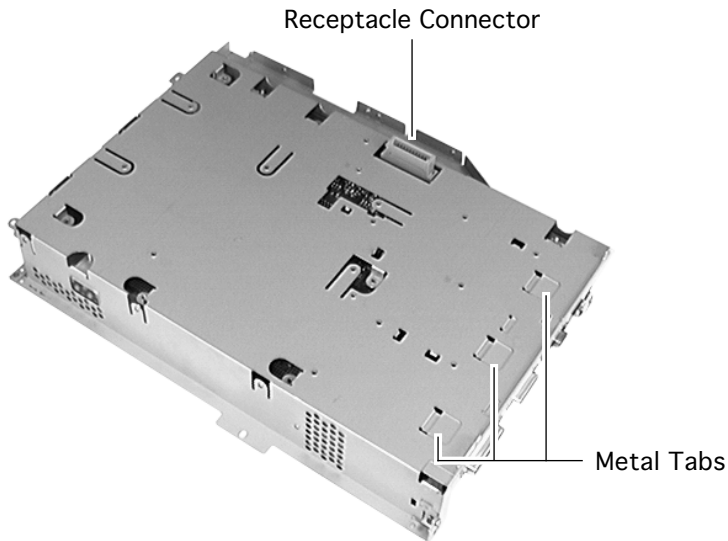




Note: Perform the following steps only if you are replacing a defective I/O board.

- 5 Remove the screw at the bottom left corner of the I/O board.
- 6 Remove the two screws and the six small I/O connector screws that secure the I/O bracket to the shield.
- 7 Remove the I/O bracket.
- 8 Remove the four remaining screws (step five removed the fifth) that secure the I/O board





Backside of I/O Shield

to the shield

- 9 Remove the board, being careful to elevate the receptacle on the rear to clear the plate.

Replacement Notes:

- When replacing the I/O bracket, make sure that the three metal tabs slide in the cutouts in the shield.
- Check the position of the reset button on the I/O bracket, and restore the setting if you have accidentally changed it during this procedure.

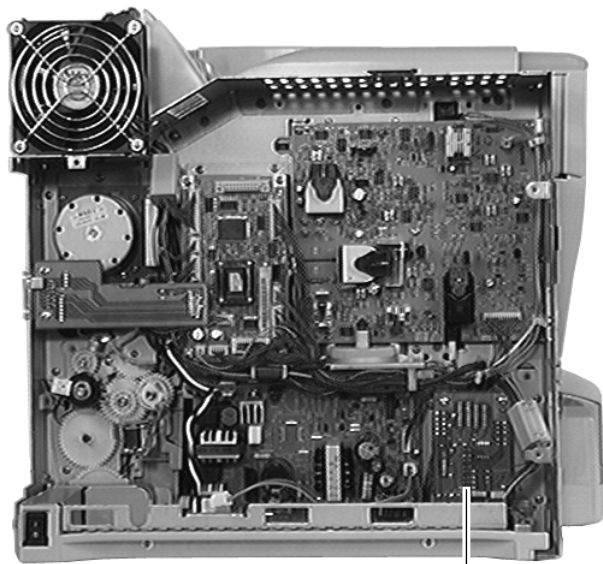




Cassette Feeder Board

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Left lower cover
- I/O board



Cassette Feeder Board





Cassette Feeder Board

Screw

Screw

Cable

Screw

Screw

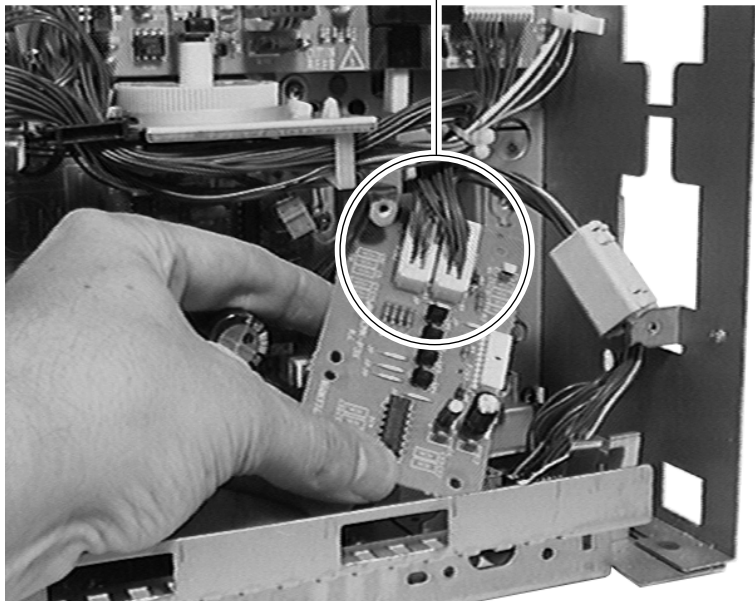
- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the left side of the board.
- 2 Remove the four screws securing the cassette feeder board.

Note: To loosen the bottom left screw, insert the screwdriver through the opening in the printer frame.





Disconnect Cables



- 3 Lift the board away from the printer and disconnect the two remaining cables.
- 4 Remove the cassette feeder board from the printer.

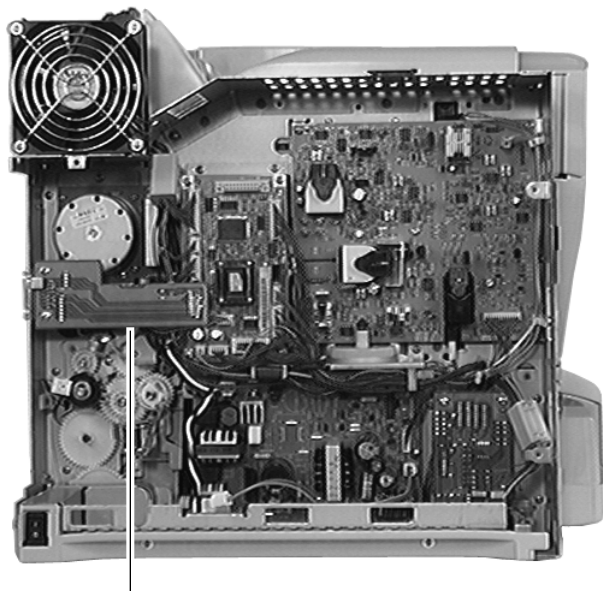




Duplex Interface Board

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board

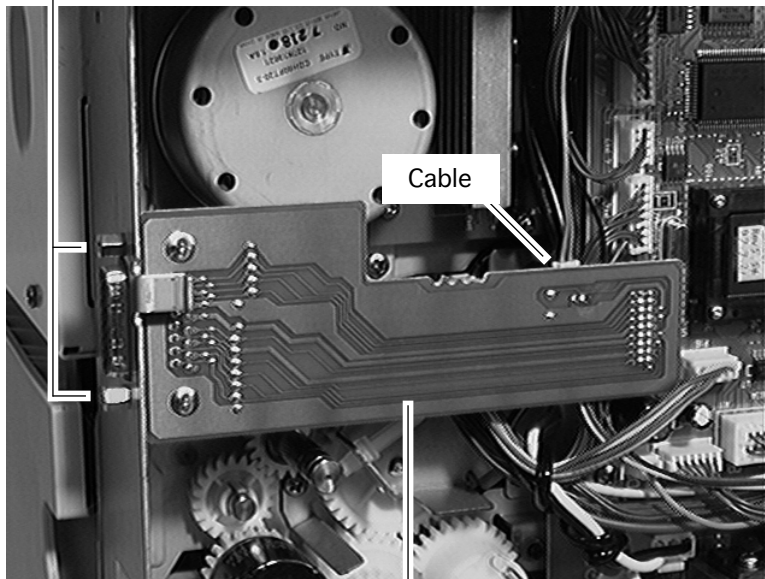


Duplex Interface Board





Screws

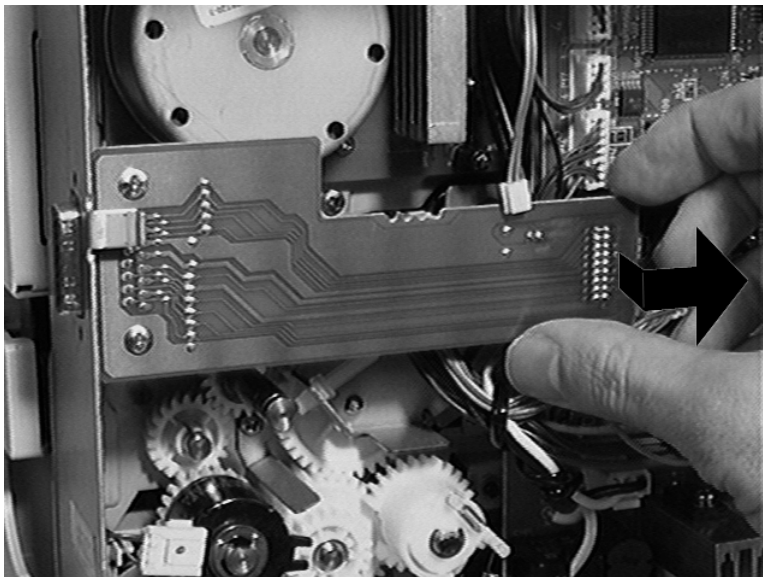


Cable

Duplex Interface Board

- 1 Disconnect the cable on the rear face of the board.
- 2 Remove the two screws that secure the connector end of the board to the chassis frame.

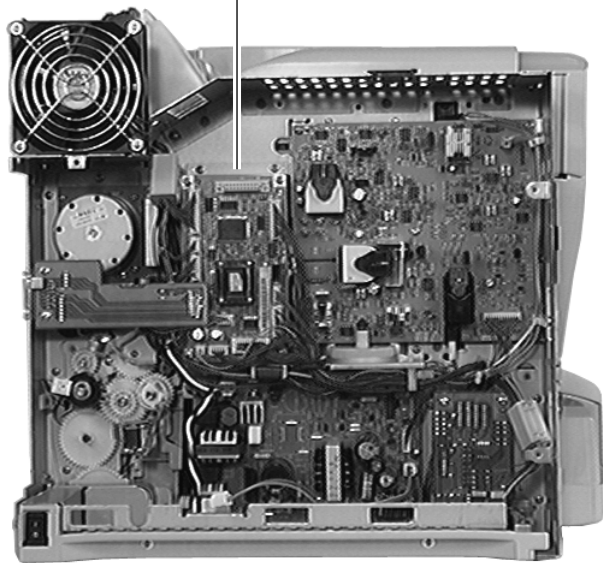




- 3 Pull out on the right end of the board to free the receptacle connector on the opposite side.
- 4 Slide the board to the right and remove it from the printer.



DC Controller Board

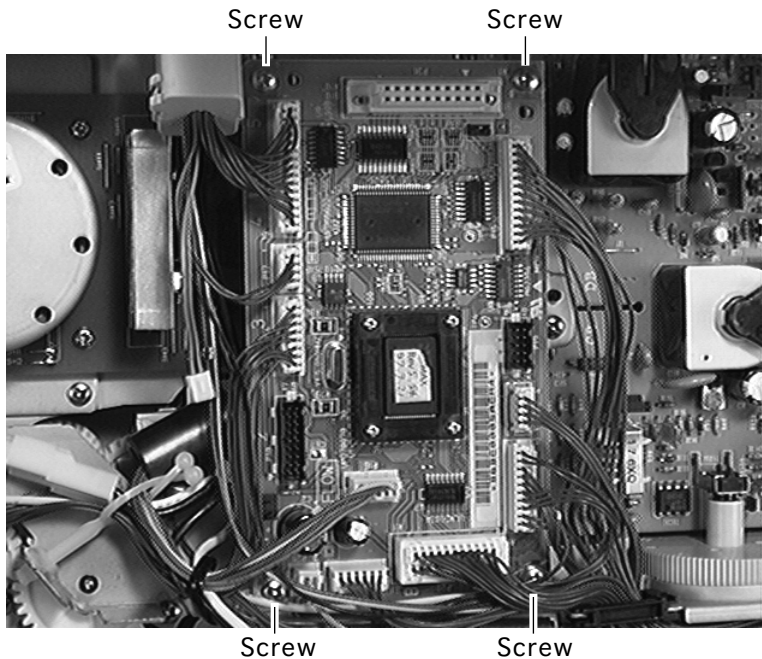


DC Controller Board

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board





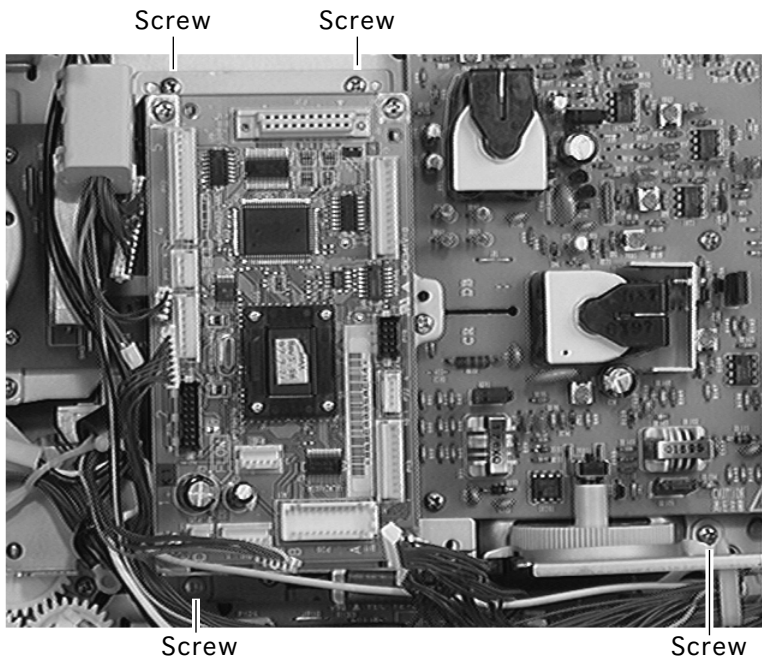
Screw Location for Board-Only Removal

- 1 Disconnect all the cables going into the board.

Note: If you are replacing the DC controller board, perform step 2 and you are done. If all you need is access to a deeper part, go to step 3.

- 2 Remove the four screws that secure the controller board to the chassis (one at each corner of the board) and remove the board from the printer.





Screw Location for Board and Holder Removal

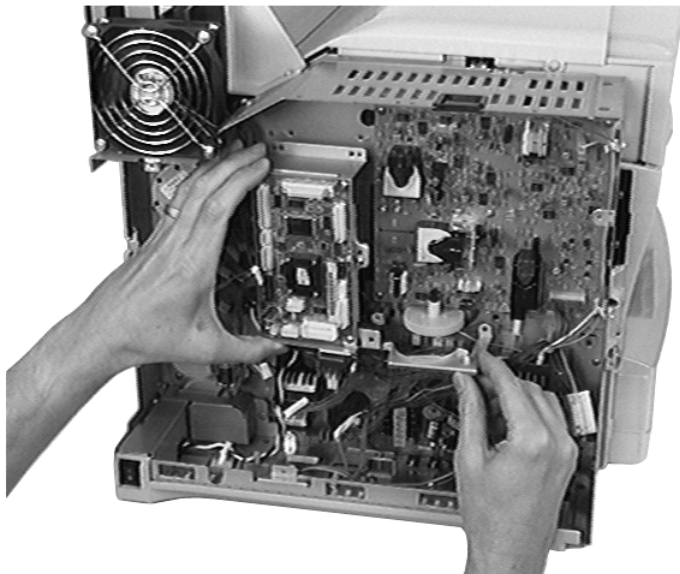
Note: The following steps remove the DC controller board holder along with the board.

- 3 Remove the cables from the cable clamps.
- 4 Remove the four screws that secure the controller board holder to the chassis (two along the top flange, one to the right of the density dial, and one below the left corner of the board).



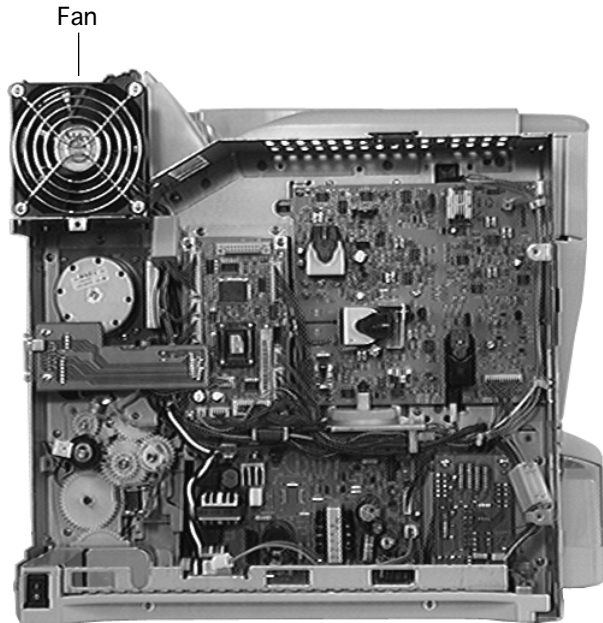


- 5 Remove the controller board and holder from the printer.



Removing Board and Holder





Fan

Before you begin, remove the following:

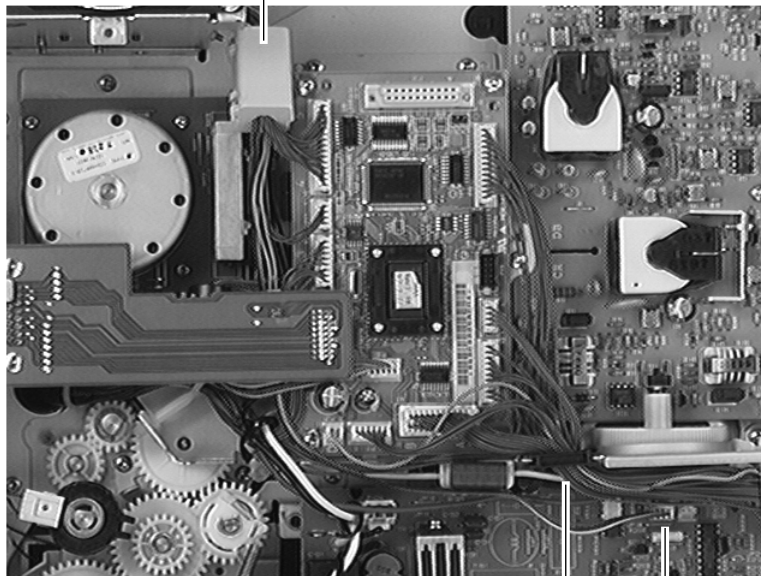
- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board

- 1 Remove the two lower screws that secure the fan to the chassis.





Ferrite Core



Cable Clamp

P/J122

- 2 Disconnect the fan cable from P/J122 on the power supply.
- 3 Open the cable clamp (near the density dial) and the ferrite core (near the fan), pull the fan cable free, and remove the fan from the printer.



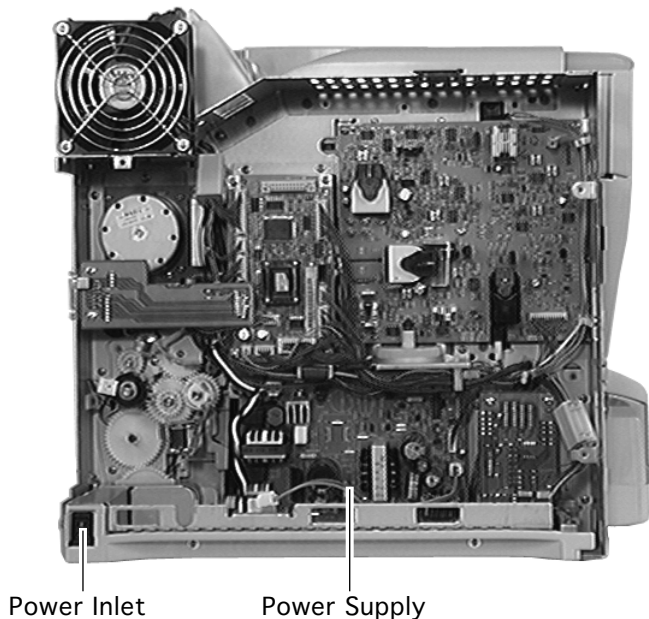


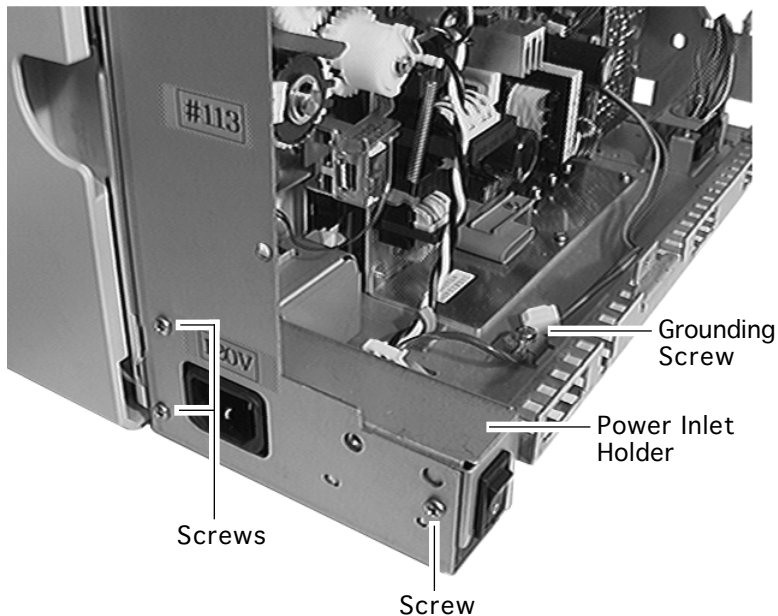
Power Supply

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Left lower cover
- I/O board

Note: The main power receptacle and switch (also known as the power inlet) is hard-wired to the power supply.



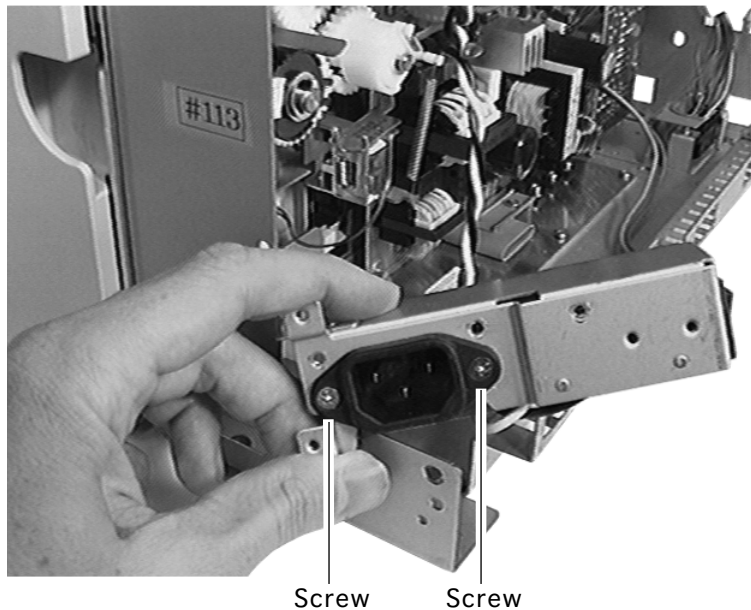


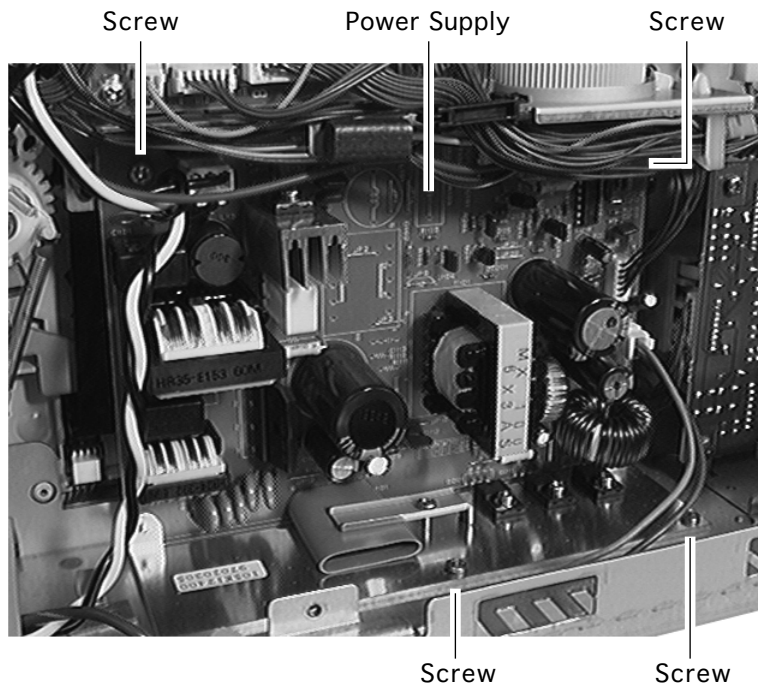
- 1 Remove the screw securing the grounding wire to the chassis.
- 2 Remove the three screws securing the power inlet holder and lift the holder up from the chassis.
- 3 Remove the power cable from the two clamps.





- 4 Remove the two brass-colored screws that secure the receptacle to the inlet holder and lift the holder from the power inlet.





- 5 Disconnect all the cables going into the power supply.

Replacement Note:

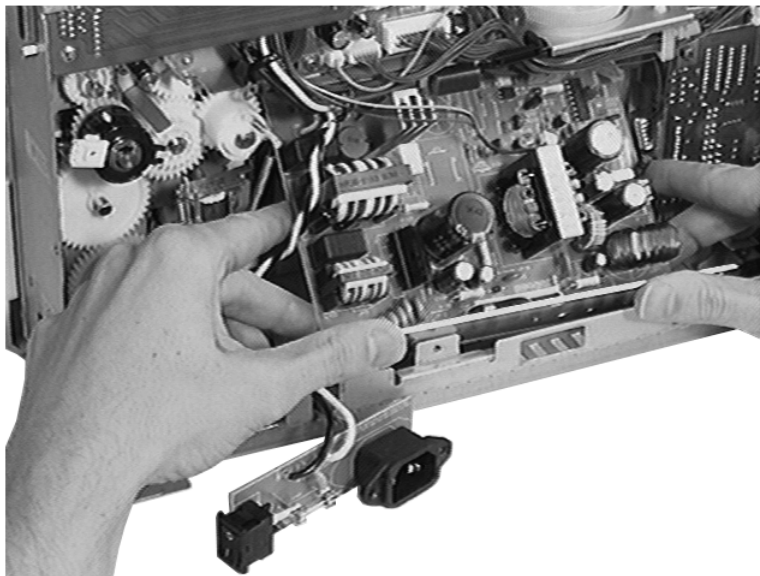
Connector P127 is not used in this printer. The single wire orange cable goes into the P123 lead to the right of P127.

- 6 Remove the four screws securing the power supply to the chassis (two through the circuit board and two through the flange at the bottom).



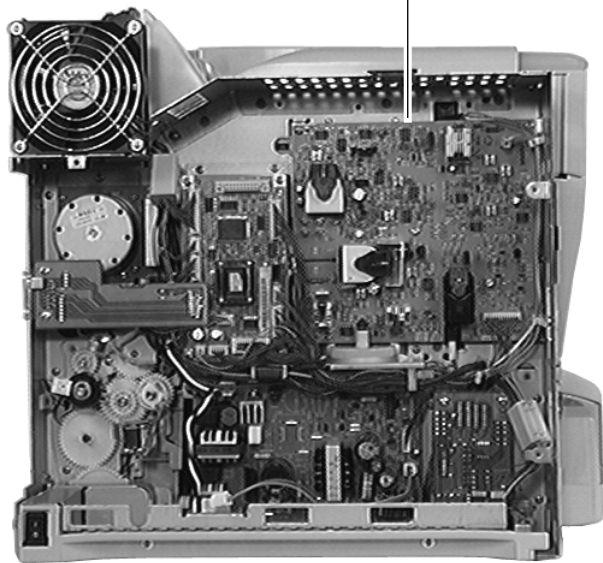


- 7 Shift the power supply slightly to the left, pivot the bottom upward to clear the chassis frame, and remove the power supply from the printer.





High-Voltage Power Supply

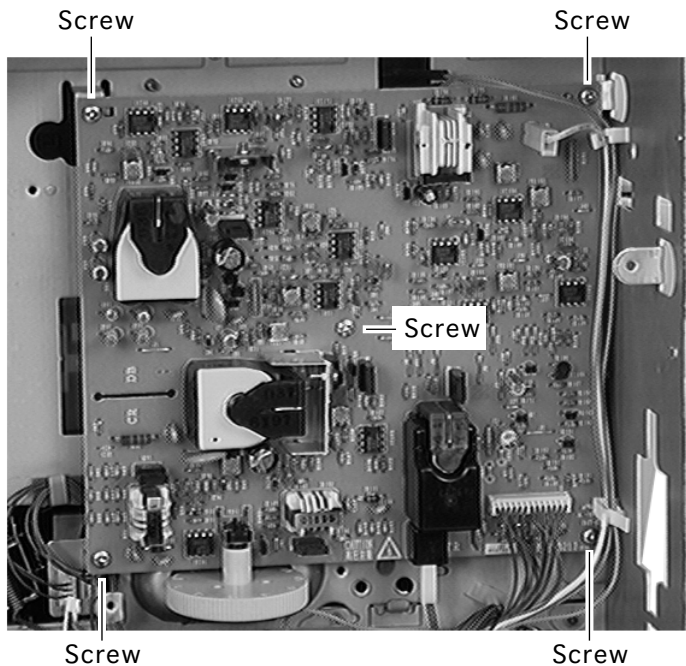


High-Voltage Power Supply

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board
- DC controller board (with holder)



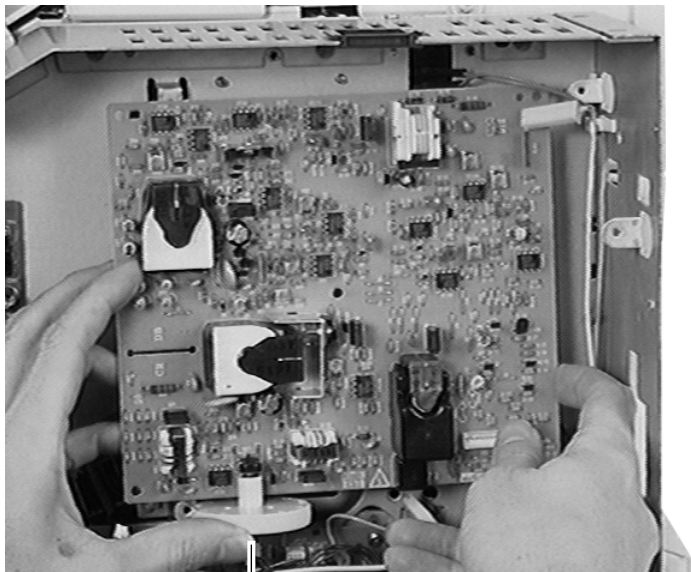


- 1 Disconnect all the cables going into the high-voltage power supply.
- 2 Remove the brass-colored screw in the center of the board.
- 3 Remove the four screws (one at each corner of the board) that secure the high-voltage power supply to the chassis.



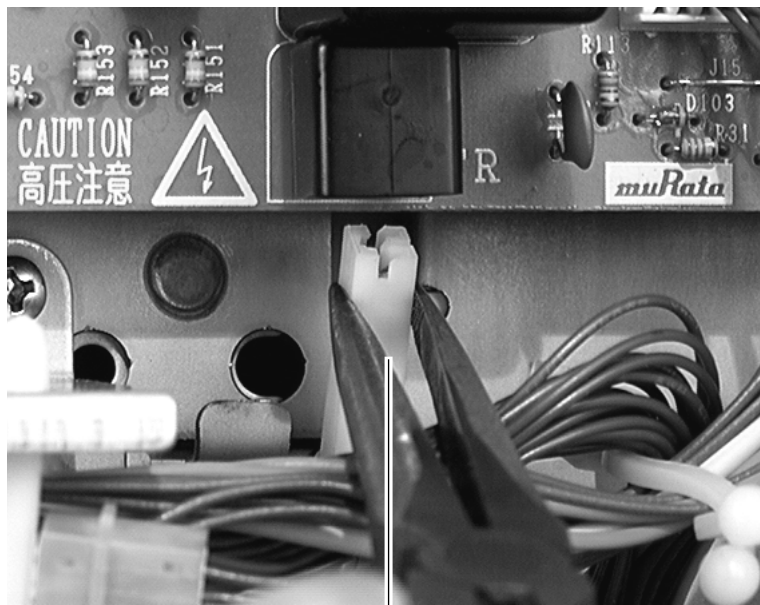


- 4 Holding the density dial with your finger, lift the high-voltage power supply from the printer.



Density Dial





Connector TR

Replacement Note:

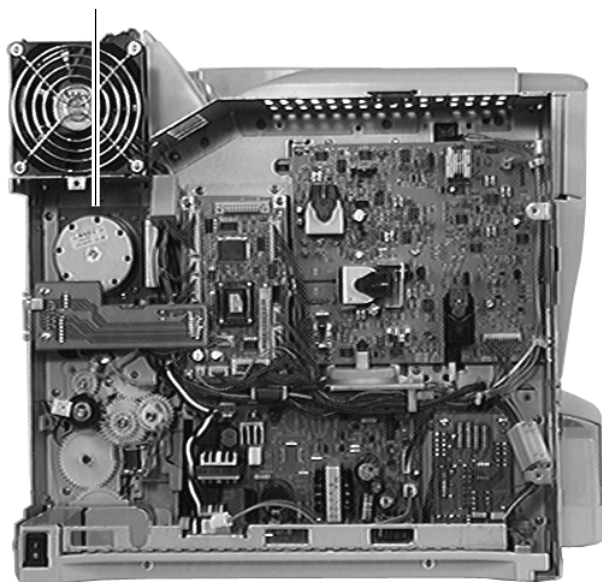
Connector TR at the bottom of the high-voltage power supply goes in with the narrow edge facing outward.

Failure to connect this properly will cut voltage flow to the transfer roller, resulting in very light overall print quality.





Main Motor

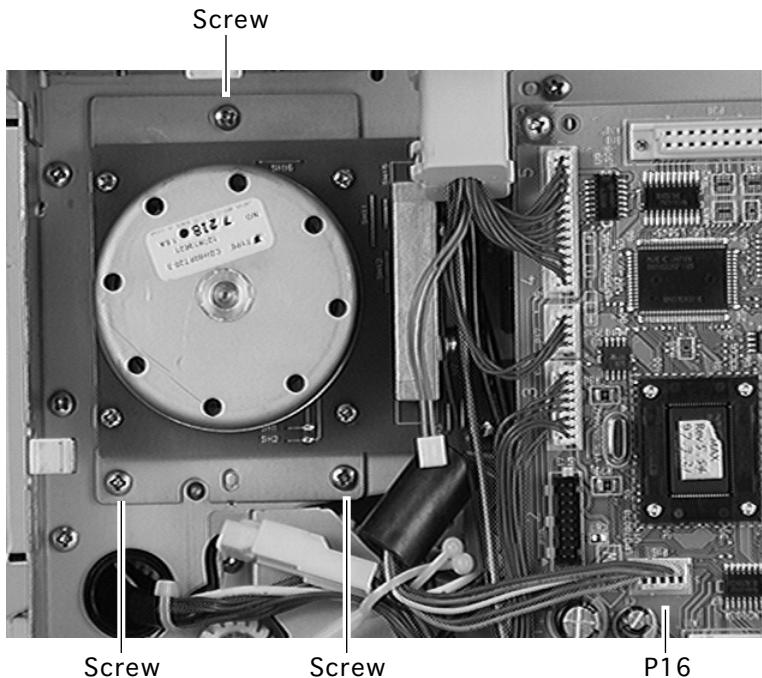


Main Motor

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board



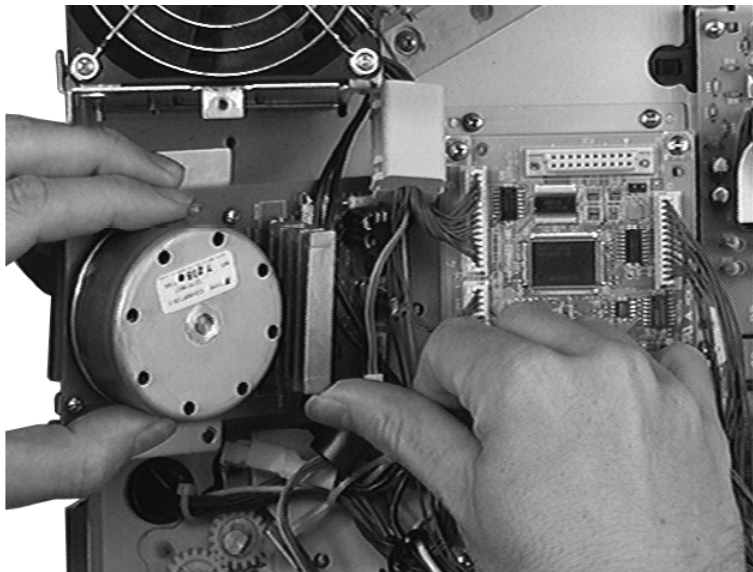


- 1 Disconnect the motor cable at P16 from the DC controller board.
- 2 Remove the three screws (one through the flange at top, two through the flange at the bottom) that secure the main motor to the chassis.





- 3 Lift out the left side of the motor to clear the DC controller board holder and remove the motor from the printer.

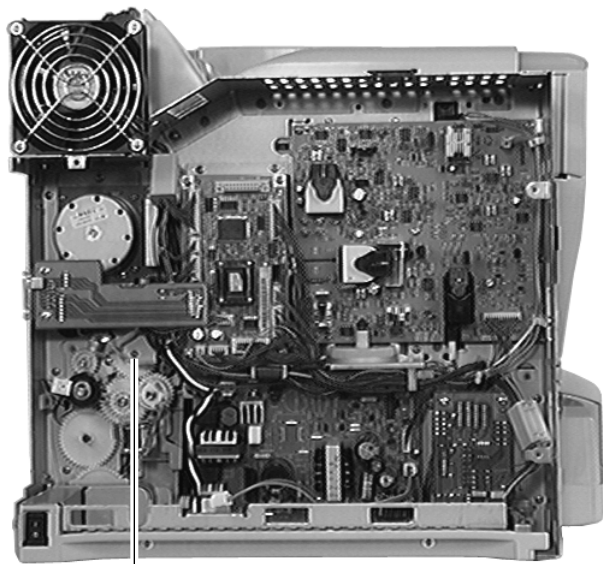




Paper Handling Gear Assembly

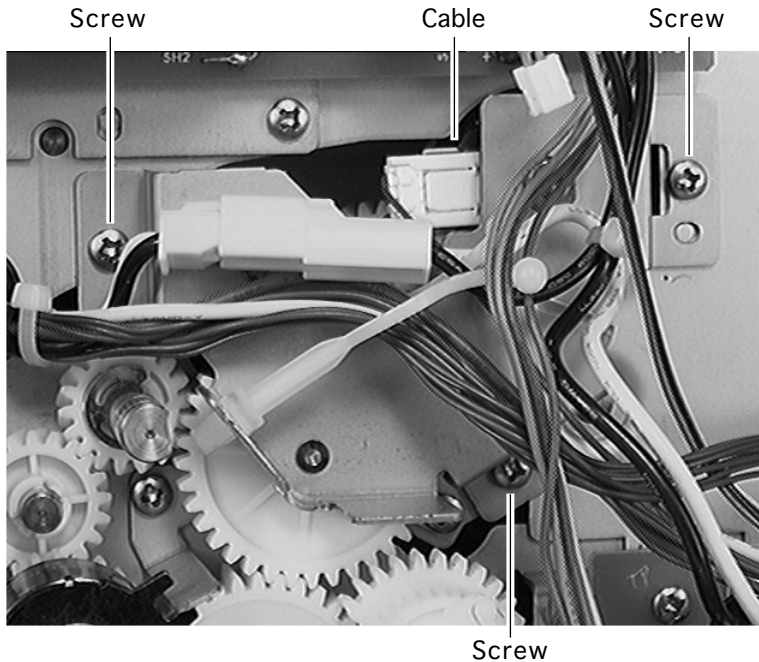
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board
- DC controller board (with holder)



Paper Handling Gear Assembly



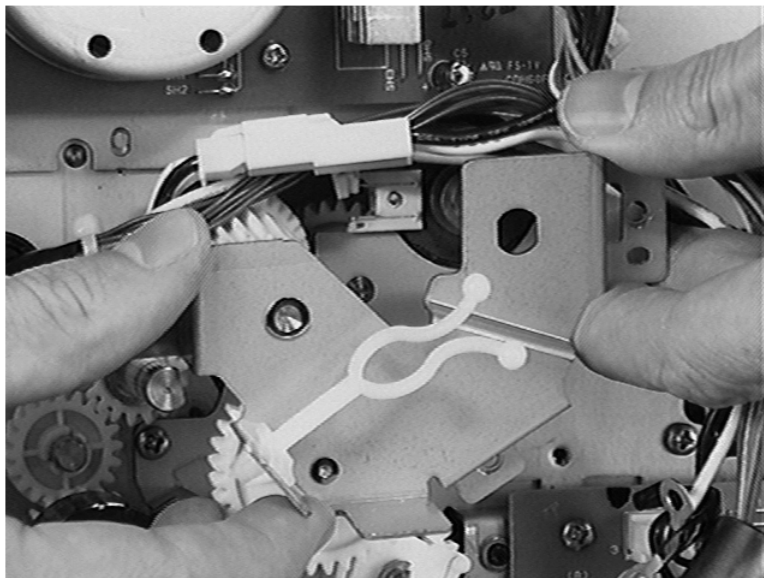


- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the registration clutch assembly.
- 2 Free all the wires and cables from the clamp on the gear assembly.
- 3 Remove the three screws securing the gear assembly.





- 4 Gently pull the gear assembly out of the printer.

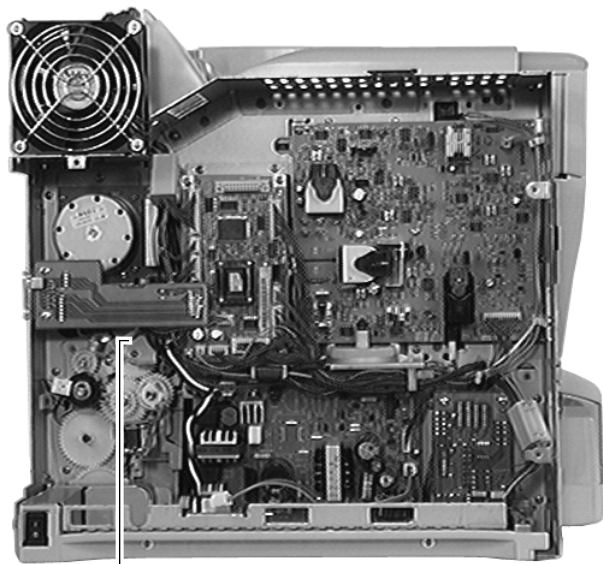




Registration Clutch Assembly

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board
- DC controller board (with holder)
- Paper handling gear assembly

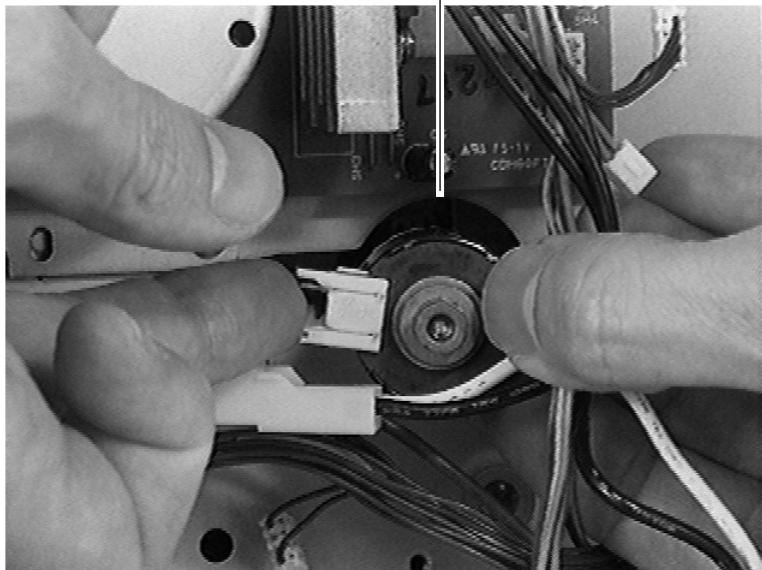


Registration Clutch Assembly





Registration Clutch Assembly



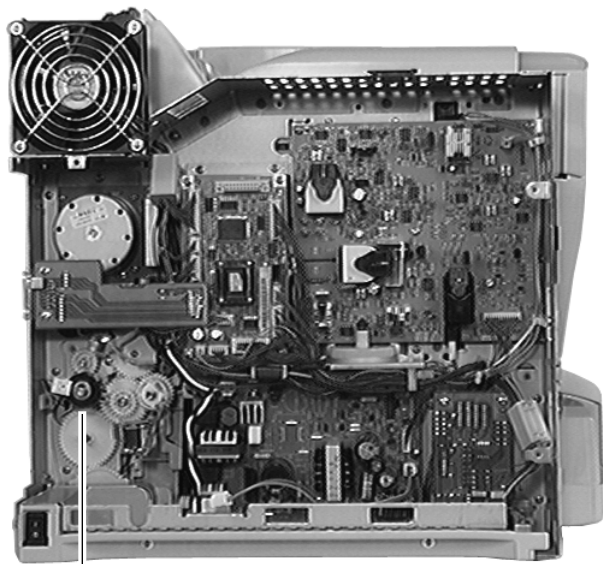
- 1 After removing the paper handling gear assembly, you can freely lift the registration clutch assembly out of the printer.



Turn Clutch

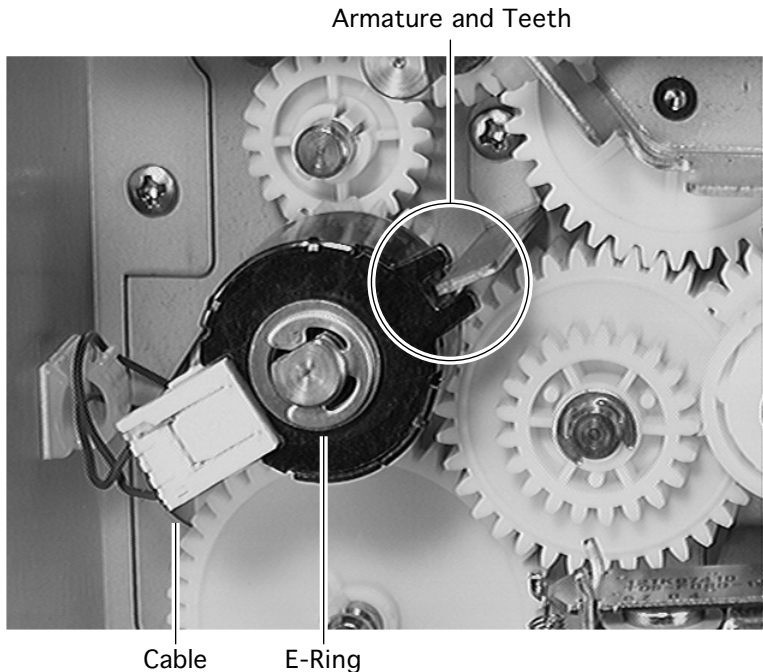
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board



Turn Clutch





- 1 Disconnect the cable from the turn clutch.
- 2 Remove the E-ring securing the clutch and slide the clutch off the end of the feed roller shaft.

Replacement Note: Orient the clutch so that the chassis armature slips between the two teeth at the edge of the clutch.

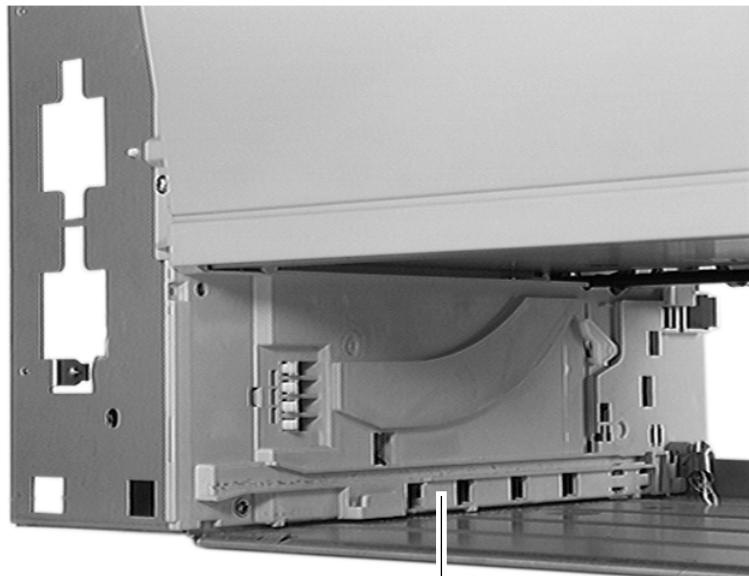




Left Cassette Guide Assembly

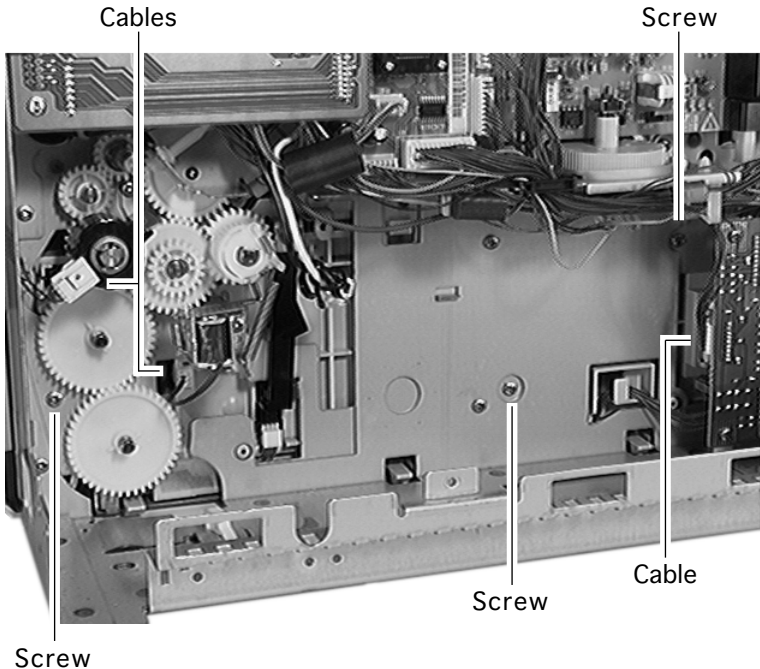
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Left lower cover
- Turn-in chute
- Turn chute cover
- I/O board
- Power supply



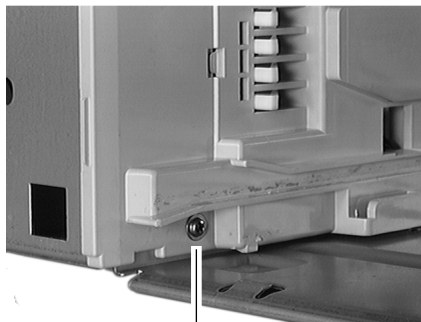
Left Cassette Guide Assembly



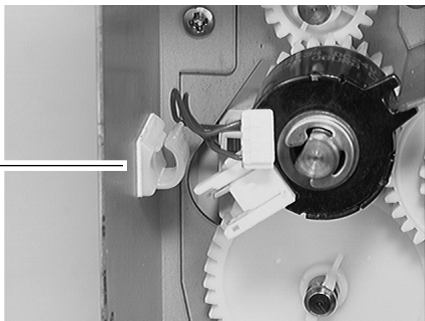


- 1 Disconnect the cables from the cassette feeder board, pickup solenoid, and the turn clutch.
- 2 Remove the three screws on the outside face of the chassis that secure the cassette guide assembly to the chassis wall.





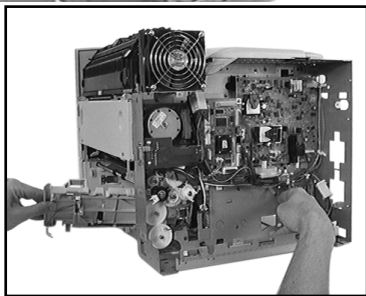
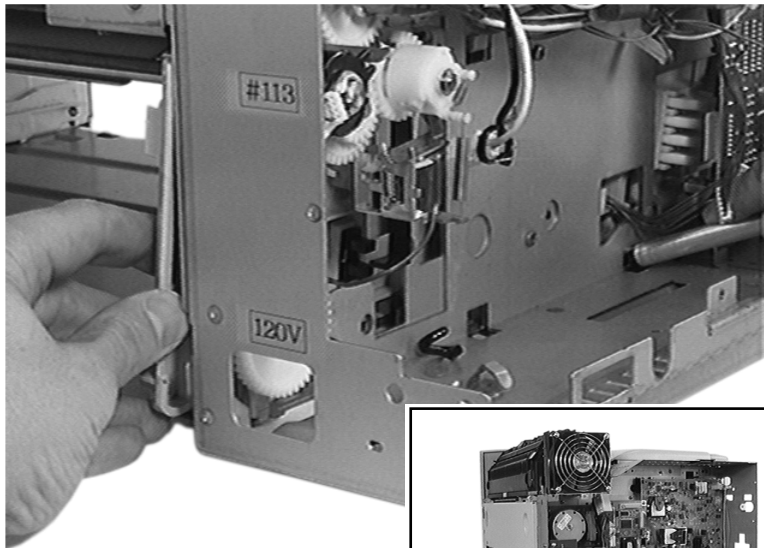
Screw



Clamp

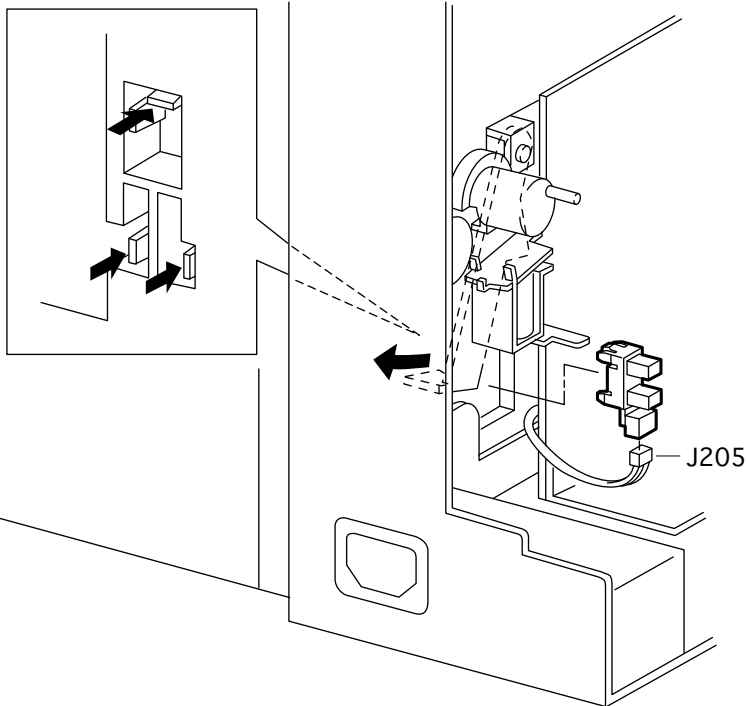
- 3 Remove the screw on the inside face of the cassette guide that secures the cassette guide assembly to the chassis wall.
- 4 Free the turn clutch cable from the clamp.
- 5 Using a flat blade screwdriver, push the three tabs at the bottom of the cassette guide, one by one, to release them from the printer frame.
- 6 Tilt the cassette guide, pulling its bottom edge from the inside of the printer frame.





- 7 Ensure that the three upper hooks of the cassette guide are released from the printer frame.
- 8 Push all harnesses on the cassette guide to free them from the printer frame.
- 9 Remove the cassette guide from the printer frame.





Cassette Paper-Present Sensor

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Turn-in chute
- I/O board

- 1 Swing the arm of the cassette paper-present actuator to the rear direction so that the actuator is away from the cassette paper-





present sensor.

- 2 Open the turn chute cover.
- 3 Use a small flat blade screwdriver to release the hooks of the cassette paper-present sensor, located on the inside of the printer frame (work from the rear of the printer), from the left cassette guide assembly.

Note: Do not move the cassette paper-present sensor away, since it is connected with the feeder harness.

- 4 Disconnect P/J205 from the sensor.
- 5 Remove the sensor.





Right Cassette Guide Assembly

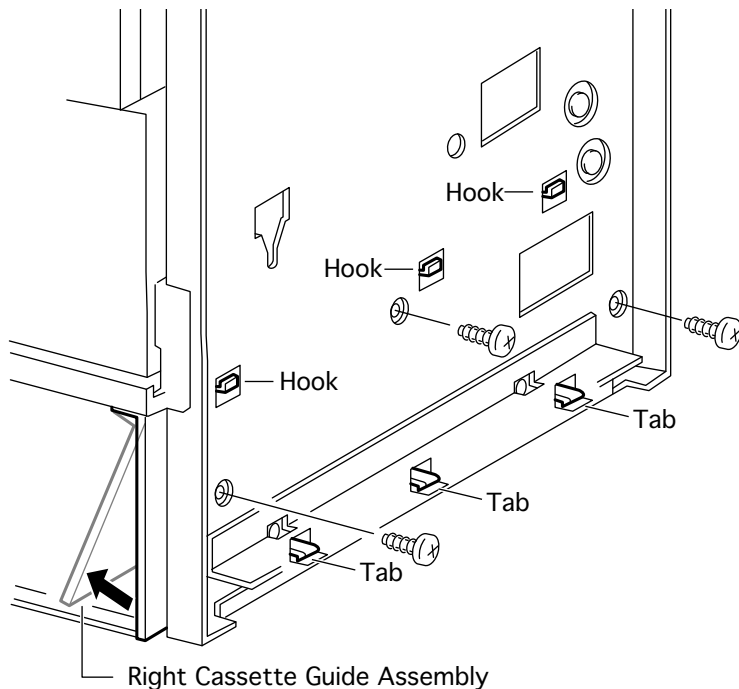
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover
- Turn-in chute
- Turn chute cover



Right Cassette Guide Assembly





- 1 Remove the three screws securing the right cassette guide assembly.
- 2 Press the three tabs at the bottom of the cassette guide and release them from the printer frame.
- 3 Tilt the cassette guide, pulling its bottom edge from the inside of the printer frame.
- 4 Release the three upper hooks of the cassette guide from the frame and remove the cassette guide from the printer.

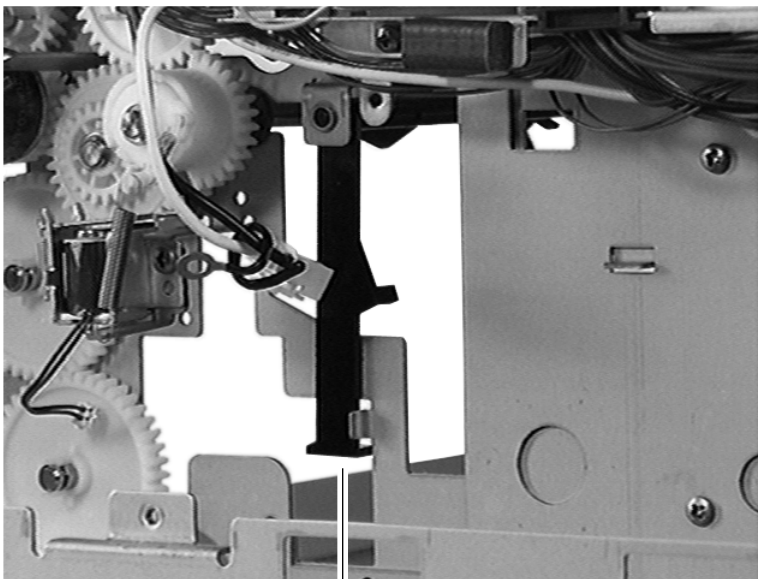




Cassette Paper-Present Actuator

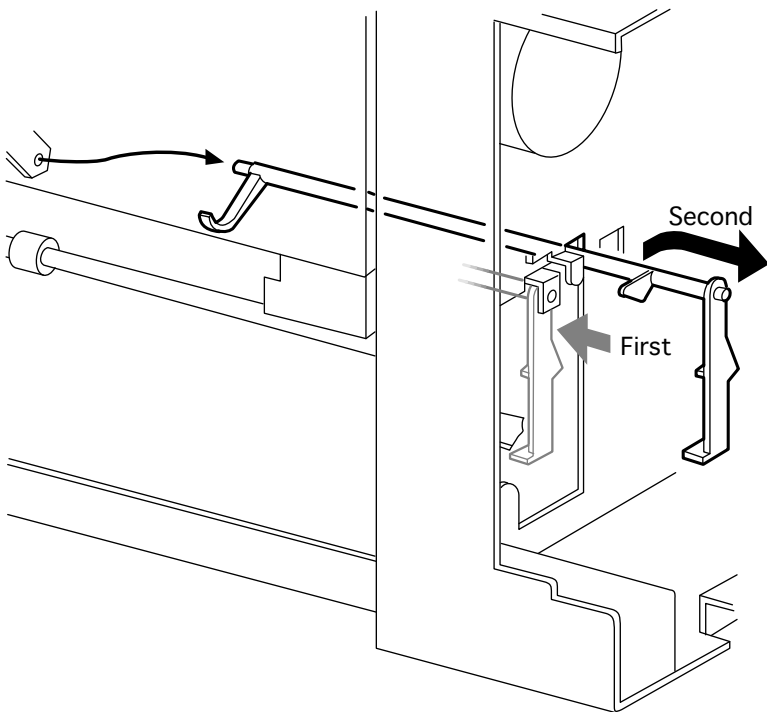
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Left lower cover
- Turn-in chute
- Turn chute cover
- I/O board
- Power supply
- Left cassette guide assembly



Cassette Paper-Present Actuator





- 1 Push the shaft of the cassette paper-present actuator inward to release it from the outside collar.
- 2 Release the far end of the actuator from its collar, slide the actuator to the right, and remove it from the printer.



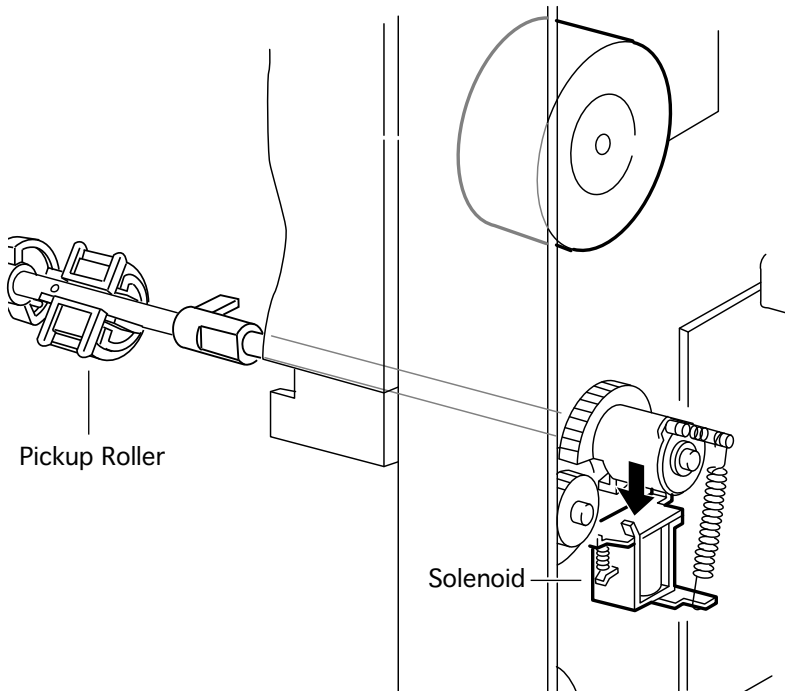


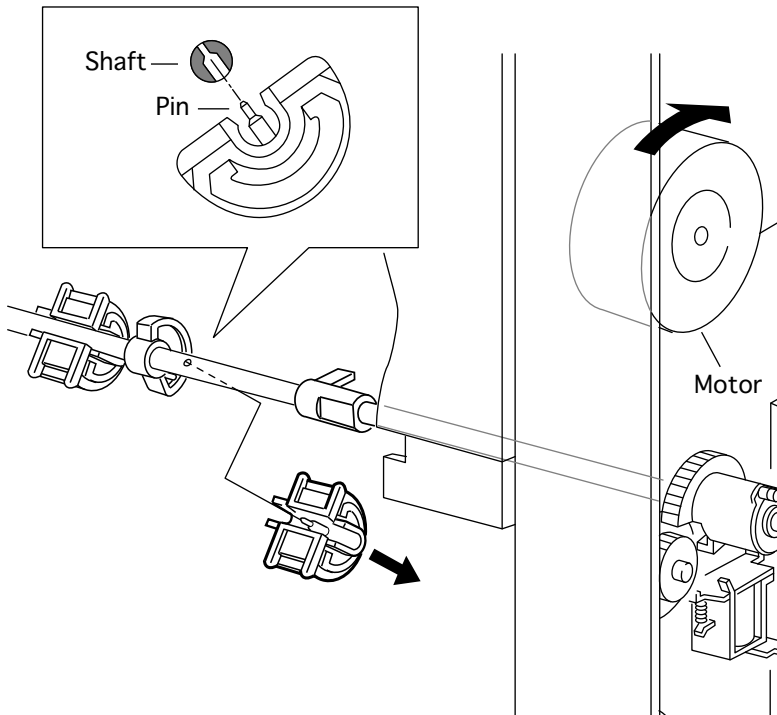
Cassette Pickup Roller(s)

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Turn-in chute
- Turn chute cover
- I/O board

- 1 Press down the armature of the cassette pickup solenoid to engage the feed gear with the feed idler gear.





- 2 Rotate the rotor of the main motor clockwise until the rubber surface of the pickup roller faces downward.
- 3 Hold the pickup roller shaft firmly with one hand. With the other hand, pull the roller off the shaft.

Replacement Note: Match up the pin inside the roller with the hole in the shaft, and press the pickup roller onto the shaft.

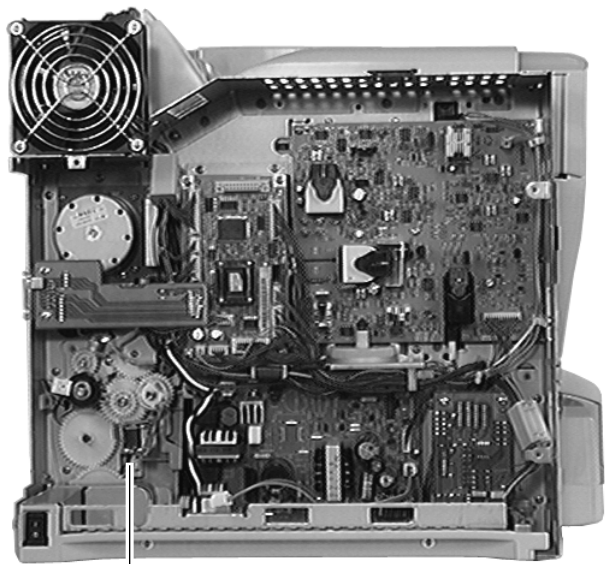




Cassette Pickup Solenoid

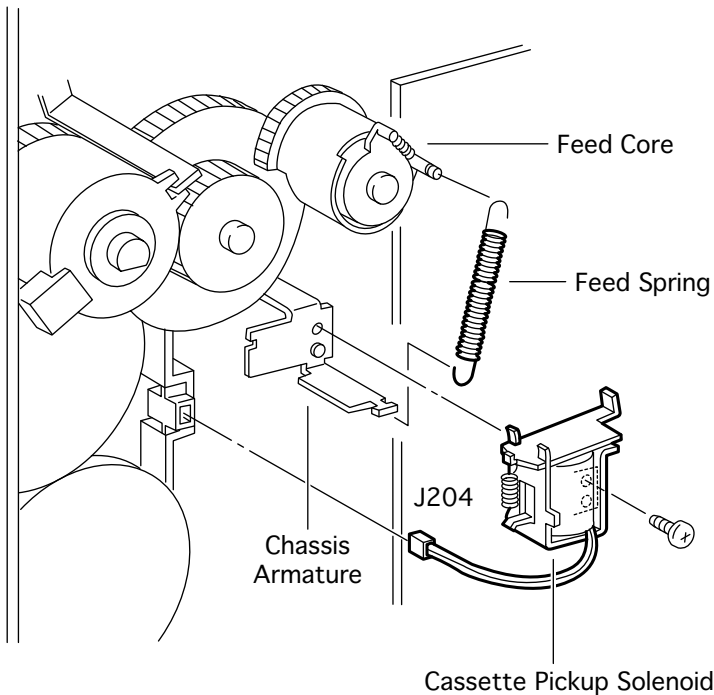
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board



Cassette Pickup Solenoid





- 1 Remove the spring that connects the feed core to the chassis armature.

Note: This spring is a part of the spring kit (P/N 076-0647).

- 2 Disconnect solenoid cable J204 from the left cassette guide assembly.
- 3 Remove the screw securing the cassette pickup solenoid to the chassis armature and remove the solenoid from the printer.





Lower Feed Roller

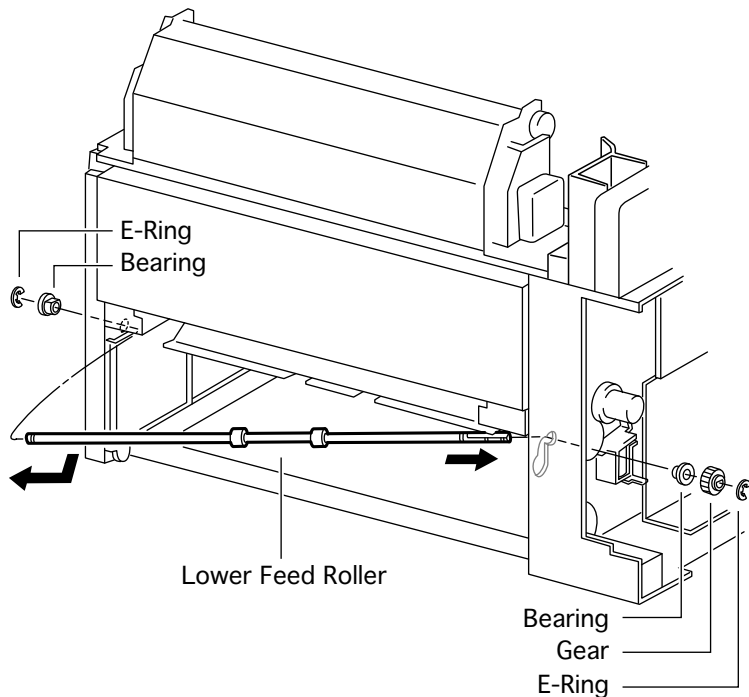
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover
- Turn-in chute
- Turn chute cover
- I/O board
- Turn clutch



Lower Feed Roller



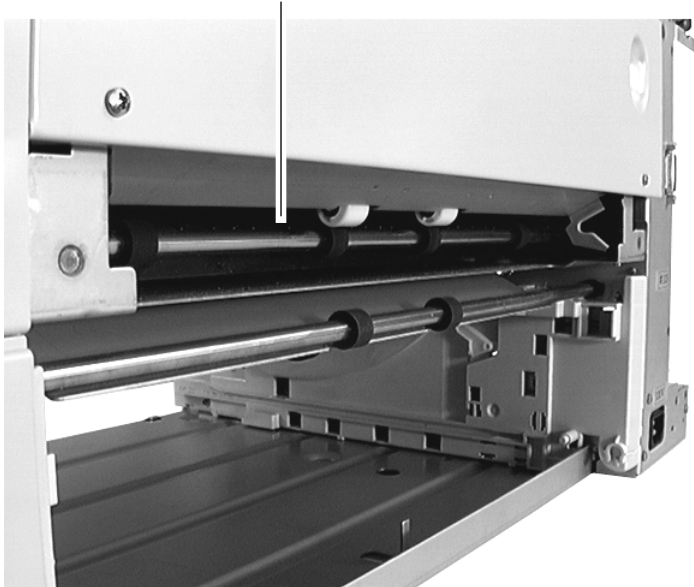


- 1 On the gear end of the roller, remove the E-ring securing the gear and slide the gear off the lower feed roller shaft.
- 2 Slide the feed bearing off the roller shaft.
- 3 On the right side, remove the E-ring securing the feed bearing and slide the bearing off the shaft.
- 4 Remove the lower feed roller shaft by freeing one end then the other from the chassis frame.





Upper Feed Roller

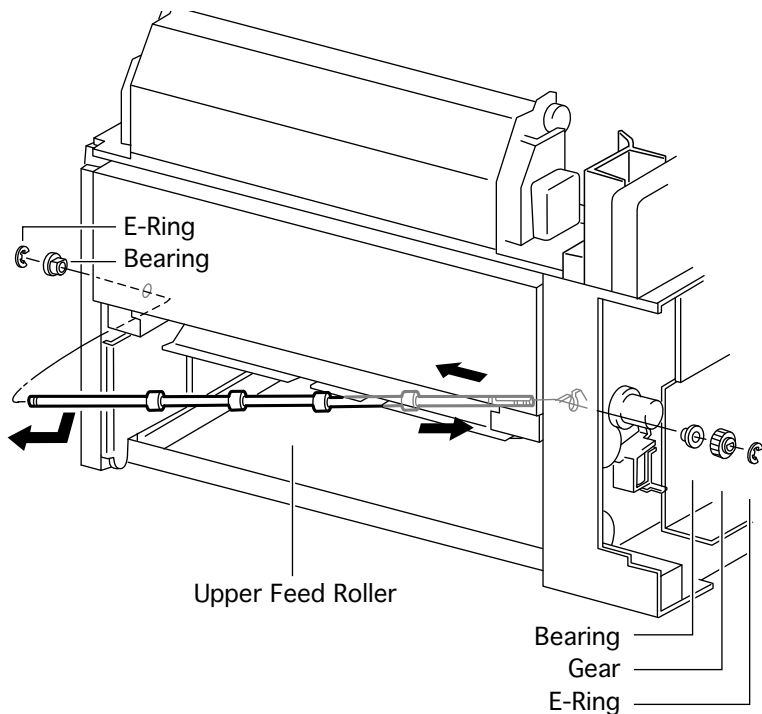


Upper Feed Roller

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover
- Turn-in chute
- Turn chute cover
- I/O board



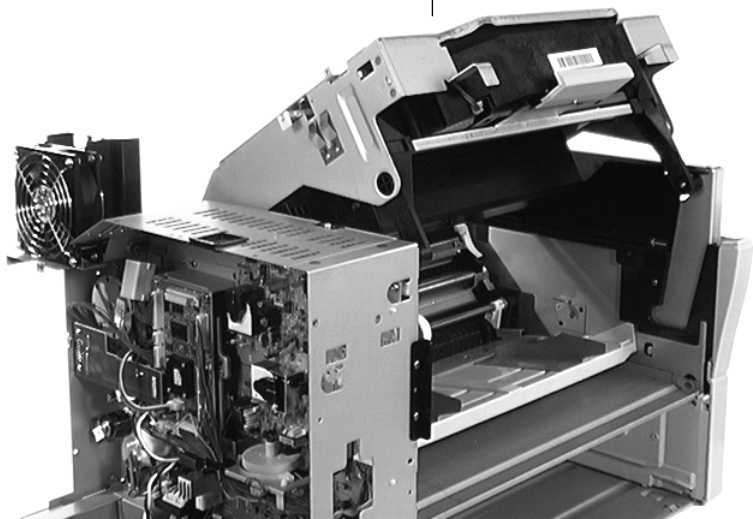


- 1 On the gear end of the roller, remove the E-ring securing the gear and slide the gear off the feed roller shaft.
- 2 Slide the feed bearing off the roller shaft.
- 3 On the right side, remove the E-ring securing the feed bearing and slide the bearing off the shaft.
- 4 Remove the feed roller shaft by freeing one end then the other from the chassis frame.





Top Cover Housing

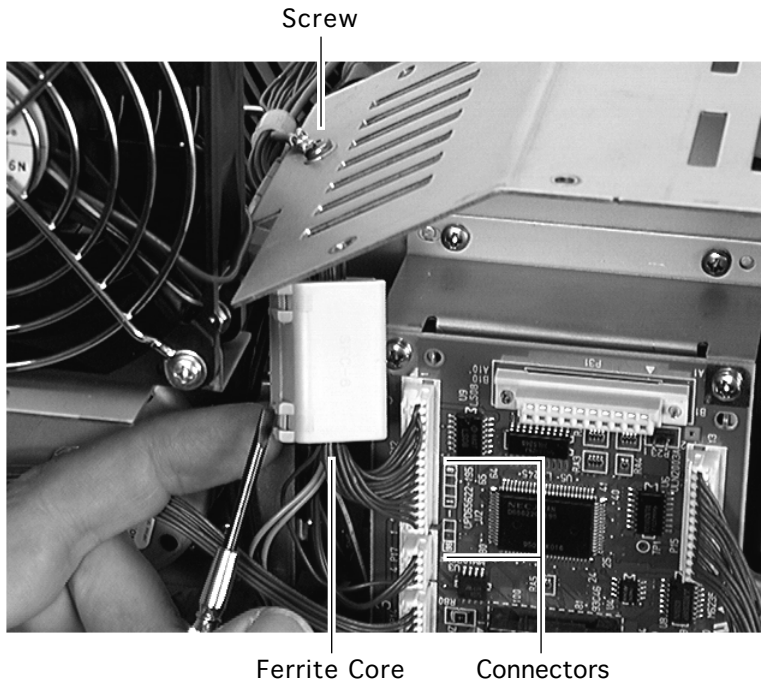


Top Cover Housing

Before you begin, remove the following:

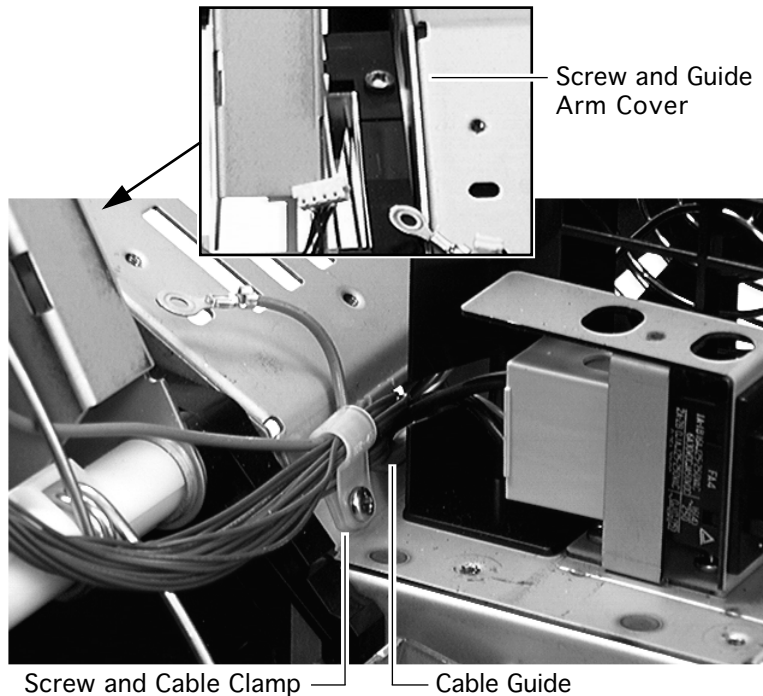
- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Exit cover
- Top cover
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board





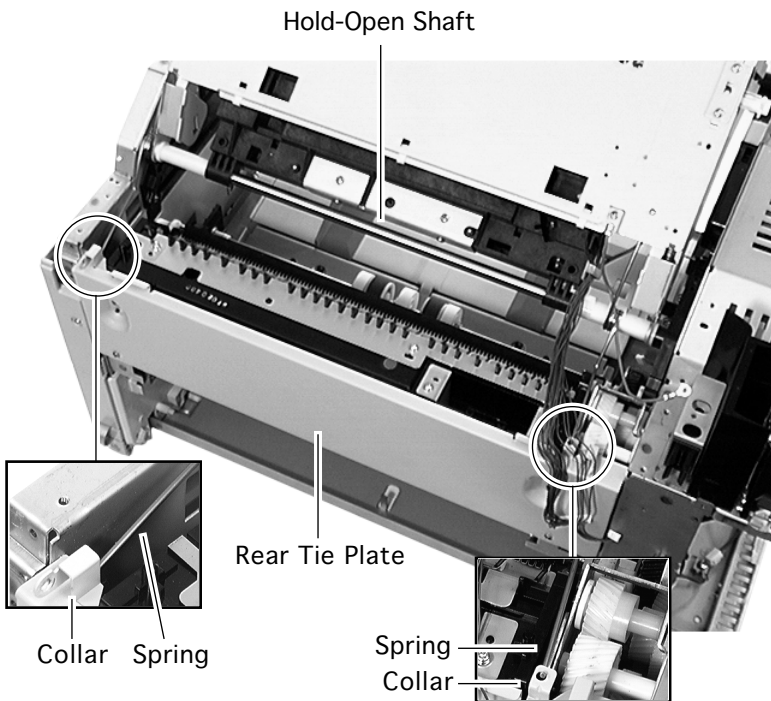
- 1 Using a small flat blade screwdriver, remove the ferrite core above and to the left of the DC controller board.
- 2 Disconnect connectors P12 and P17 on the DC controller board.
- 3 Remove the screw securing the grounding wire to the top of the chassis.





- 4 Remove the screw and cable clamp located just behind the fan and remove the cables from the clamp.
- 5 Snake the two cables disconnected in step 2 through the cable guide in the chassis.
- 6 Remove the screw and the small black fuser guide arm cover.





- 7 While holding the top cover housing open, unseat the two torsion springs from the collars on the rear tie plate.
- 8 Close the top cover.
- 9 Remove the screw at each end of the hold-open shaft.



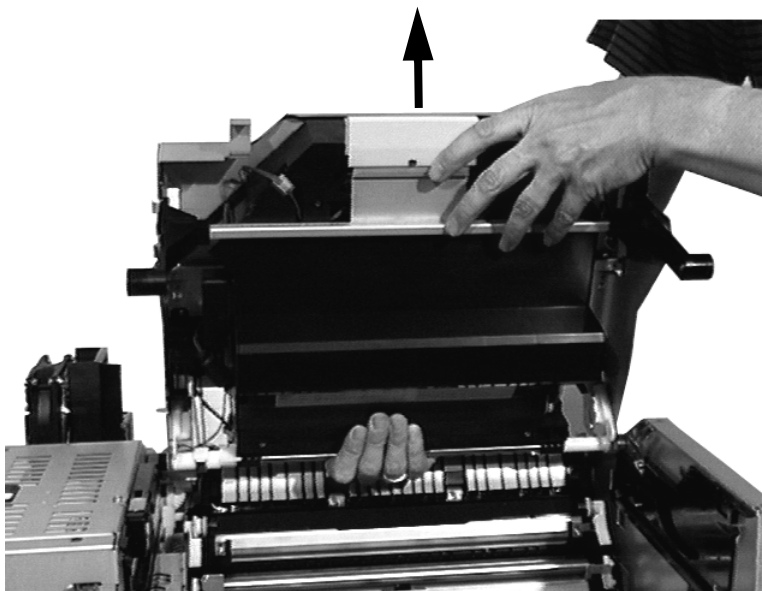


- 10 Raise the top cover and release the two locking feet so that the cover rests directly on the chassis.



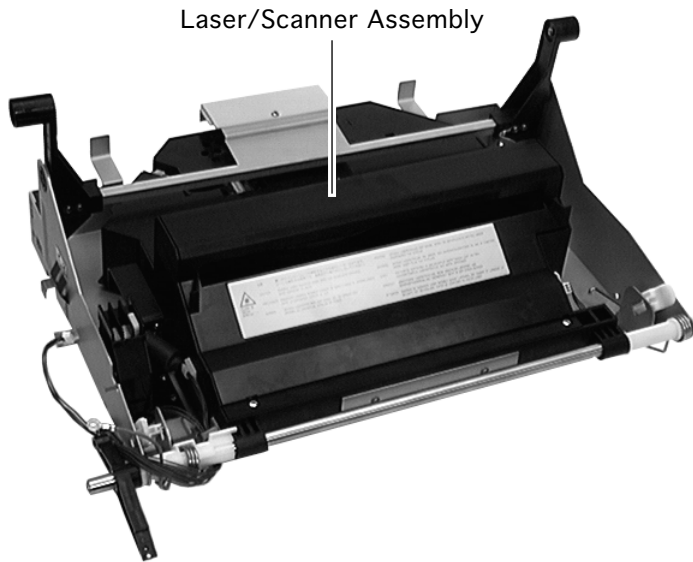


- 11 Lift the top cover housing from the printer frame.





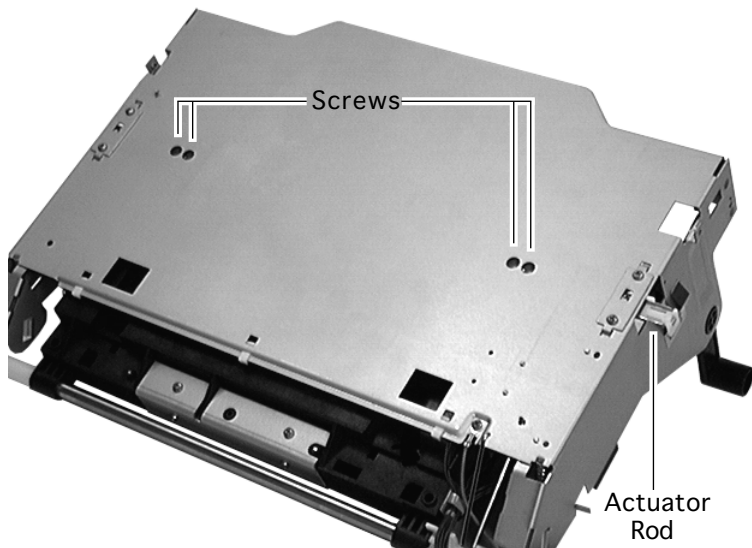
Laser/Scanner Assembly



- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Exit cover
- Top cover
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board
- Top cover housing

Note: The laser/scanner assembly is connected to the housing only at the hinge shaft. A metal actuator rod running crossways through





the housing is also screwed to the laser/scanner assembly. Steps 1-5 below remove the rod from the housing. The remaining steps remove the laser/scanner assembly from the hinge shaft.

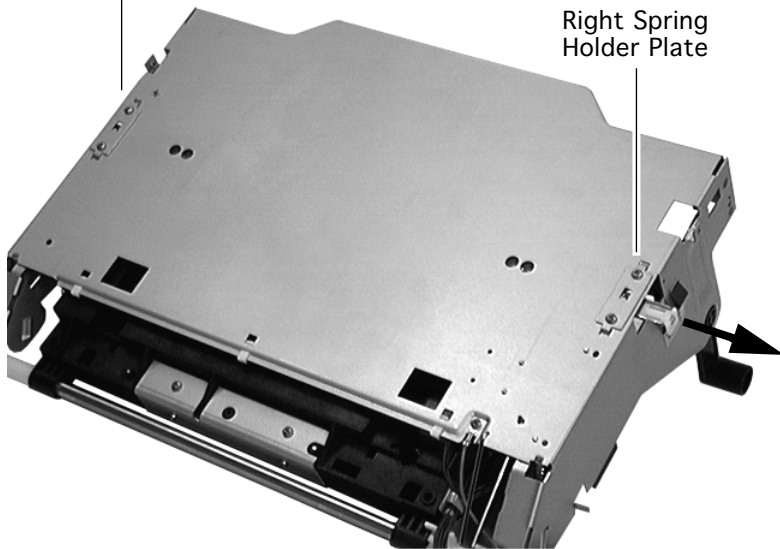
- 1 Place the top cover housing on the work surface.
- 2 Remove the four screws (accessible through the cutouts in the housing) that secure the actuator rod to the laser/scanner assembly.





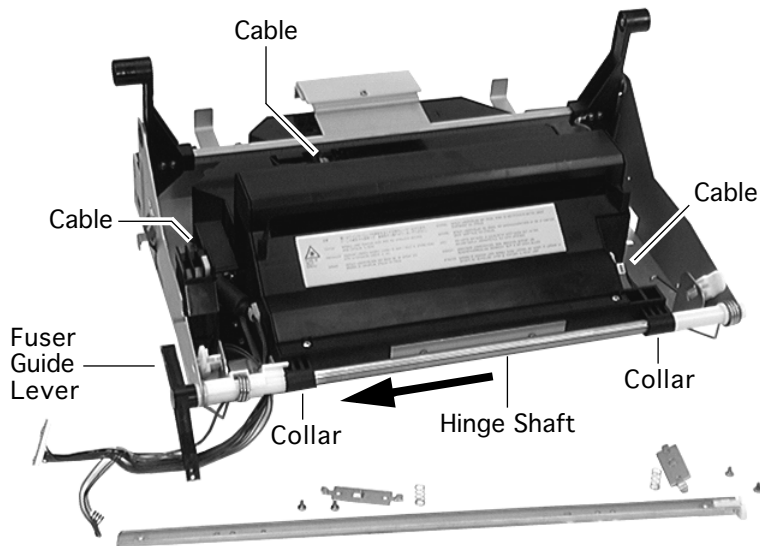
Left Spring
Holder Plate

Right Spring
Holder Plate



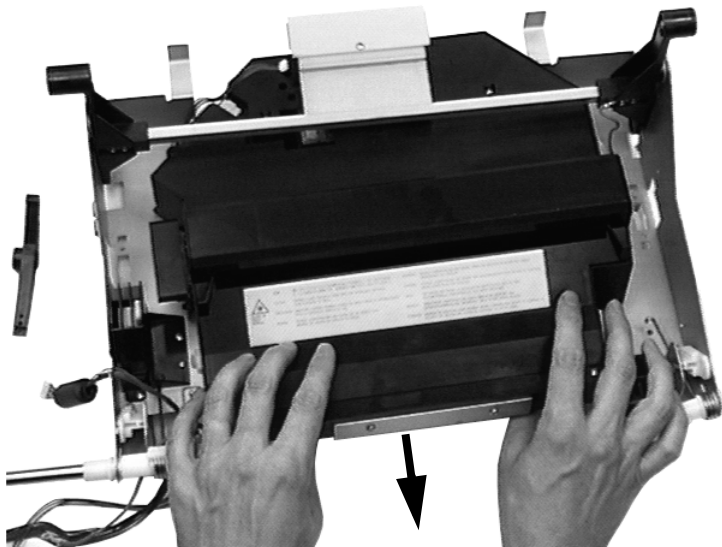
- 3 Remove the two screws securing the left spring holder plate and remove the plate and spring from the housing.
- 4 Repeat step 3 for the right spring holder plate.
- 5 Pull up the actuator rod and slide it out the end of the top cover housing.





- 6 Turn the top cover housing over so that the laser/scanner assembly faces up.
- 7 Disconnect the three cables going into the laser/scanner assembly and free the cables from all clamps.
- 8 Pull the fuser guide lever off the end of the hinge shaft.
- 9 Slide the shaft to the left far enough to thread the shaft free of the two laser/scanner collars.



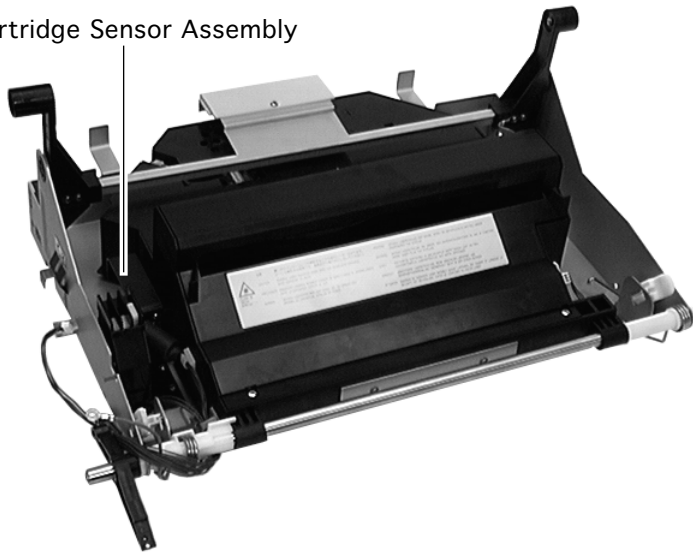


- 10 Pull the laser/scanner assembly toward you and raise it free of the housing.
- 11 Free the bottom cabling from the clamps and remove the laser/scanner assembly.



Cartridge Sensor Assembly

Cartridge Sensor Assembly

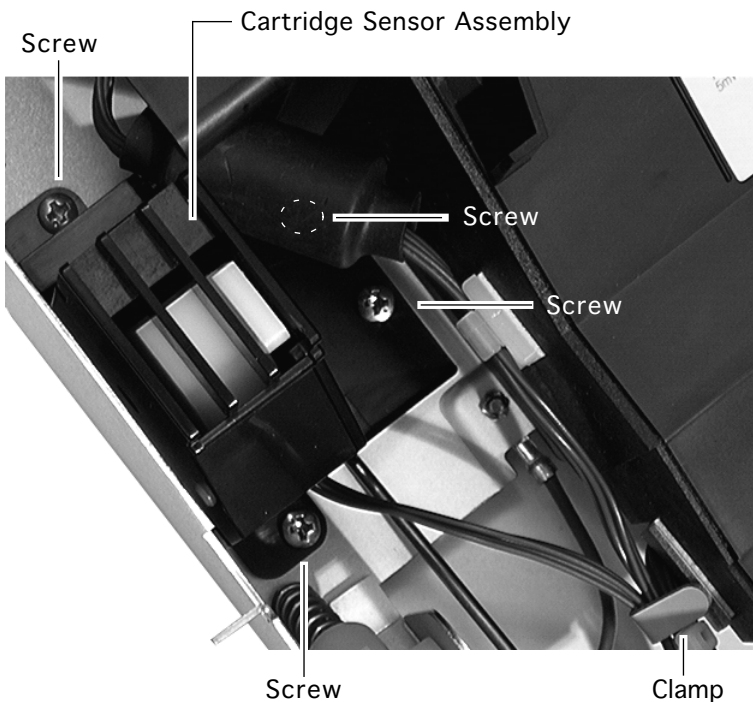


- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Exit cover
- Top cover
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board
- Top cover housing

- 1 Place the top cover housing on the work surface so that the laser/scanner faces up.

Top Cover Housing





- 2 Release the cartridge sensor assembly cable from the clamp.
- 3 Remove the four screws securing the cartridge sensor assembly to the metal housing.
- 4 Remove the cartridge sensor assembly.

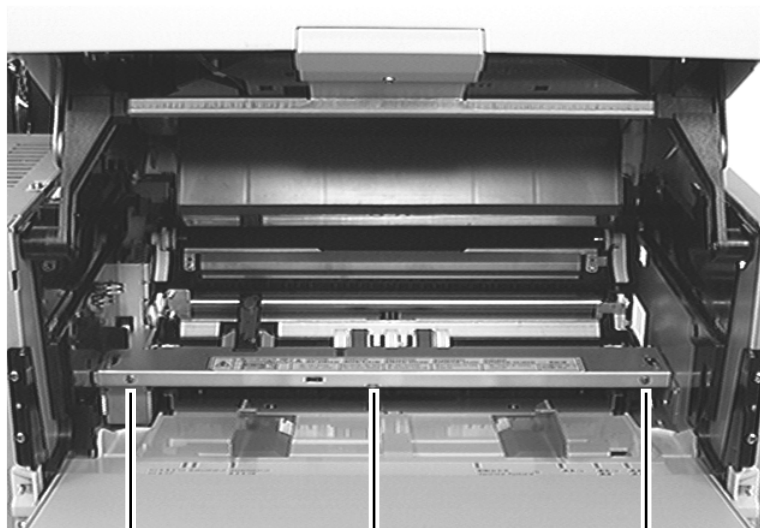




Manual Feed Sensor Assembly

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.

- 1 Open the manual feed cover and top cover and keep them open while you perform the steps below.
- 2 Remove the two screws securing the assembly to the printer frame (one at each end, facing outwards).

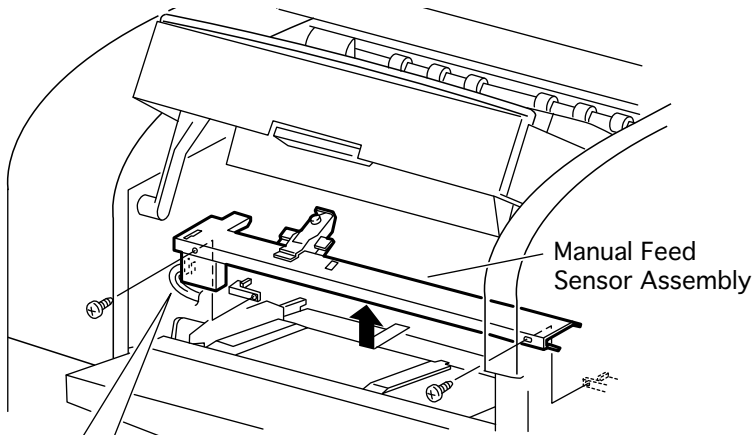


Screw

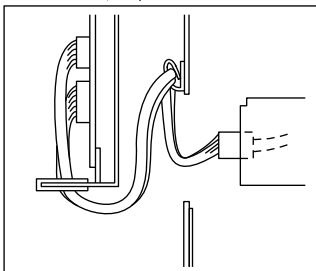
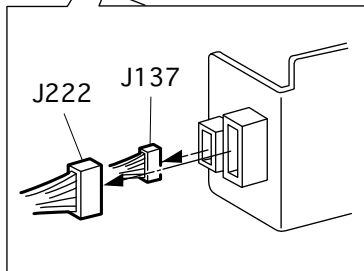
Screw

Manual Feed Sensor Assembly



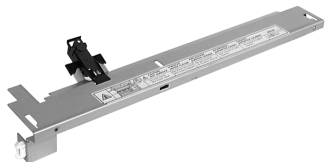


- 3 Press down the manual feed guide tray and slide the manual feed sensor assembly toward you to release the two hooks at each end of the assembly.
- 4 Raise the right end of the sensor assembly and slide it slightly to the right.



Caution: The sensor actuator will be hanging loose below the sensor assembly. Be very careful not to damage it during the following steps.





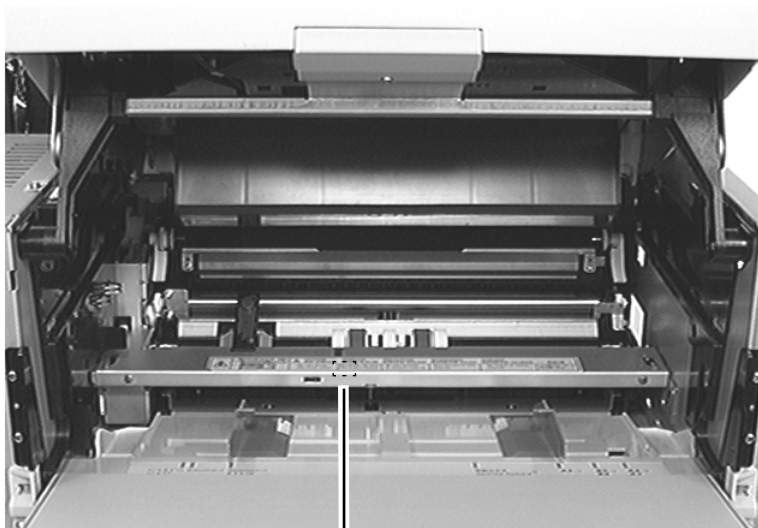
- 5 Lift the left end of the sensor assembly from the printer frame just enough to get access to the two cable connectors.
- 6 Carefully disconnect the two cables and remove the sensor assembly from the printer.

Manual Feed Sensor Assembly



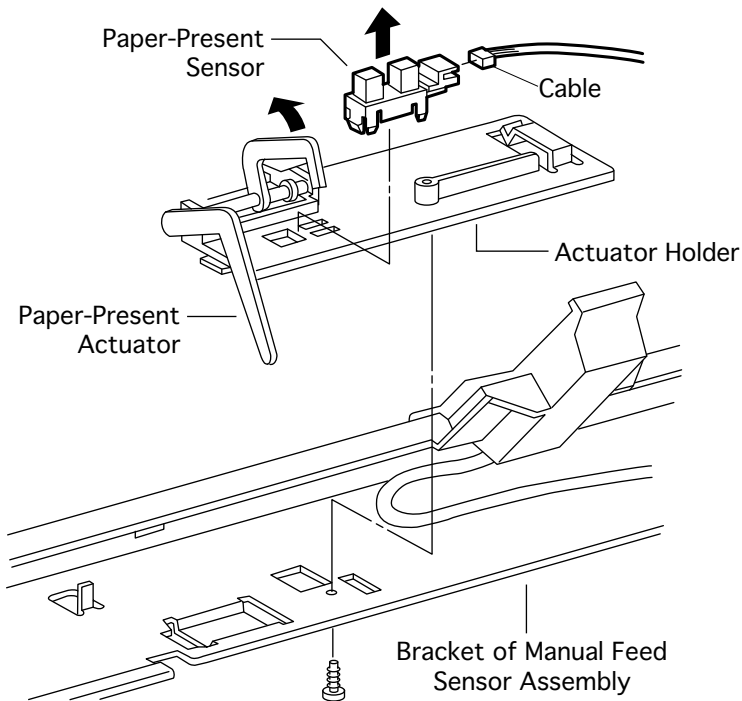
Manual Feed Paper-Present Sensor

Before you begin, remove the manual feed sensor assembly.



Manual Feed Paper-Present Sensor
(Inside Manual Feed Sensor Assembly)





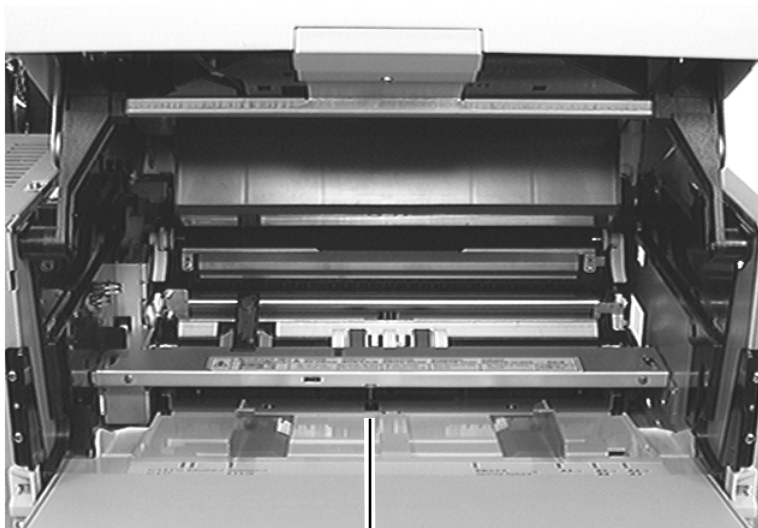
- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the manual feed paper-present sensor and free the cable from the clamp.
- 2 Remove the brass-colored screw securing the black actuator holder to the assembly bracket.
- 3 Release the two hooks and remove the actuator holder from the bracket.
- 4 While protecting the actuator, squeeze the hooks on the sensor and remove the sensor from the actuator holder.





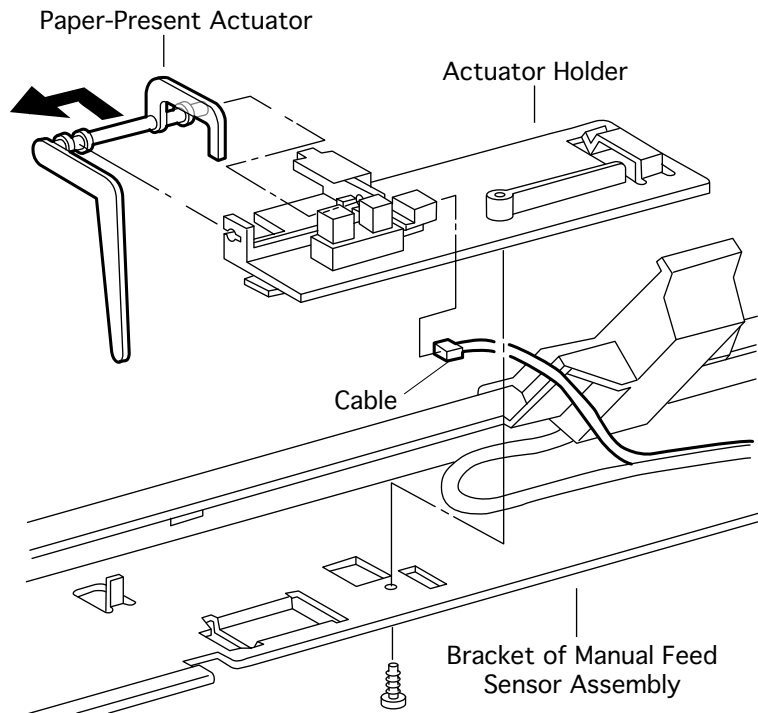
Manual Feed Paper-Present Actuator

Before you begin, remove the manual feed sensor assembly.



Manual Feed Paper-Present Actuator
(Inside Manual Feed Sensor Assembly)





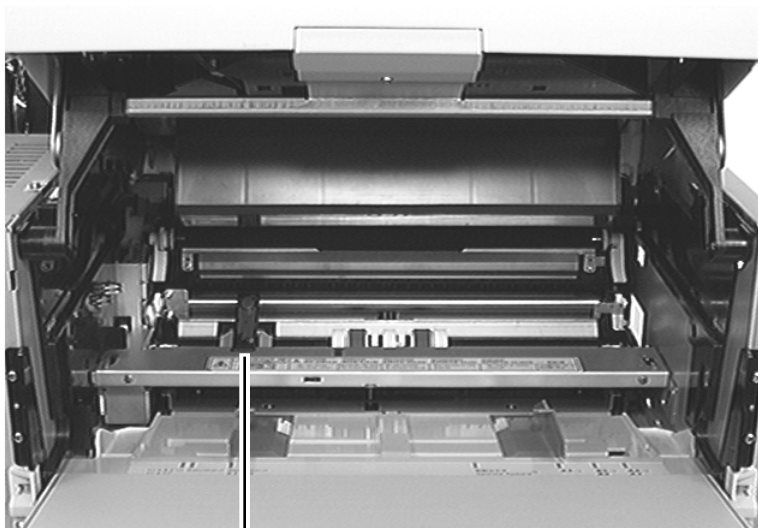
- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the manual feed paper-present sensor and free the cable from the clamp.
- 2 Remove the brass-colored screw securing the black actuator holder to the assembly bracket.
- 3 Release the two hooks and remove the actuator holder from the bracket.
- 4 Carefully press the end of the actuator out of its C-grip and remove the actuator from the holder.





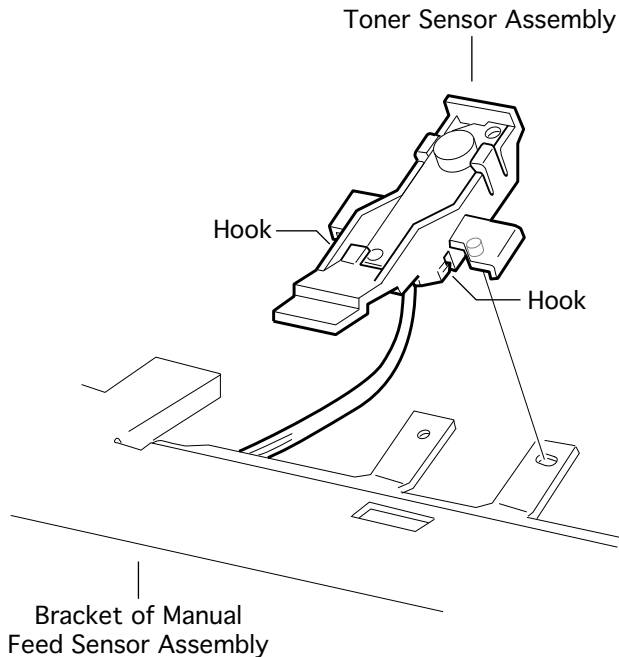
Toner Sensor Assembly

Before you begin, remove the manual feed sensor assembly.



Toner Sensor Assembly





- 1 Release the hooks on the back side of the toner sensor assembly and hold the assembly away from the bracket.
- 2 Remove the toner sensor cable from the cutout at the end of the bracket and lift the assembly free.

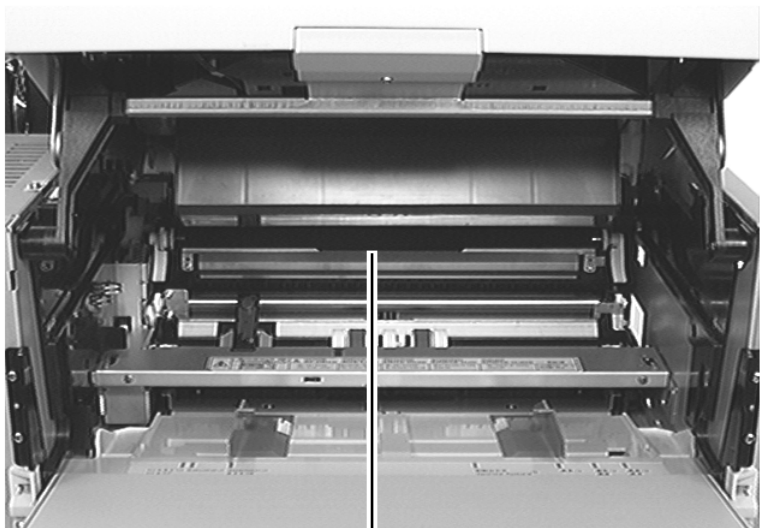




Transfer Roller Assembly

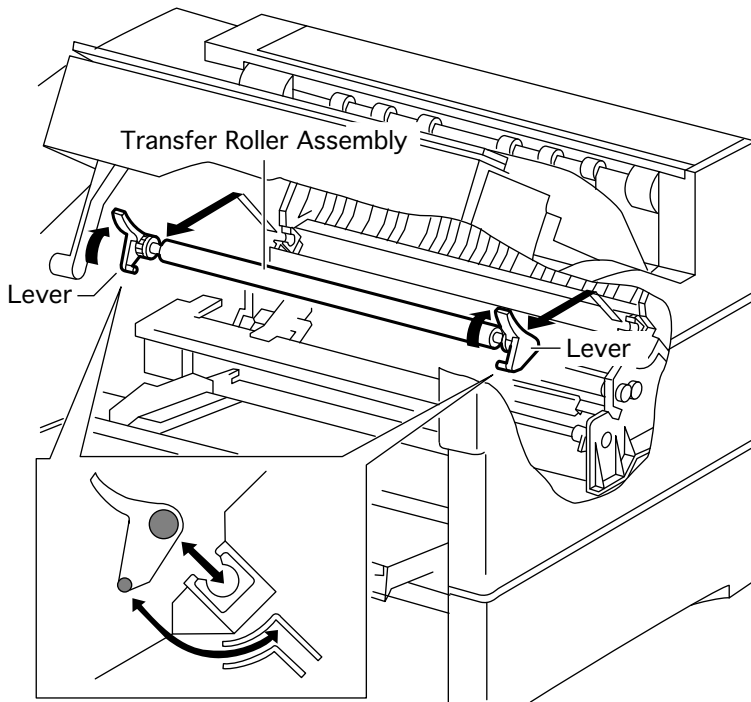
No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.

- 1 Open the manual feed cover and top cover.



Transfer Roller Assembly



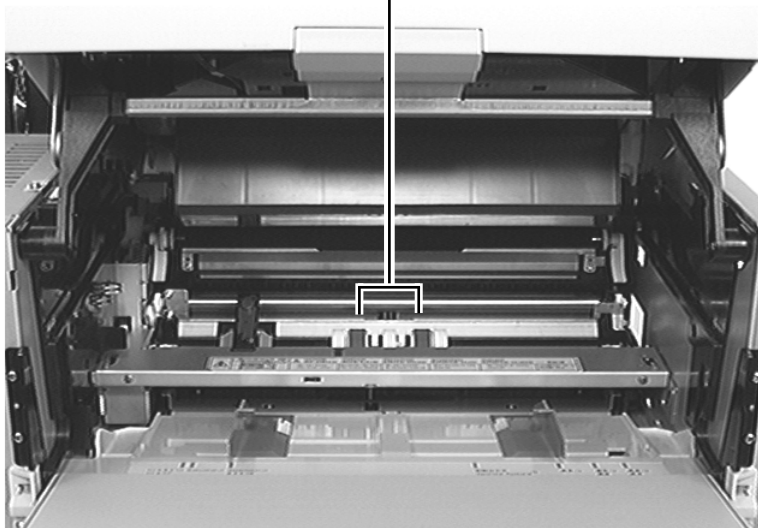


- 2 Turn the transfer roller levers up at both ends.
- 3 Holding the levers, lift the transfer roller assembly upwards at a 45 degree angle and remove the assembly from the printer.





Manual Feed Pickup Rollers



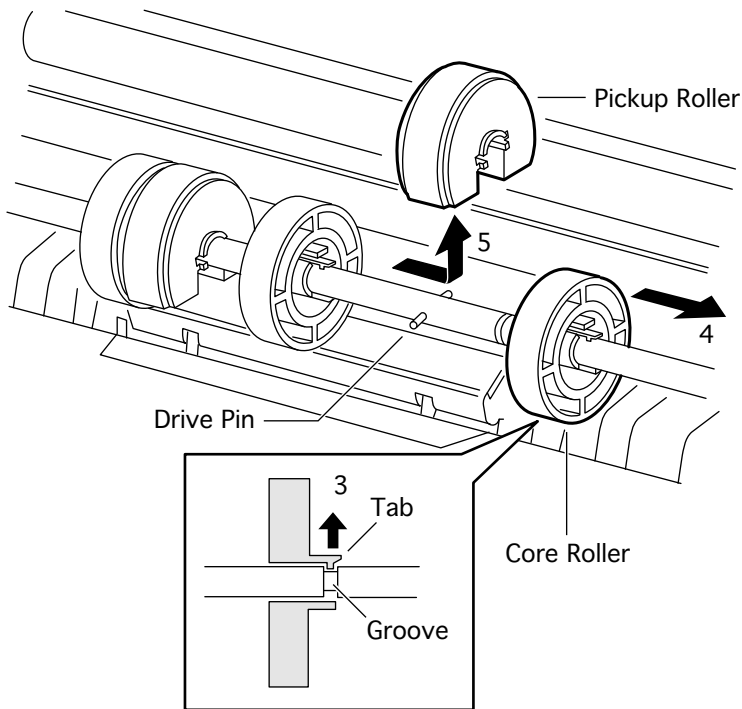
Manual Feed Pickup Roller

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Manual feed sensor assembly

- 1 Open the manual feed cover and top cover.
- 2 Rotate the pickup shaft so that the pickup cams





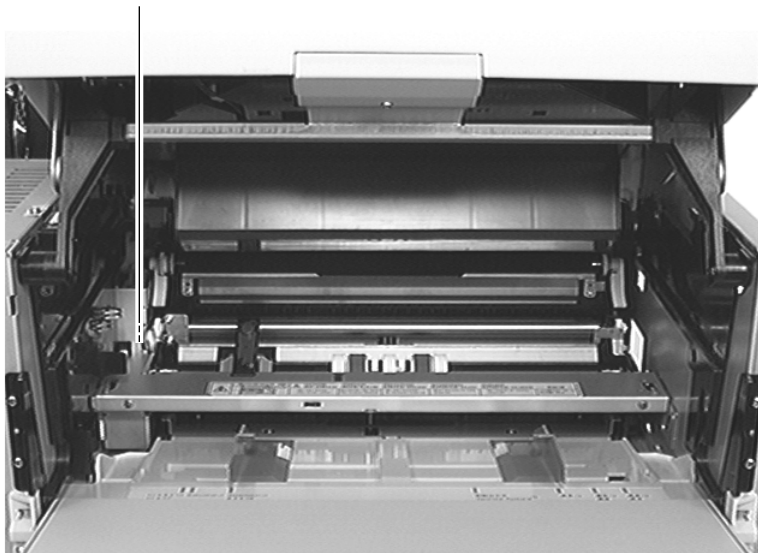
face downward (you may have to press down on the armature of the manual feed solenoid).

- 3 Release the tab on the smooth white core roller from the groove on the pickup shaft.
- 4 Slide the core roller away from the pickup roller.
- 5 Slide the pickup roller in the same direction until it clears the shaft drive pin and remove the pickup roller from the shaft.





Manual Feed Pickup Solenoid



Manual Feed Pickup Solenoid

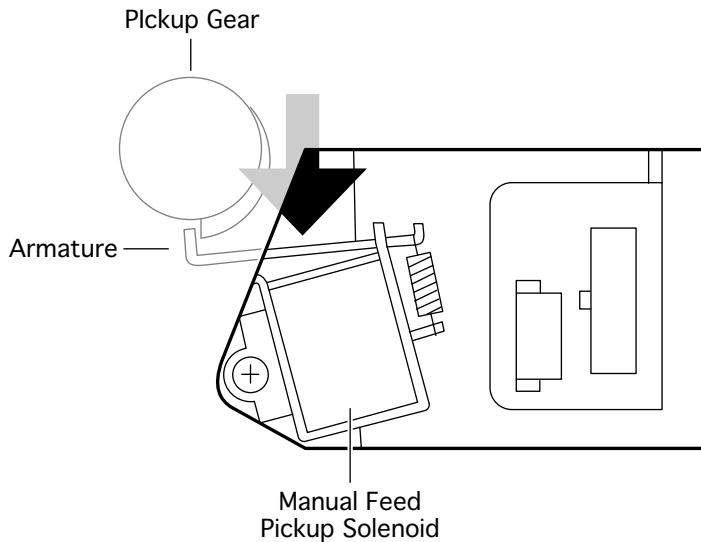
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board
- DC controller board
- Manual feed sensor assembly





- 1 Press down on the armature of the pickup solenoid.

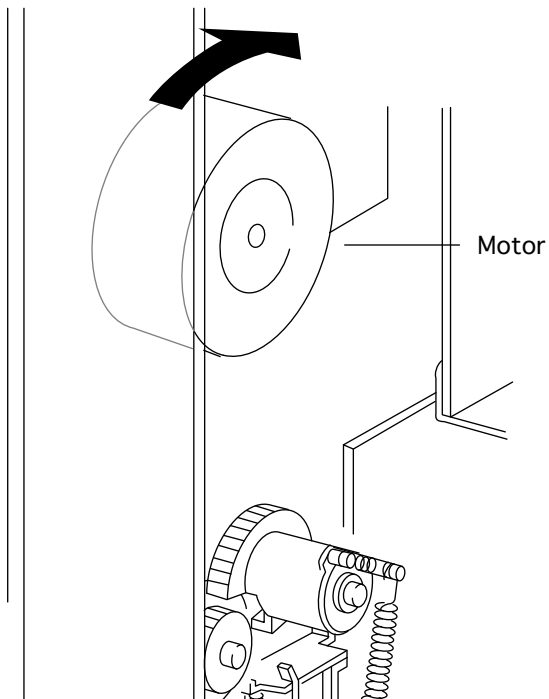


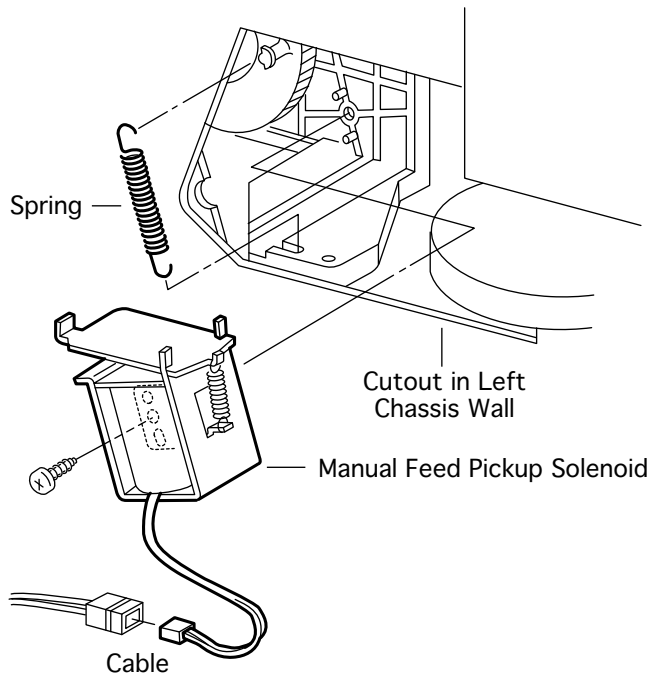
View Through Cutout in Left Chassis Wall





- 2 Rotate the rotor of the main motor clockwise until the pickup gear stops.





- 3 Press down again on the pickup solenoid armature.
- 4 Remove the spring that goes between the pickup gear and the body of the transport chute assembly.
- 5 Disconnect the pickup solenoid cable.
- 6 Through the opening in the chassis wall, remove the screw and lift the solenoid from the transport chute assembly.



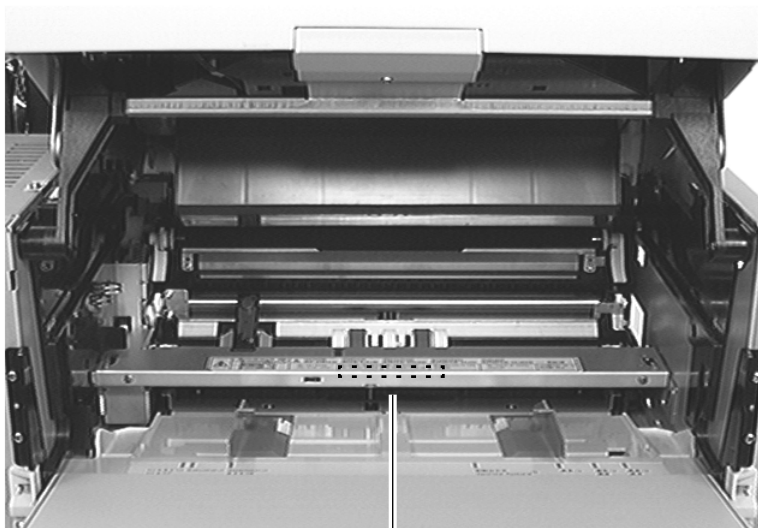


Separation Pad Assembly

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover
- Manual feed sensor assembly
- Manual feed pickup rollers

- 1 Open the top cover and keep it open while you perform the steps below.

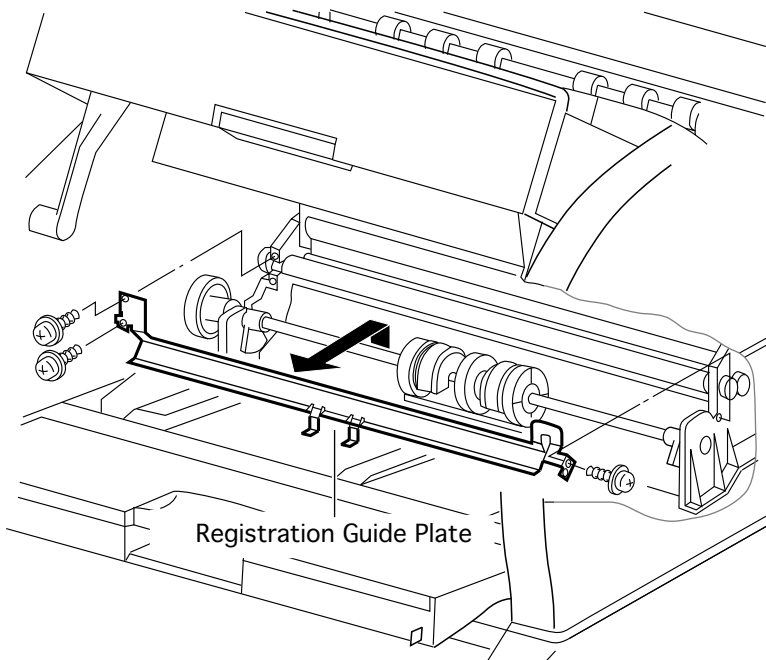


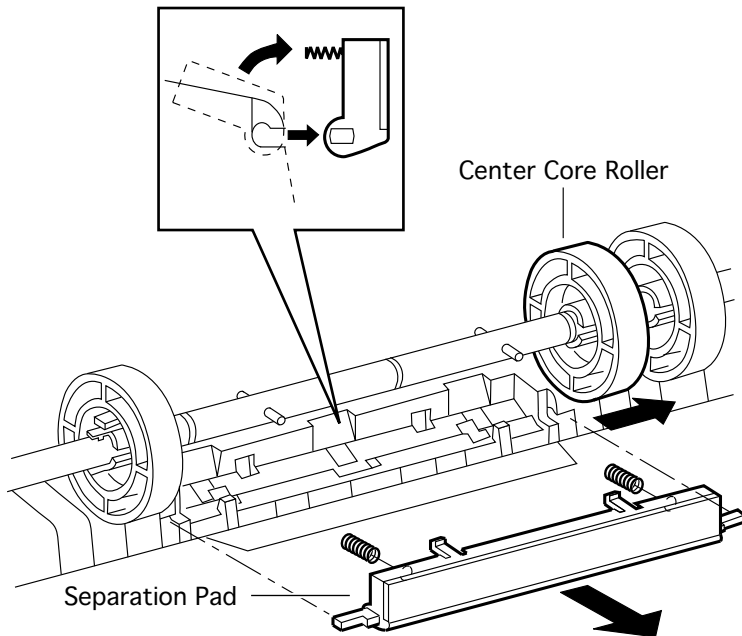
Separation Pad





- 2 Remove the three screws securing the registration guide plate to the transport chute assembly and remove the plate from the printer.





- 3 Remove the E-ring securing the right of the center core roller (some units may have only a flex tab) and slide the roller to the right, away from the separation pad.

Note: There are notches in the core roller that allow it to pass over the shaft drive pins.

- 4 Press the separation pad to the front and pull its rear side up to release the hooks on its rear side from the transport chute assembly.



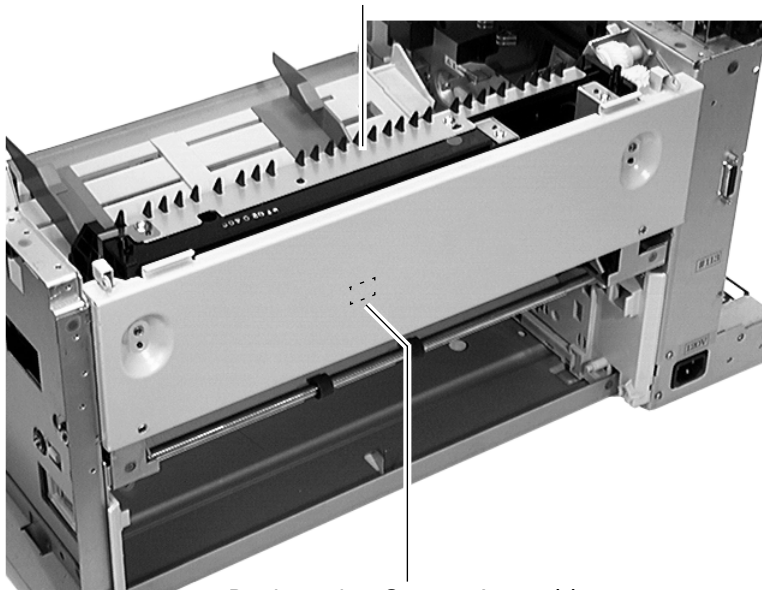


- 5 Hold the separation pad at a right angle and ensure that the two springs stay attached.
- 6 Remove the separation pad and the two springs.

Note: The separation pad and springs are available as a kit (P/N 076-0651).



Transport Chute Assembly



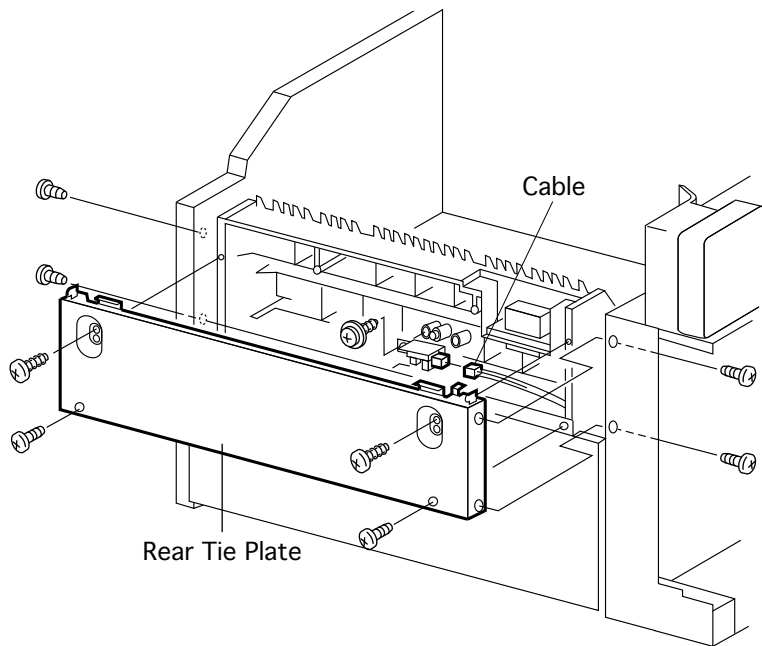
Registration Sensor Assembly
(Inside Transport Chute Assembly)

Registration Sensor Assembly

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Exit cover
- Top cover
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board
- Top cover housing





- 1 Remove the eight screws that secure the rear tie plate to the printer chassis.
- 2 Disconnect the cable from the registration sensor.
- 3 Remove the one screw securing the sensor bracket to the transport chute assembly and remove the bracket together with sensor and actuator.

Note: The registration sensor assembly is available as P/N 076-0652

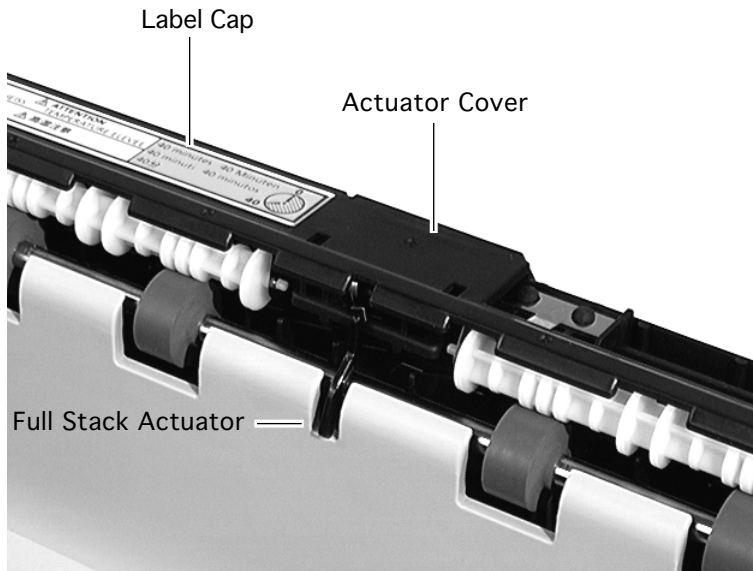




Full Stack Sensor & Actuator

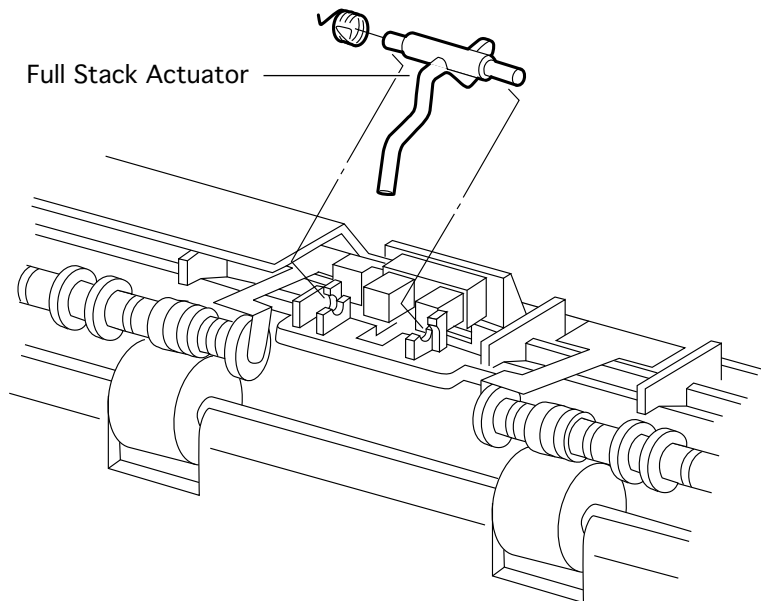
Before you begin, remove the fuser access cover.

- 1 Release the tabs and remove the label cap from the fuser assembly.
- 2 Using a jeweller's screwdriver, release the tabs and remove the actuator cover from the fuser assembly.
- 3 Disconnect the harness cable from the full stack sensor (not shown).





Full Stack Actuator

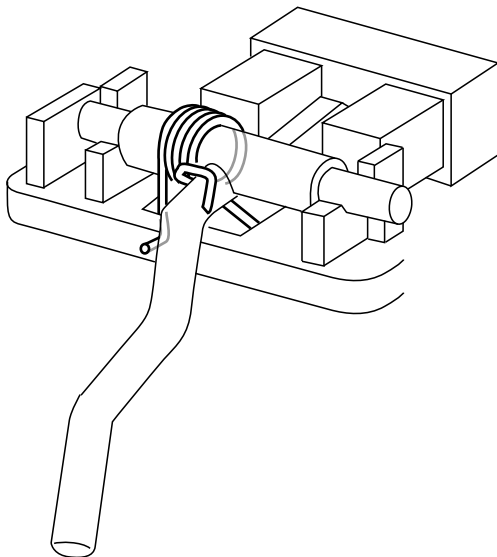


- 1 Pinch the right end of the shaft of the actuator and pull it from its grip.
- 2 Slide the actuator to the right and remove it and the spring from the fuser assembly.





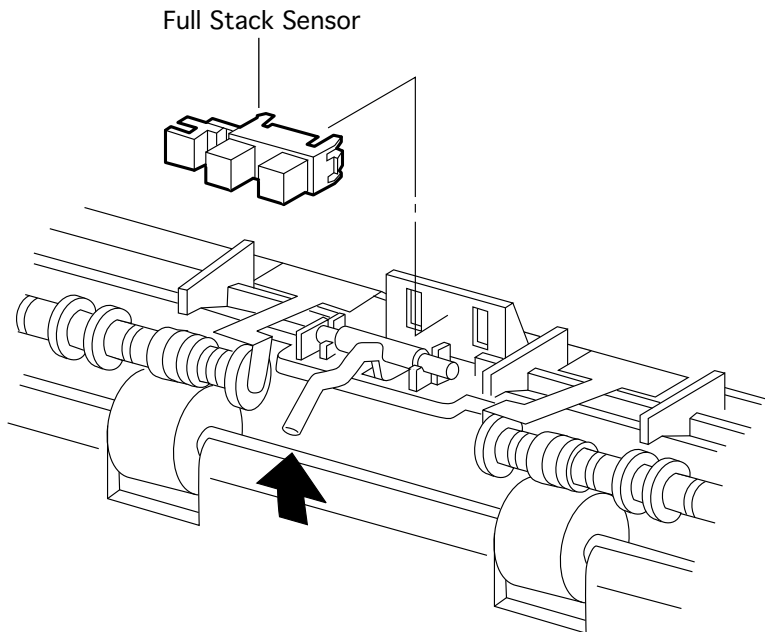
Replacement Note: Make sure that the actuator spring is replaced in the manner shown in the illustration.





Full Stack Sensor

- 1 Hold the actuator up so that its flag is clear of the sensor.
- 2 Release the four hooks and remove the sensor from the fuser assembly.

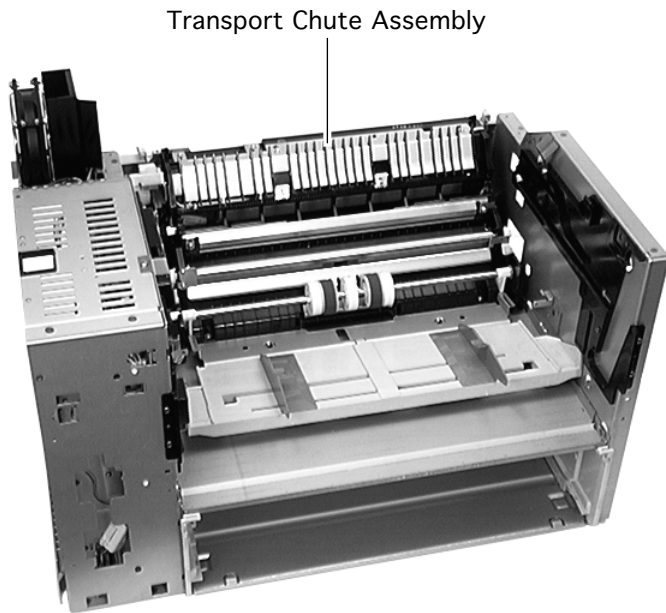




Transport Chute Assembly

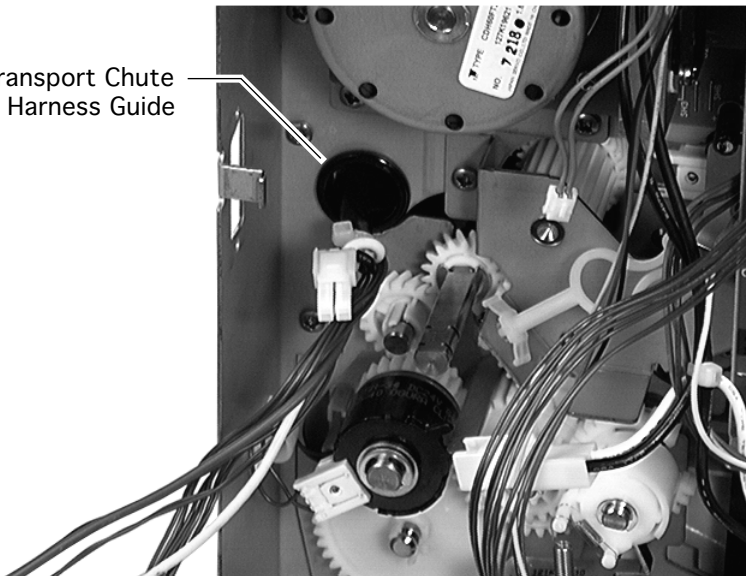
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Right cover
- Front left cover
- Exit cover
- Front cover
- Top cover
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board
- Duplex interface board





Transport Chute
Harness Guide

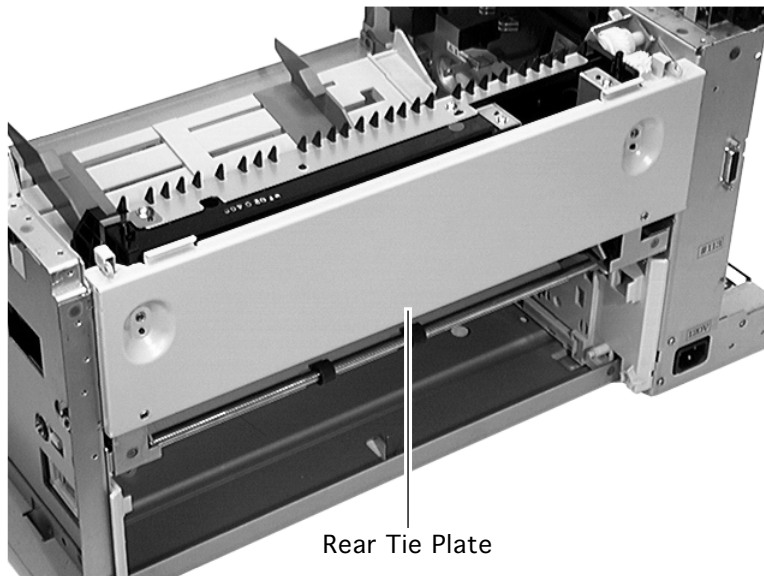


- DC controller board
- Manual feed sensor assembly
- Transfer roller
- Top cover housing

- 1 Disconnect all the cables that route through the transport chute harness guide and free the cables as necessary from all cable clamps.

Note: Most of the transport chute harness cables connect to one of the circuit boards within the right frame. Some have intermediate



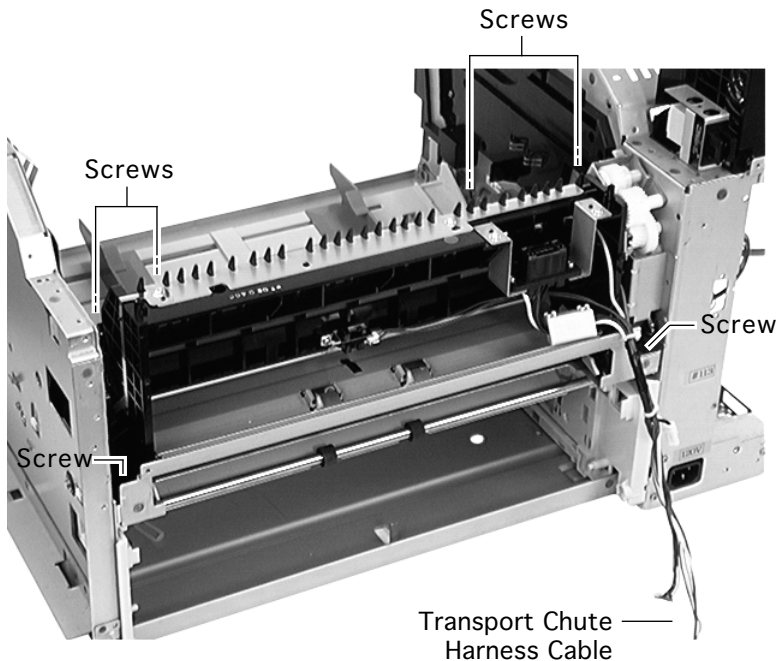


Rear Tie Plate

couplings that can be disconnected.

- 2 Remove the eight screws securing the rear tie plate to the chassis (two each along the right and left edges, and four through the front face).
- 3 Remove the rear tie plate from the chassis.





- 4 Pull the transport chute harness through the chassis wall and let it hang free alongside the printer.
- 5 Remove the six screws securing the transport chute assembly to the chassis (two each at the right and left ends and two along the inside edge).
- 6 Remove the transport chute assembly from the chassis.

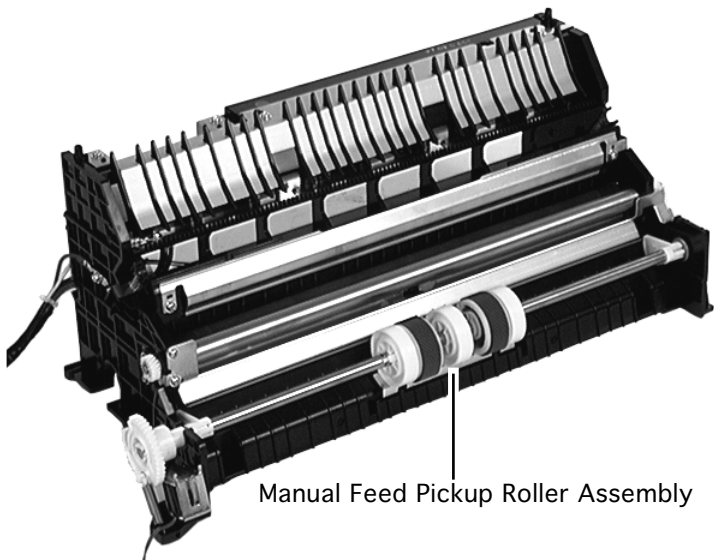




Manual Feed Pickup Roller Assembly

Before you begin, remove the following:

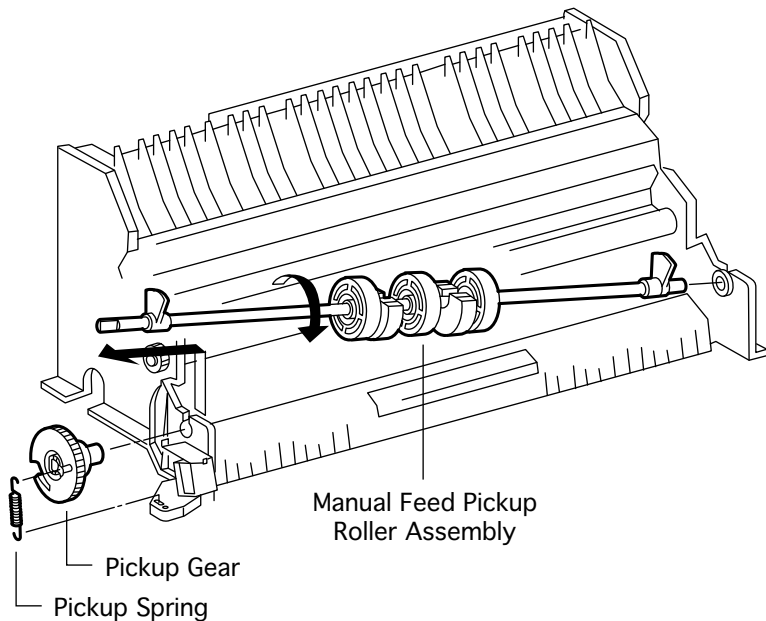
- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover
- Exit cover
- Top cover
- Front cover
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board



Manual Feed Pickup Roller Assembly

Transport Chute Assembly

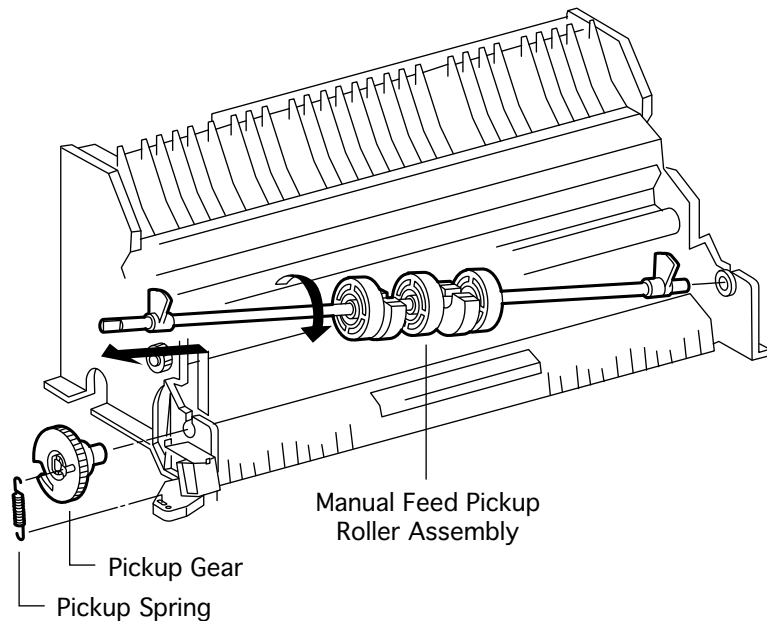




- Duplex interface board
- DC controller board
- Manual feed sensor assembly
- Transfer roller
- Top cover housing
- Transport chute assembly

- 1 Remove the pickup spring that goes from the pickup gear to the frame of the transport chute assembly.
- 2 Release the hook and slide the pickup gear from the shaft.
- 3 Rotate the pickup rollers so that their rubber





surfaces are face down.

- 4 Lift the left end of the pickup roller assembly and remove its left end from the transport chute assembly.
- 5 Slide the pickup roller assembly to the left and remove its right end from the bearing.

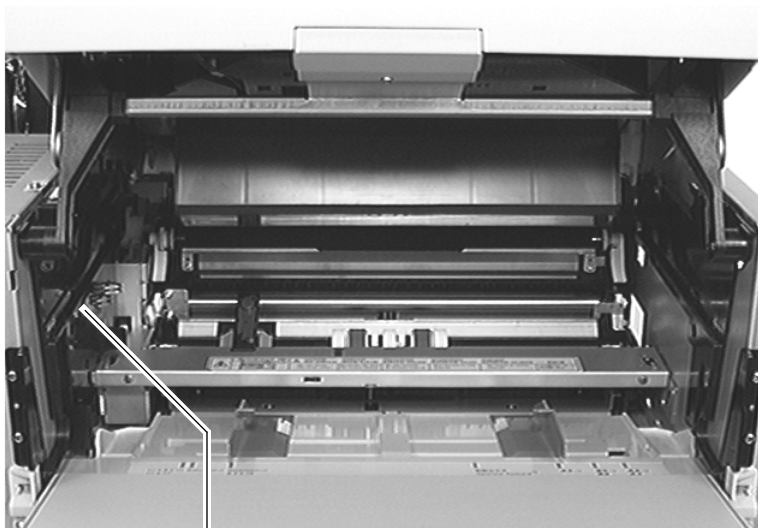




Left Cartridge Guide Assembly

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Right cover
- Front left cover
- Front cover
- Transfer roller
- I/O board

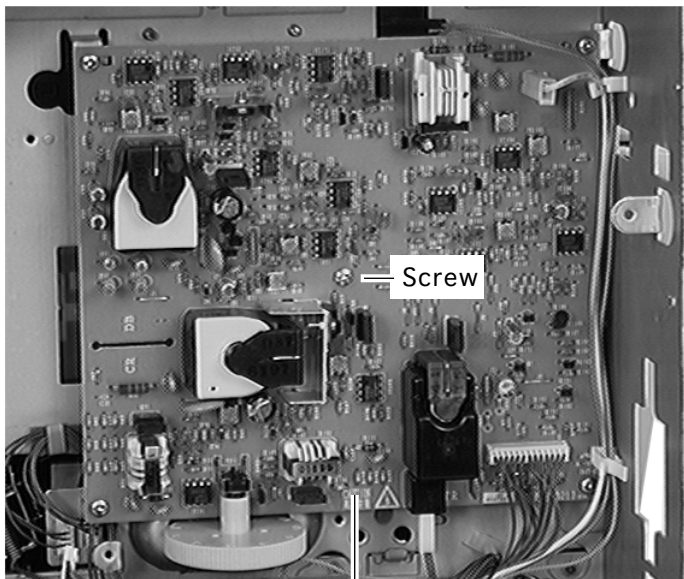


Left Cartridge Guide Assembly



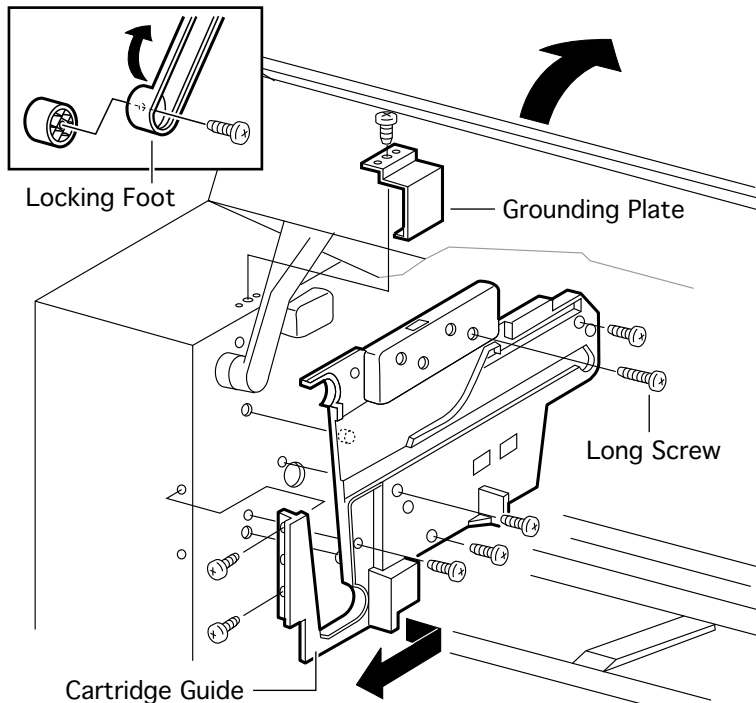


- 1 Remove the center screw of the high-voltage power supply (this screw goes into the back of the cartridge guide).



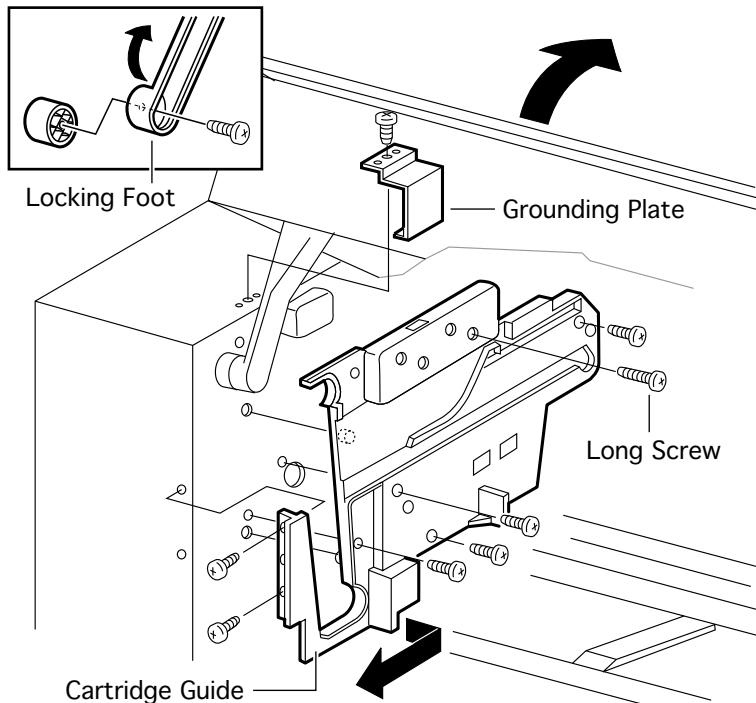
High-Voltage Power Supply





- 2 Open the top cover and hold it open during the operation below.
- 3 Remove the screw and the grounding plate on top of the cartridge guide.
- 4 Remove the one long gold-colored screw securing the upper part of the cartridge guide.
- 5 Remove the six other normal silver-colored screws securing the cartridge guide.
- 6 From the board side of





the chassis wall, press out the posts that secure the cartridge guide to the chassis and remove the guide from the printer.

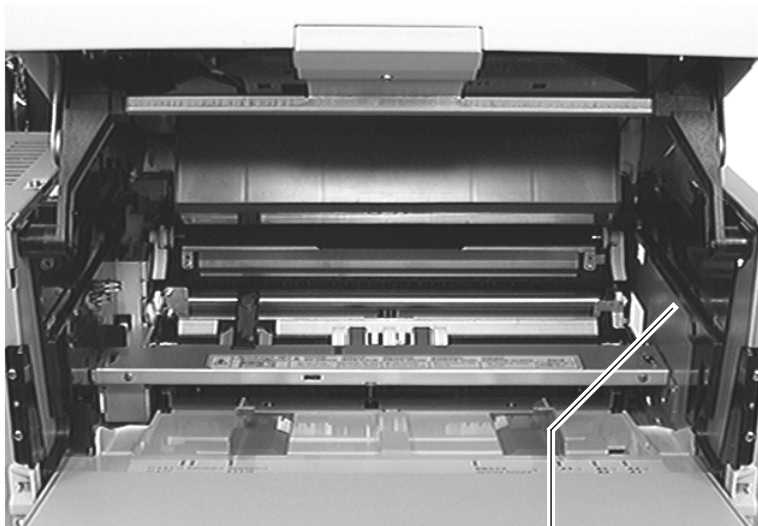




Right Cartridge Guide Assembly

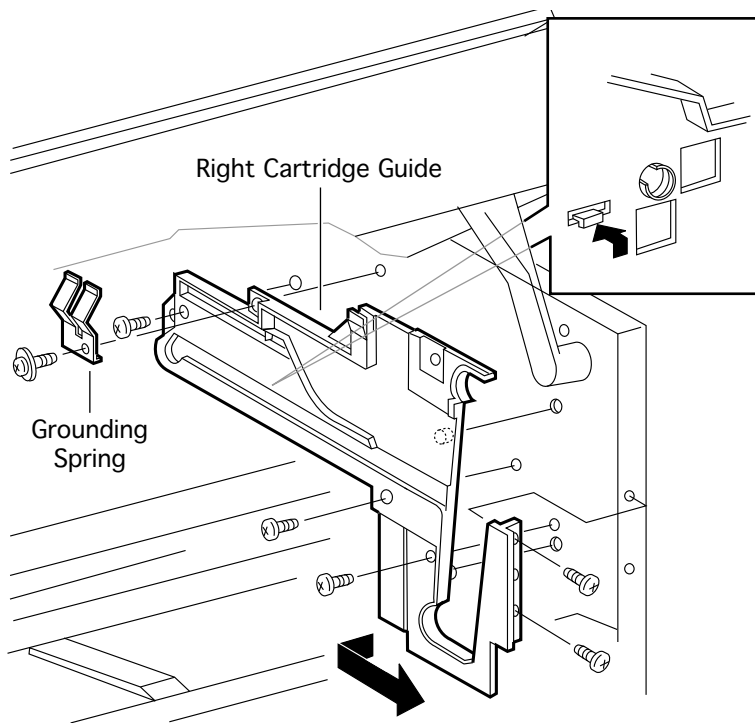
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Right cover
- Front left cover
- Front cover
- Transfer roller



Right Cartridge Guide Assembly





- 1 Open the top cover and hold it open during the operation below.
- 2 Remove the screw and the grounding spring.
- 3 Remove the five screws securing the rear left end and front left side of the cartridge guide.
- 4 From the board side of the chassis wall, press out the posts that secure the cartridge guide to the chassis and remove the guide from the printer

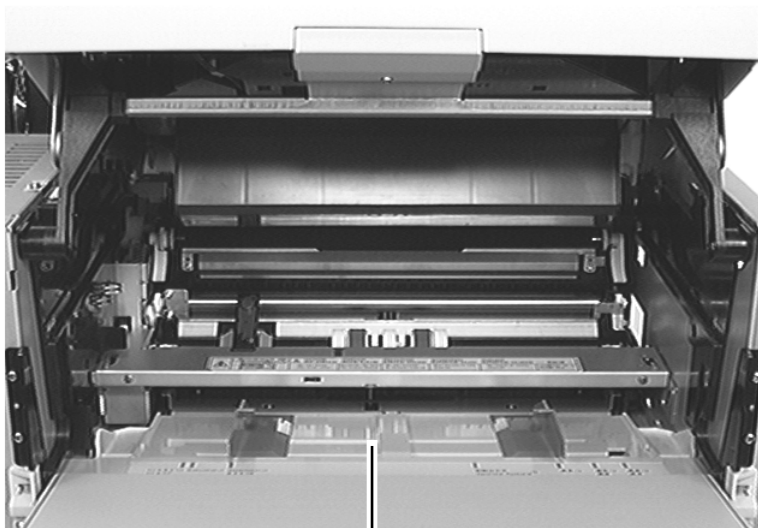




Manual Feed Guide Tray

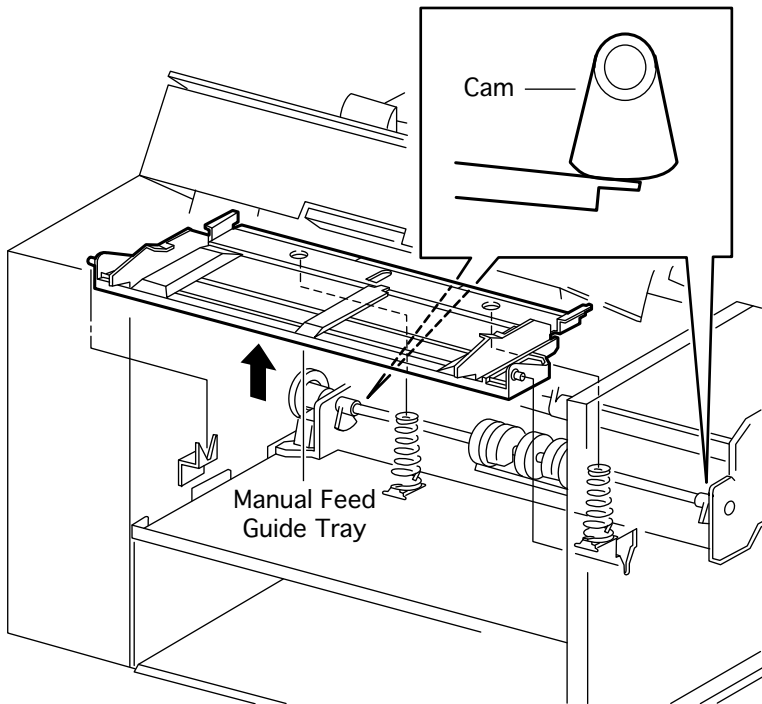
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Front left cover
- Right top cover
- Right cover
- Exit cover
- Top cover
- Front cover
- Manual feed sensor assembly
- Left cartridge guide



Manual Feed Guide Tray





- Right cartridge guide

- 1 Lift the left side of the manual feed guide tray and pull the tray out from under the cams on the ends of the pickup roller assembly.

Note: You can rotate the pickup rollers up so that they do not interfere with the removal of the tray.

- 2 Lift the left front side of the tray, slide it to the left, and remove the tray from the printer.

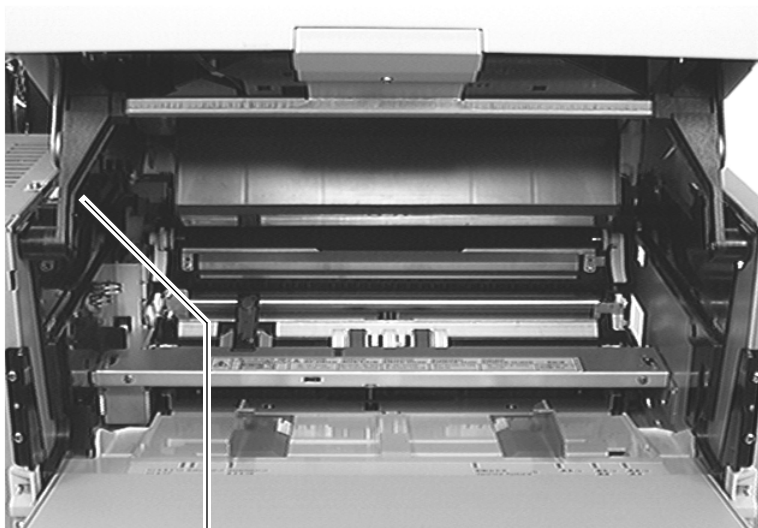




Top Cover Interlock Switch

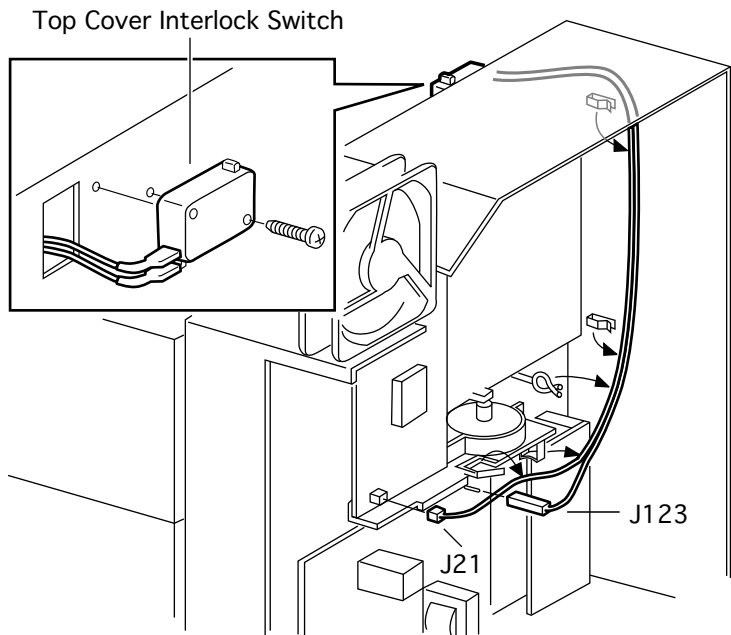
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Right cover
- Front left cover
- Front cover
- Transfer roller
- I/O board
- Left cartridge guide



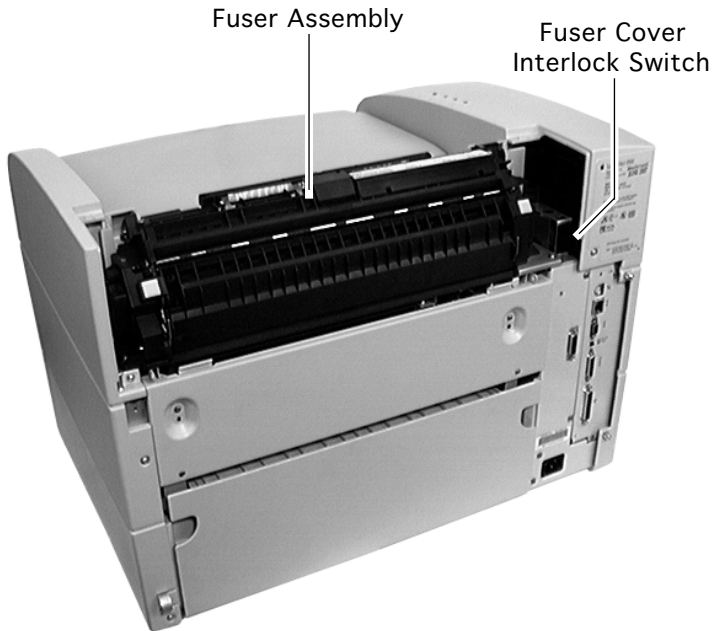
Top Cover Interlock Switch
(Inside Left Cartridge Guide Assembly)





- 1 Disconnect J123 on the power supply and J21 on the DC controller board (single orange wires) and release the cable from the intermediate clamps.
- 2 With the top cover propped open, remove the screw securing the interlock switch to the chassis.
- 3 Pull the interlock cable through the cutout in the chassis and remove the interlock switch from the printer.



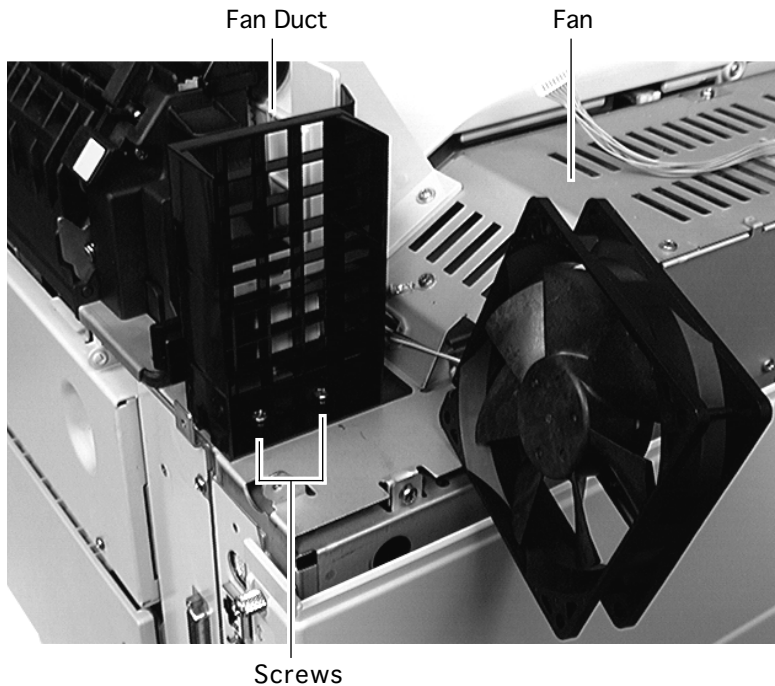


Fuser Cover Interlock Switch

Before you begin, remove the following:

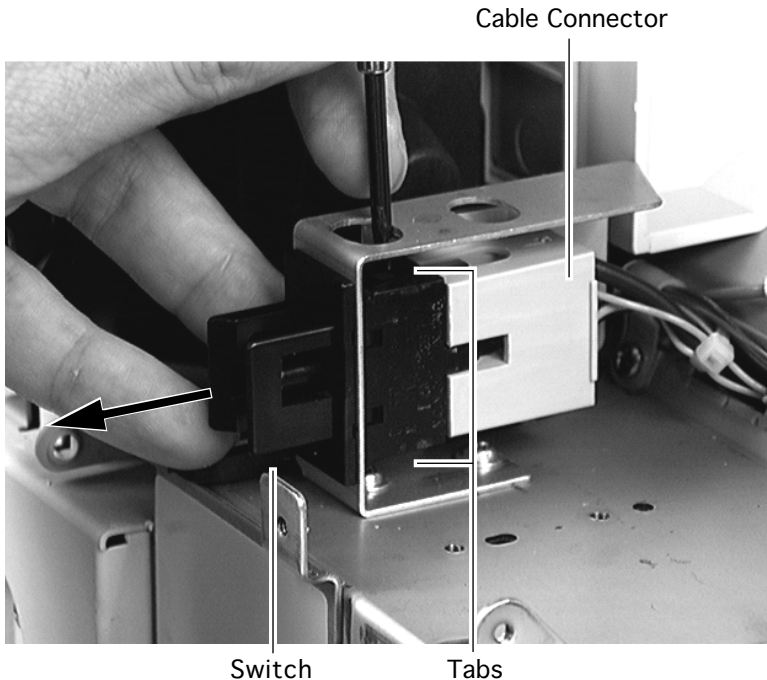
- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover





- 1 Remove the two screws that secure the fan to the chassis and lift the fan clear so that it hangs loosely from its cable.
- 2 Remove the two screws that secure the fan duct to the chassis and remove the duct from the printer.





- 3 Press the tabs on the top and bottom of the switch and pull the switch outward from the switch shield.

Note: The cable connector going into the switch has four copper leads and will offer some resistance when performing the following step.

- 4 Pry the switch from the cable connector and remove the switch from the printer.

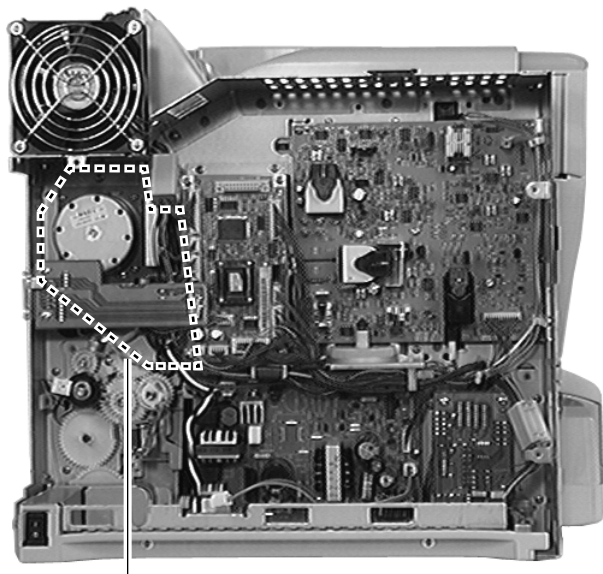




Main Gear Assembly

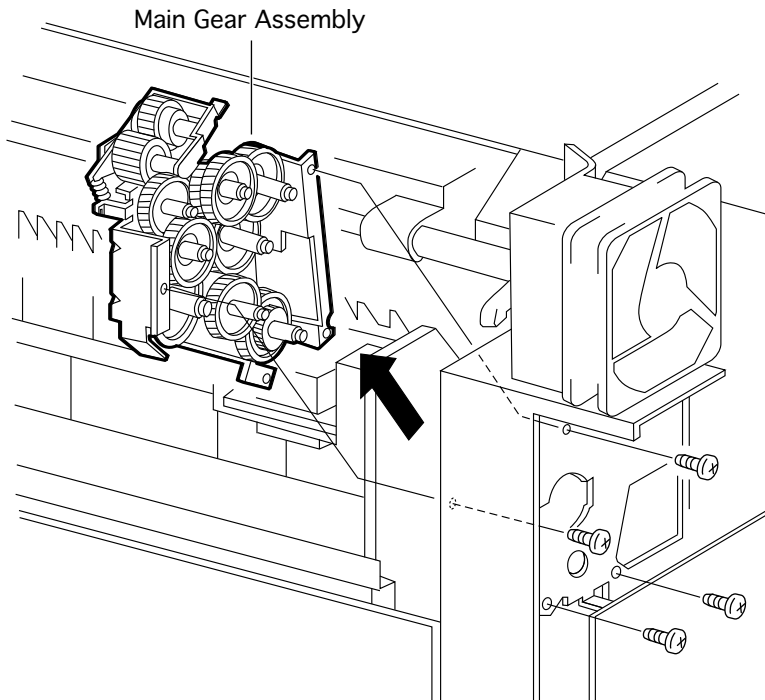
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Fuser access cover
- Left top cover
- Right top cover
- Left cover assembly
- Right cover
- Front left cover
- Exit cover
- Top cover housing
- Front cover
- Transfer roller
- Fuser assembly
- I/O board



Main Gear Assembly
(Inside Chassis Wall)

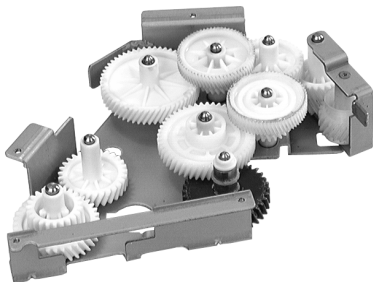




- Duplex interface board
- DC controller board
- Main motor
- Paper handling gear assembly
- Registration clutch assembly
- Left cartridge guide.

- 1 Remove the two screws securing the right top cover latch to the latch shaft.
- 2 Slide the right top cover latch approximately a half inch (10-12 mm) to the left.
- 3 Slide the latch shaft

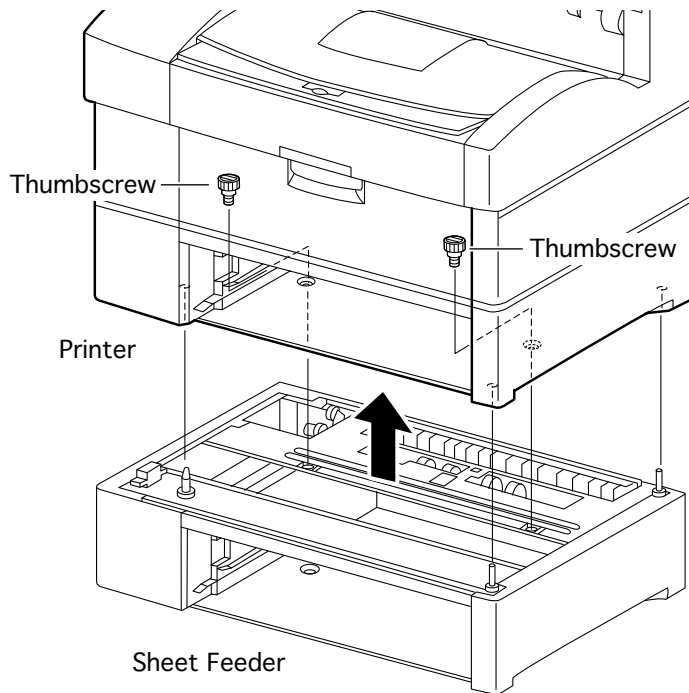




Main Gear Assembly

approximately one quarter inch (5-6 mm) to the right.

- 4 Open and hold the top cover at a right angle and release the two hold-open springs from the rear tie plate.
- 5 Close the top cover.
- 6 Remove the four screws securing the main gear assembly to the chassis.
- 7 Slide the main gear assembly to the right and release gears and shafts from the frame.
- 8 Pull the gear assembly up and behind to remove it from the chassis.



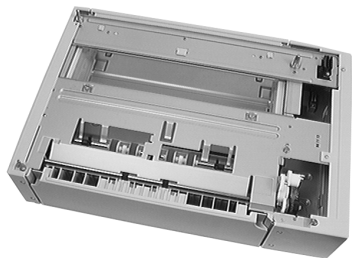
Sheet Feeder

This procedure describes how to separate the sheet feeder and printer.

Caution: The printer is heavy. Please ask for help when lifting it and make sure to keep your back straight, bending only at the knees.

- 1 Remove the cassettes from both the printer and the sheet feeder.
- 2 Remove the two thumb-screws that secure the





Sheet Feeder

printer to the sheet feeder and lift the printer off the feeder.

Note: The thumbscrews are available as P/N 922-3036.

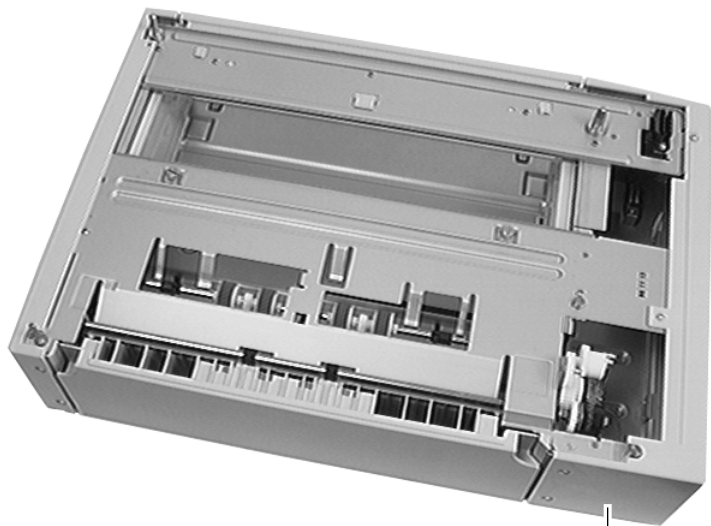
The procedures following this one describe take apart of feeder covers. Other feeder take apart procedures are similar to what is described in the printer section.





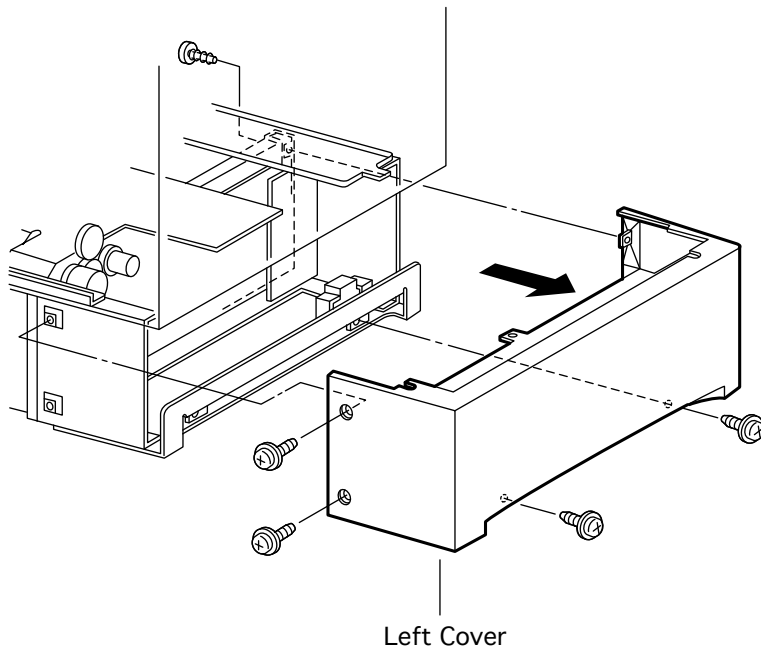
Left Cover

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.



Left Cover





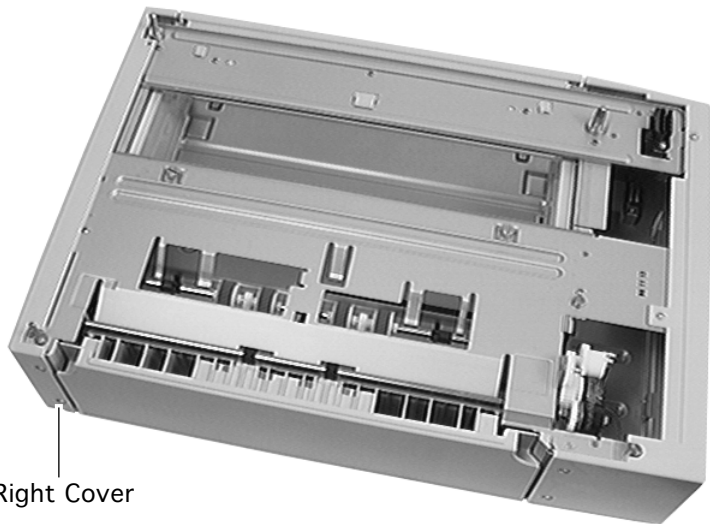
- 1 Remove the five screws that secure the left cover to the feeder chassis (two on the side, two on the rear, and one inside through the cassette guide assembly).
- 2 Remove the left cover.





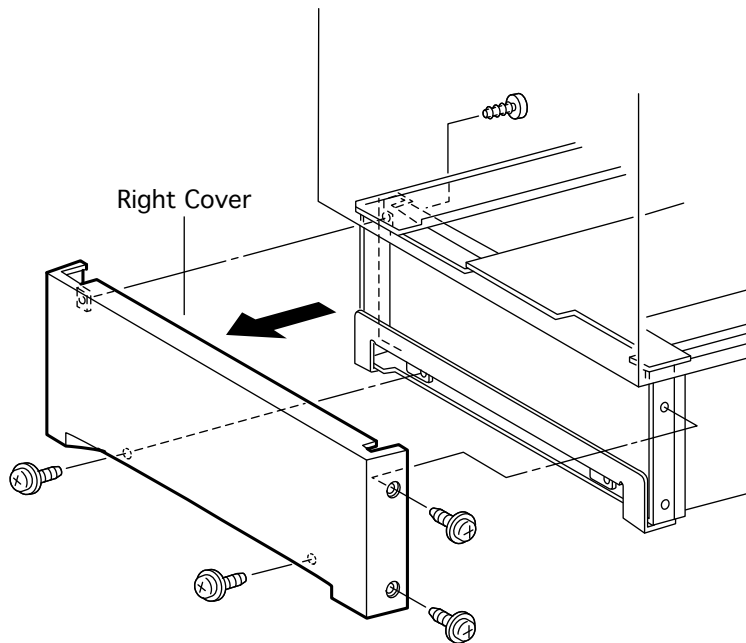
Right Cover

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.



Right Cover





- 1 Remove the five screws that secure the right cover to the feeder chassis (two on the side, two on the rear, and one inside through the cassette guide assembly).
- 2 Remove the right cover.

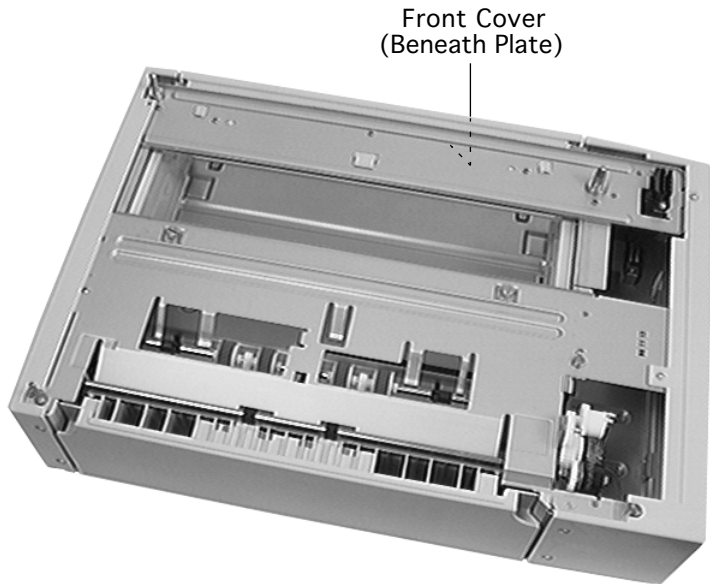


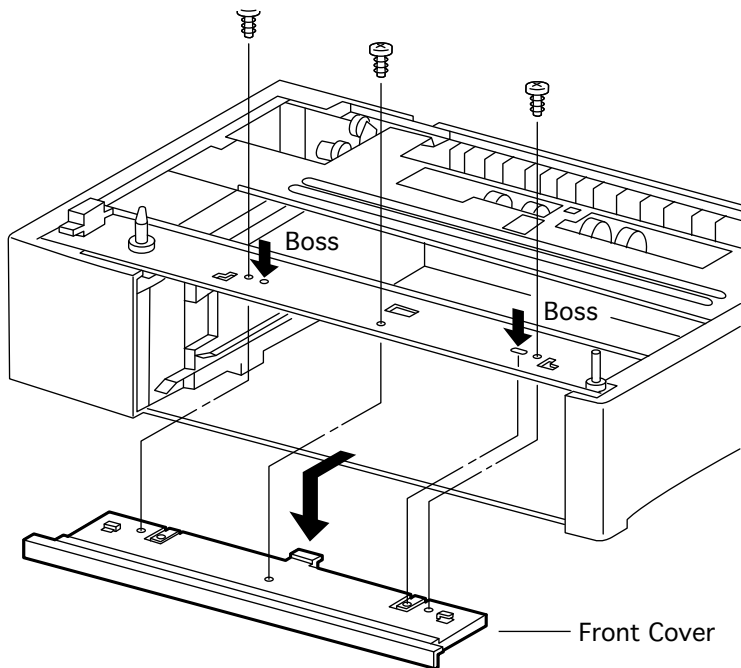


Front Cover

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Left cover
- Right cover





- 1 Remove the three screws along the top that secure the front cover to the feeder chassis.
- 2 Press and release the two bosses, slide the cover forward, and remove the cover from the feeder.

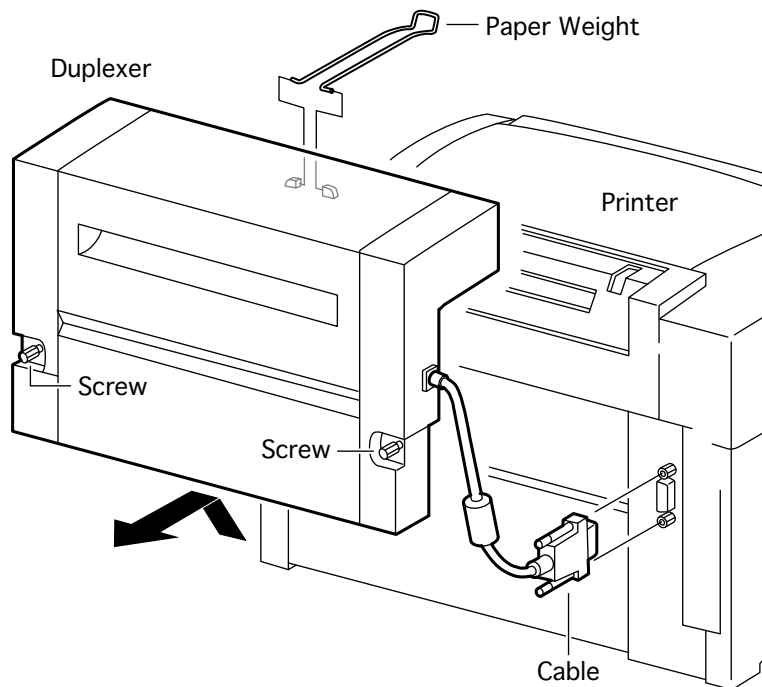




Duplexer

This procedure describes how to separate the duplexer and printer. The procedures following this one describe duplexer take apart.

- 1 Disconnect the duplex interface cable going into the back of the printer.
- 2 Remove the paper weight from the front of the duplexer.
- 3 Loosen the two captive knurled screws that secure the duplexer to



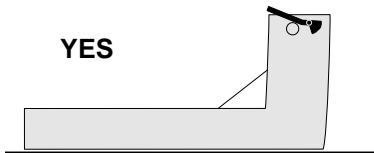


the printer.

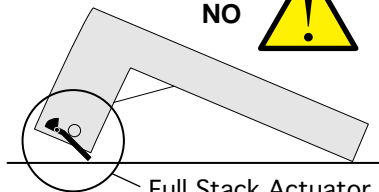
- 4 Remove the duplexer from the printer and set the duplexer flat (metal side up) on the work surface.

WARNING: Never set the duplexer face down. Placing the duplexer in this manner may damage the full stack actuator. The duplexer full stack actuator is available as P/N 922-3038.

YES



NO

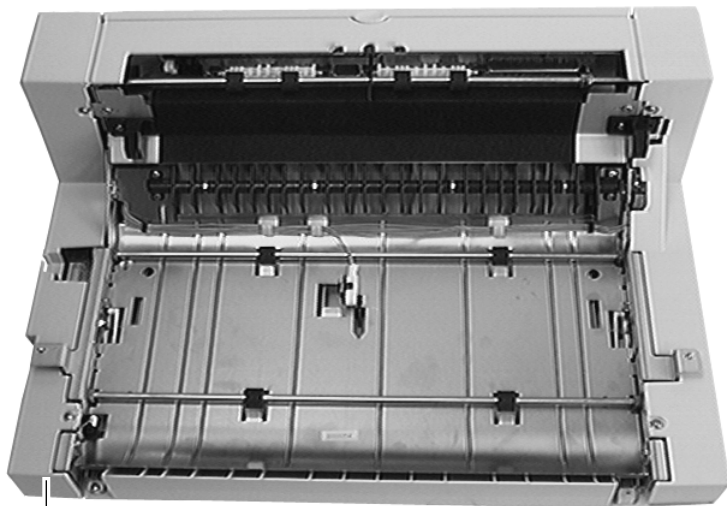


Full Stack Actuator



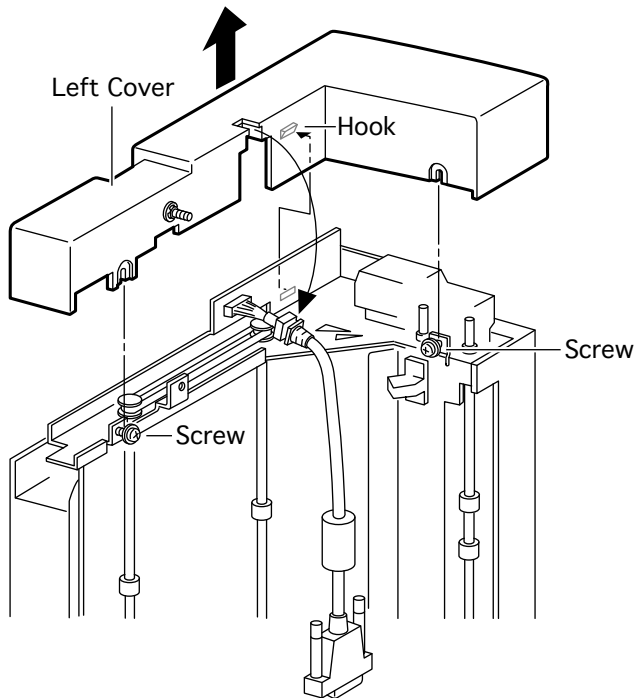
Left Cover

Before you begin, remove the duplexer from the printer.



Left Cover





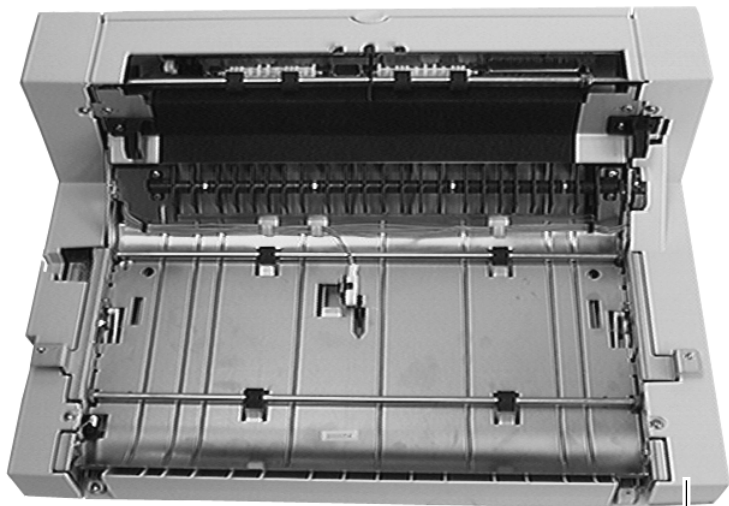
- 1 Loosen the two screws that secure the cover to the duplexer.
- 2 Place the duplexer on a flat surface left side up.
- 3 Release the hook and slip the cover off the duplexer.





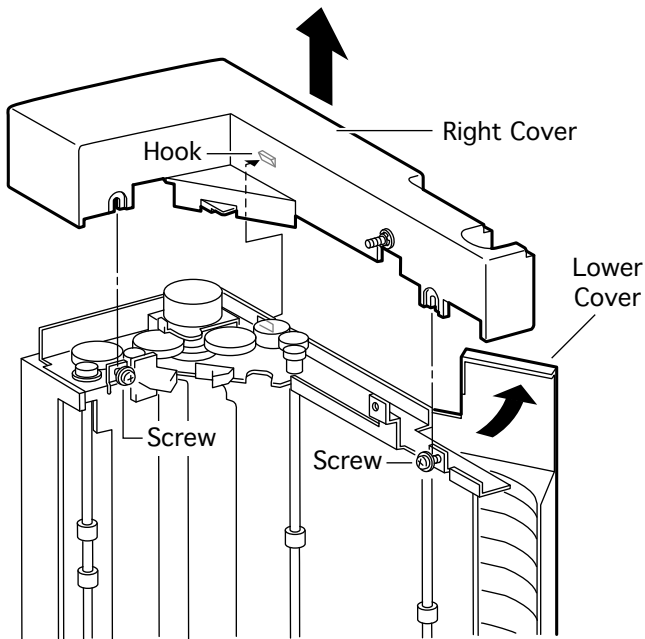
Right Cover

Before you begin, remove the duplexer from the printer.



Right Cover



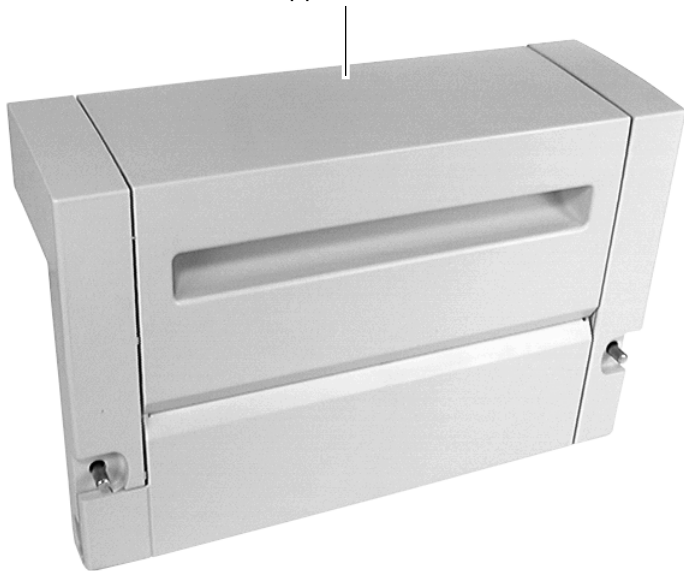


- 1 Loosen the two screws that secure the cover to the duplexer.
- 2 Place the duplexer on a flat surface right side up.
- 3 Open the lower cover.
- 4 Release the hook and slip the cover off the duplexer.





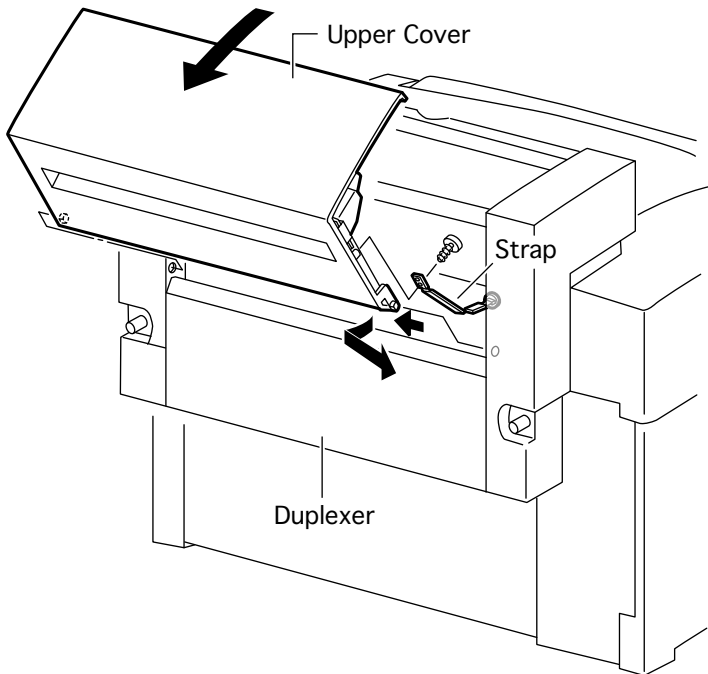
Upper Cover



Upper Cover

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.





- 1 Hold the upper cover half way open.
- 2 Remove the screw and let the strap hinge hang loose from the duplexer.
- 3 Slide the cover to the left and release the right side hinge pin.
- 4 Release the left hinge pin and remove the cover from the duplexer.

Replacement Note: There are two hinge holes on each side of the framed opening. Install this cover in the **upper** set of holes.





- 5 Perform the “[Taping The Paper-Pass Actuator](#)” procedure if you have also removed the lower cover.



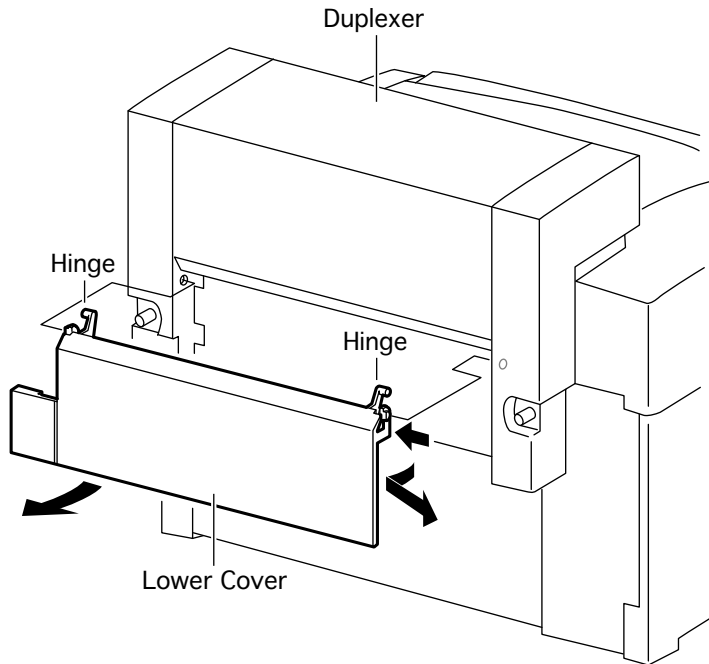
Lower Cover

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.



Lower Cover





- 1 Hold the lower cover half way open, slide the cover to the left, and release the right side hinge pin.
- 2 Release the left hinge pin and remove the cover from the duplexer.

Replacement Note: There are two hinge holes on each side of the framed opening. Install this cover in the **lower** set of holes.

- 3 Perform the "[Taping The Paper-Pass Actuator](#)" procedure if you have also removed the upper cover.

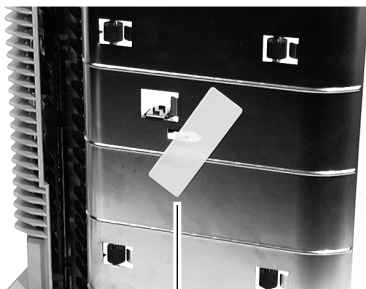




Taping The Paper-Pass Actuator

Any time you have the upper and lower covers removed, the paper-pass actuator is exposed and extremely vulnerable to damage. To protect the actuator, tape it shut temporarily with removable tape or a Post-it™ note.

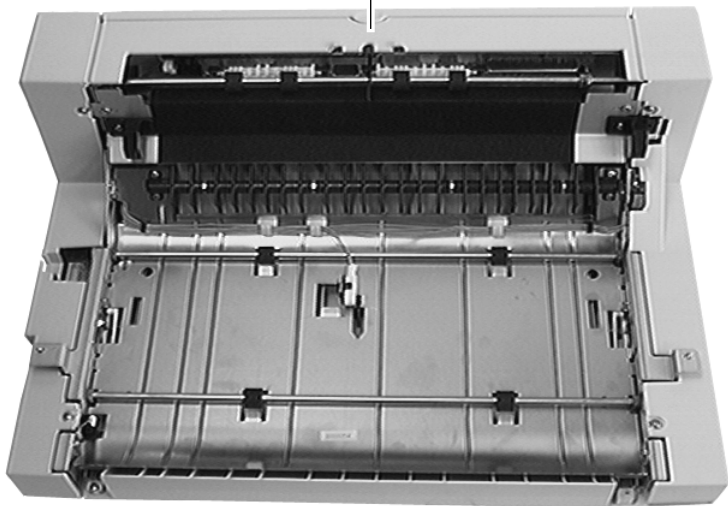
Please remember to remove the tape prior to reinstalling the covers.



Protective Tape



Front Cover



Front Cover

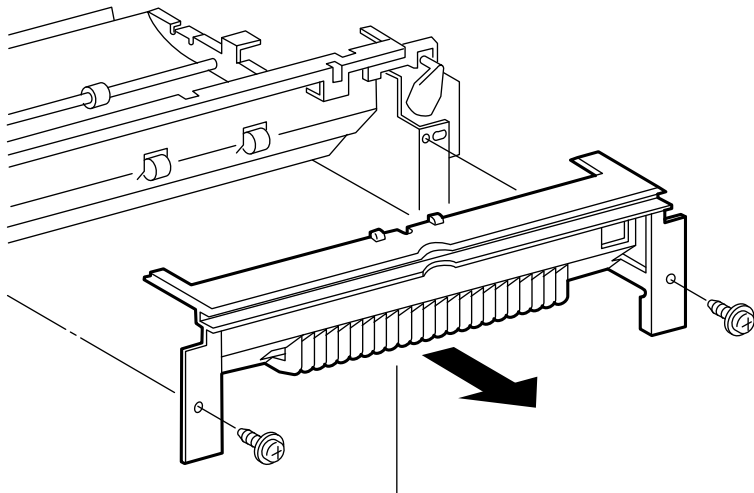
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Upper cover
- Left cover
- Right cover





- 1 Remove the two screws that secure the front cover to the duplexer.
- 2 Remove the front cover from the duplexer.



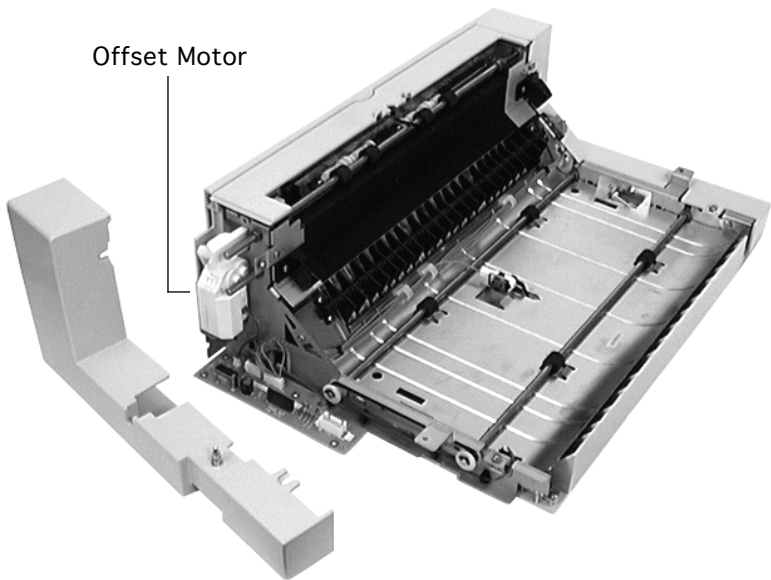
Front Cover

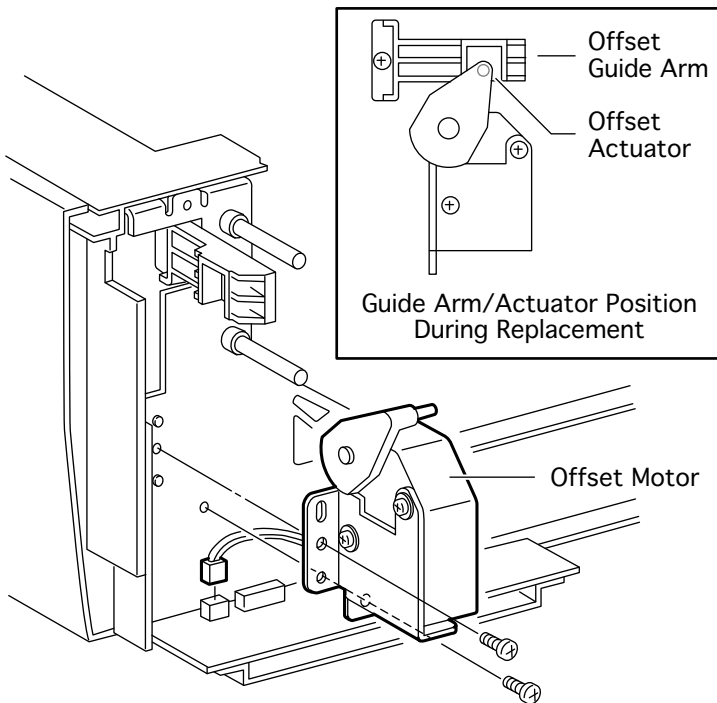


Offset Motor

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Left cover





- 1 Disconnect the offset motor cable from the duplexer board.
- 2 Remove the two screws and lift the motor out of the duplexer.

Replacement Note: Tilt the motor slightly to the right and insert the offset actuator into the offset guide arm.

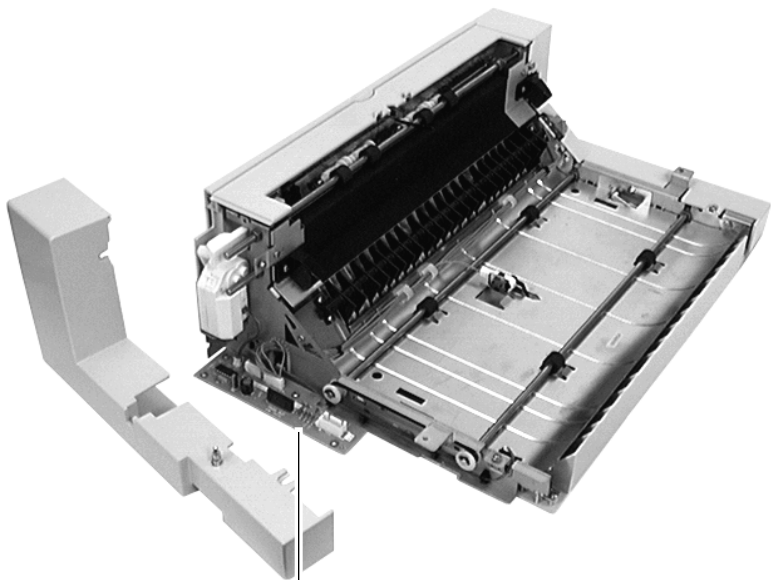




Duplexer Board

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Left cover
- Offset motor

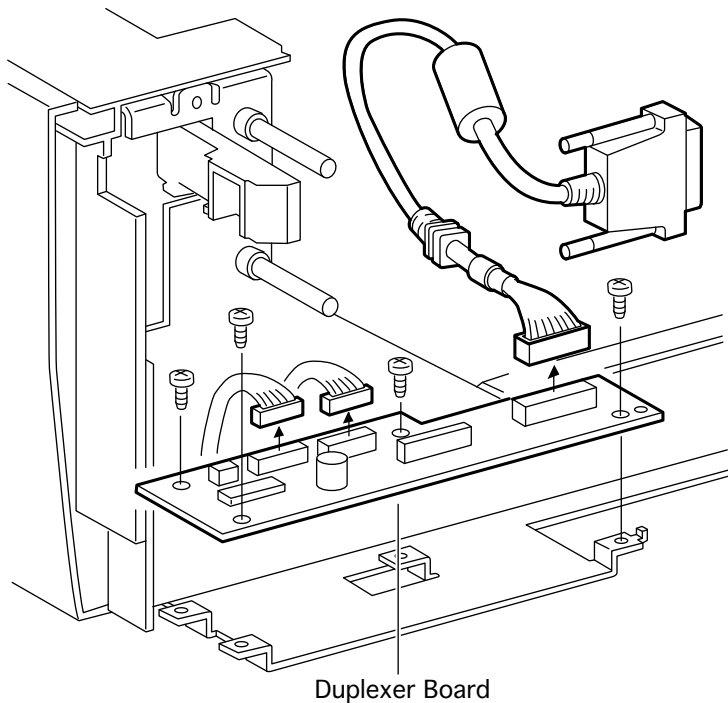


Duplexer Board



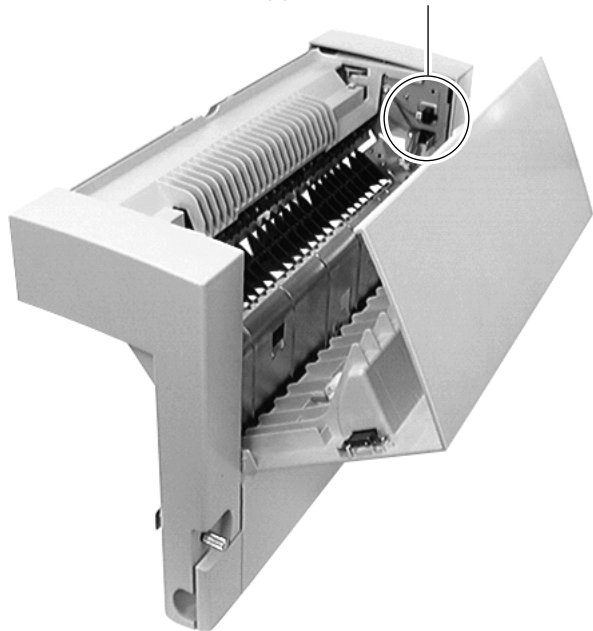


- 1 Disconnect the cables from the duplexer board.
- 2 Remove the four screws securing the duplexer board and remove the board from the duplexer.





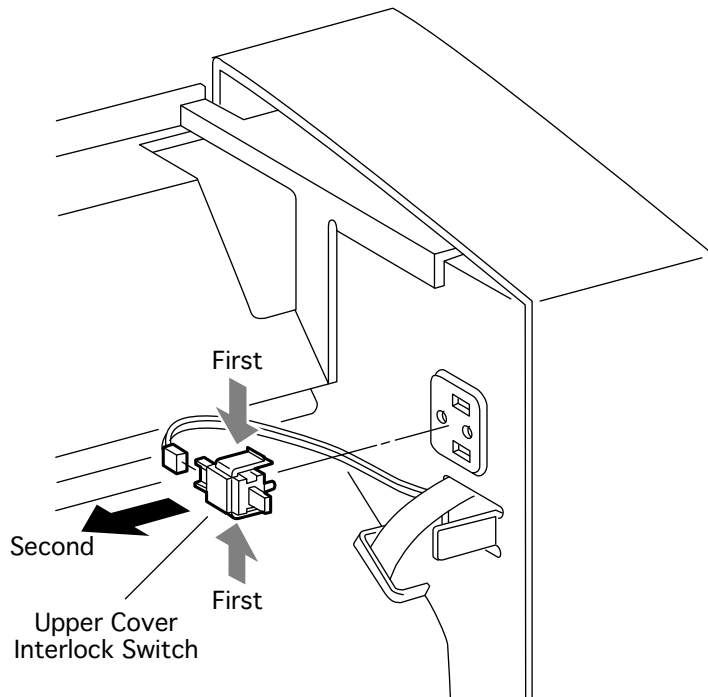
Upper Cover Interlock Switch



Upper Cover Interlock Switch

No preliminary steps are required before you begin this procedure.





- 1 Open the upper cover.
- 2 Squeeze the top and bottom of the switch to release the tabs and pull the switch away from the duplexer chassis.
- 3 Disconnect the cable and remove the switch from the duplexer.

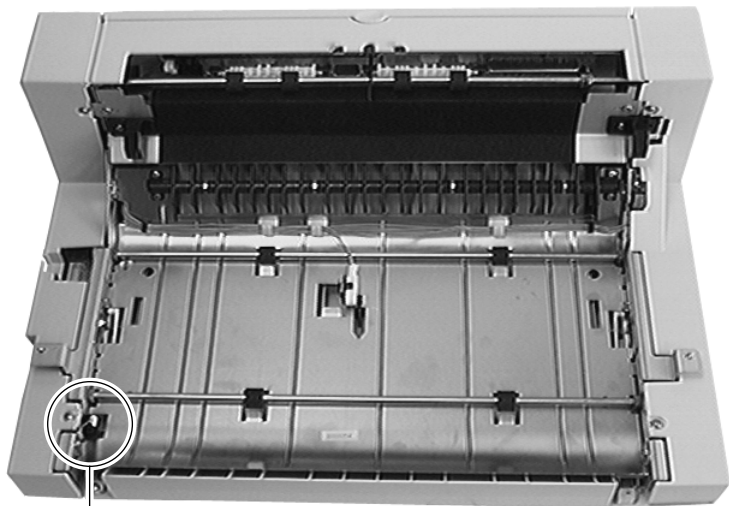




Lower Cover Interlock Switch

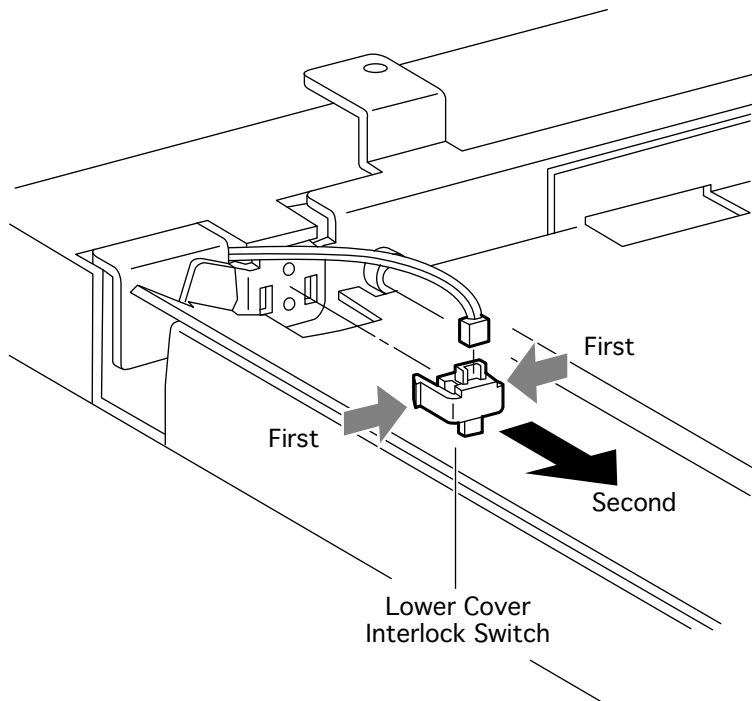
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Lower cover



Lower Cover Interlock Switch





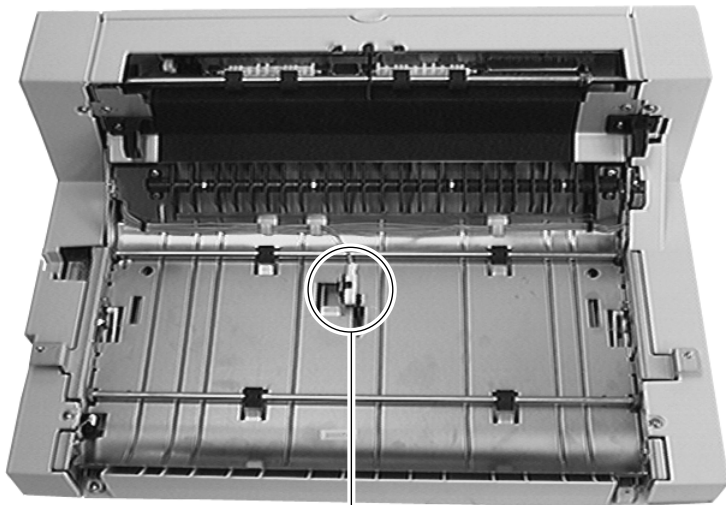
- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the lower cover interlock switch.
- 2 Release the tabs (using needle-nose pliers if necessary) and remove the switch from the duplexer.





Paper-Pass Sensor

Before you begin, remove the duplexer from the printer.

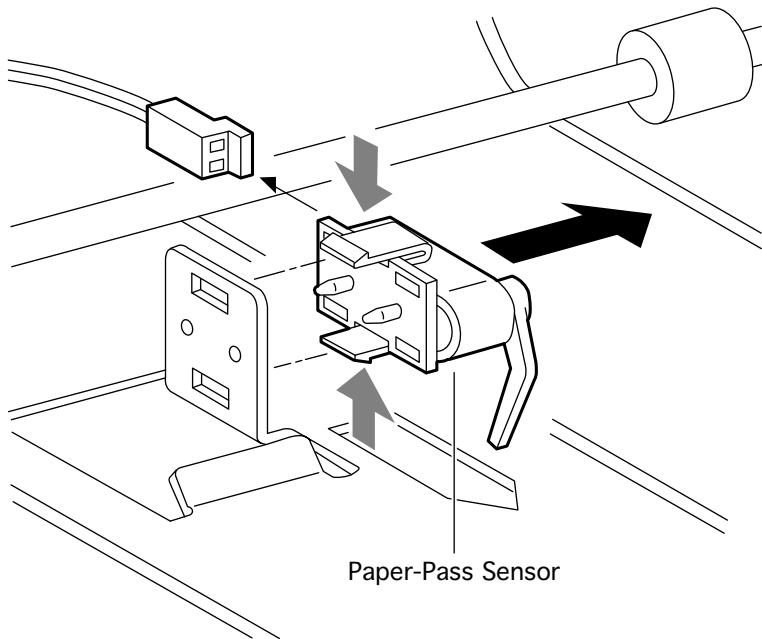


Paper-Pass Sensor



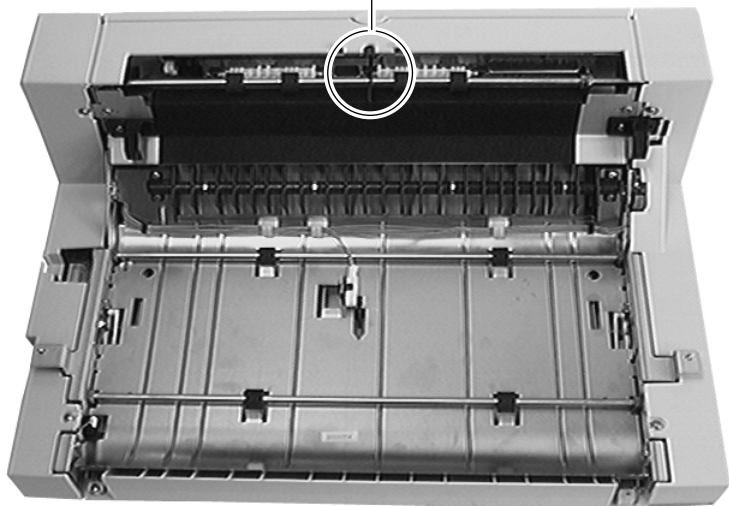


- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the paper-pass sensor.
- 2 Release the tabs and remove the sensor from the duplexer.





Full Stack Actuator



Full Stack Sensor & Actuator

Before you begin, remove the following:

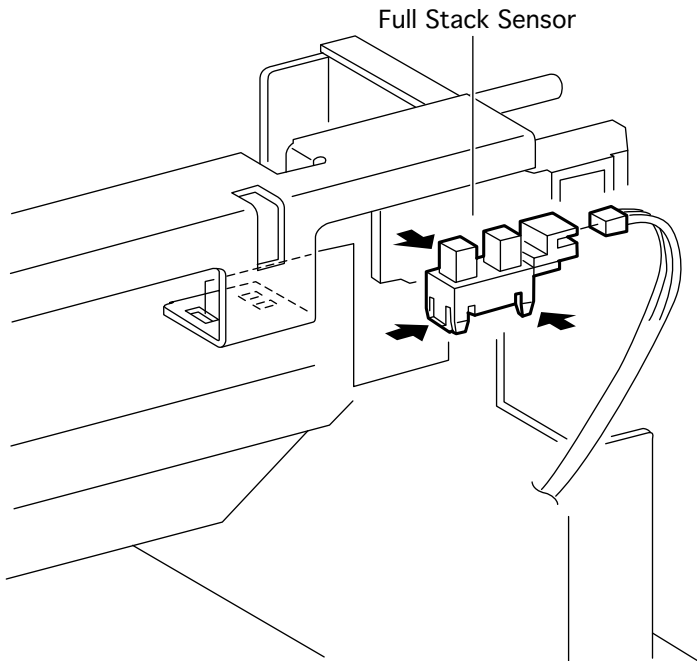
- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Left cover
- Right cover
- Upper cover
- Front cover

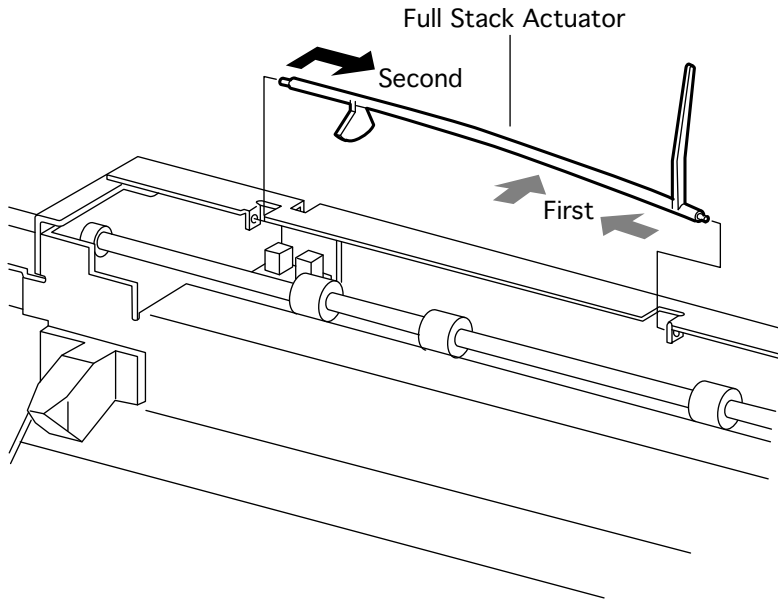




Full Stack Sensor

- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the full stack sensor.
- 2 Release the tabs and remove the sensor from the duplexer.





Full Stack Actuator

- 1 Using needle-nose pliers, grasp the tip of the actuator farthest from the sensor and flex the actuator leftward and inward to release it from its right collar.
- 2 Rotate the actuator so that the flag clears the U of the sensor, release the actuator from its left collar, and remove the actuator from the duplexer.



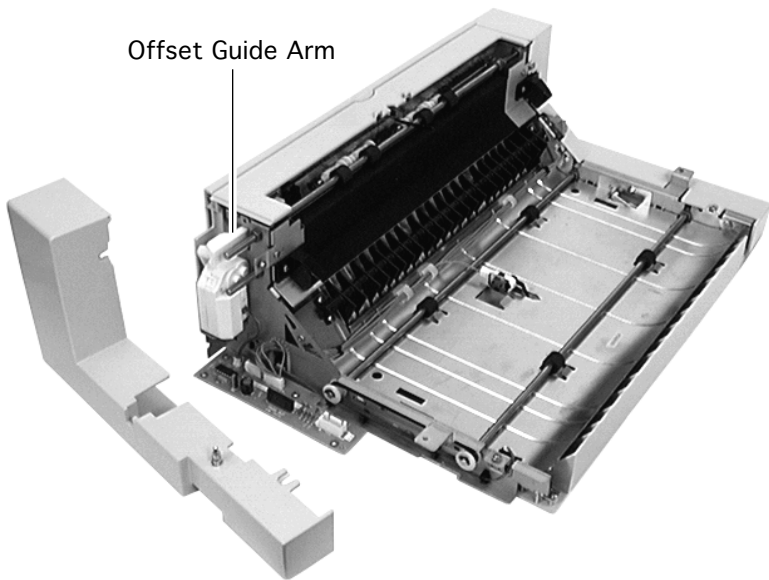


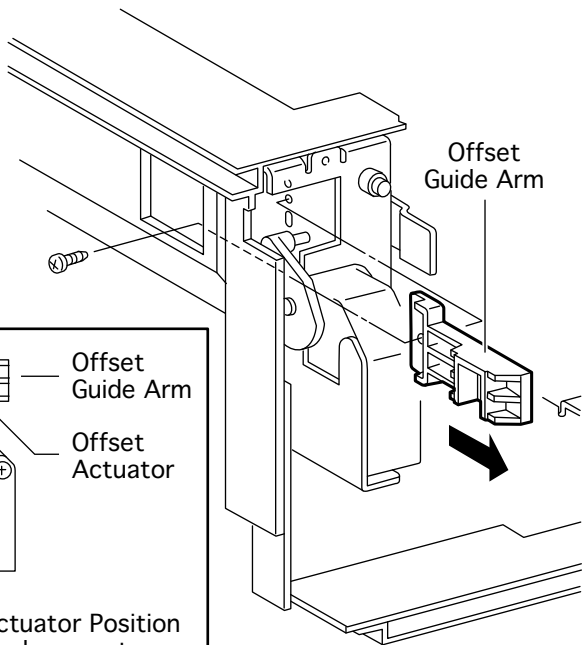
Offset Guide Arm

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Left cover

Offset Guide Arm





- 1 Rotate the offset actuator clockwise as far as it goes and flex it outward to free it from the guide arm.
- 2 Remove the screw and pull the guide arm out of the duplexer chassis.

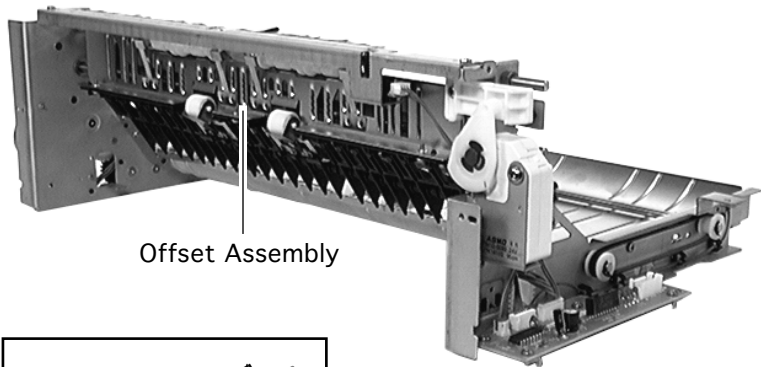




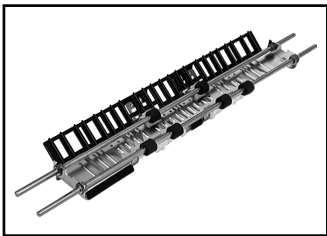
Offset Assembly

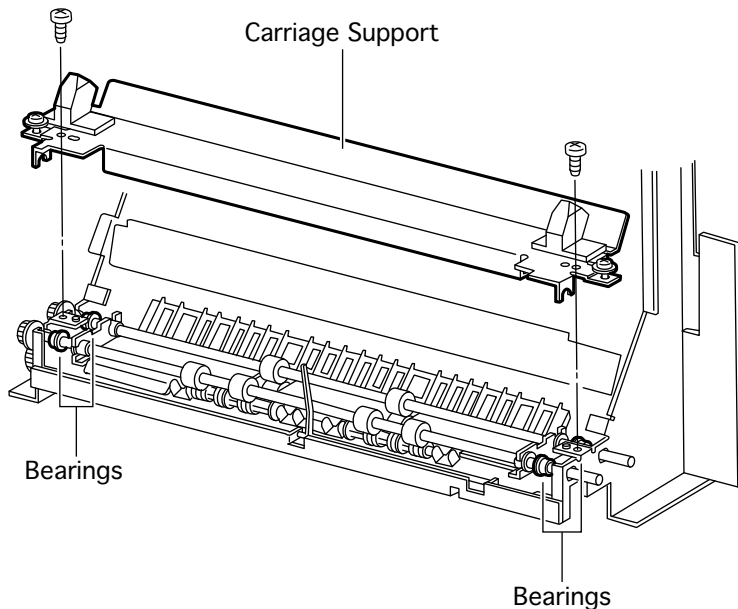
Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Upper cover
- Left cover
- Right cover
- Offset guide arm



Offset Assembly

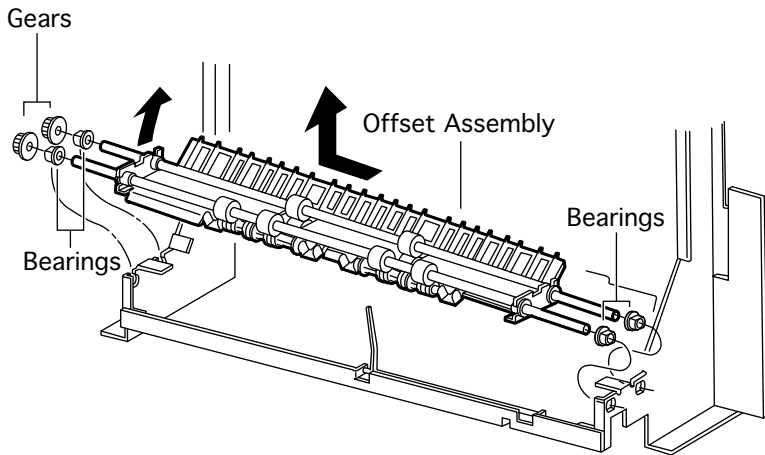




- 1 Set the duplexer with the top side facing down.
- 2 Remove the two screws securing the carriage support and lift the support from the duplexer chassis.

Replacement Note: For the carriage support to fit squarely, the four offset assembly bearings must be fully seated in the chassis frame.





- 3 Slide the offset assembly right and left to free the four bearings from the chassis frame.
- 4 Lift the gear-end of the offset assembly from the frame, pull the opposite end free from its collars, and remove the offset assembly from the duplexer.
- 5 Remove the gears and the bearings from the two shafts.



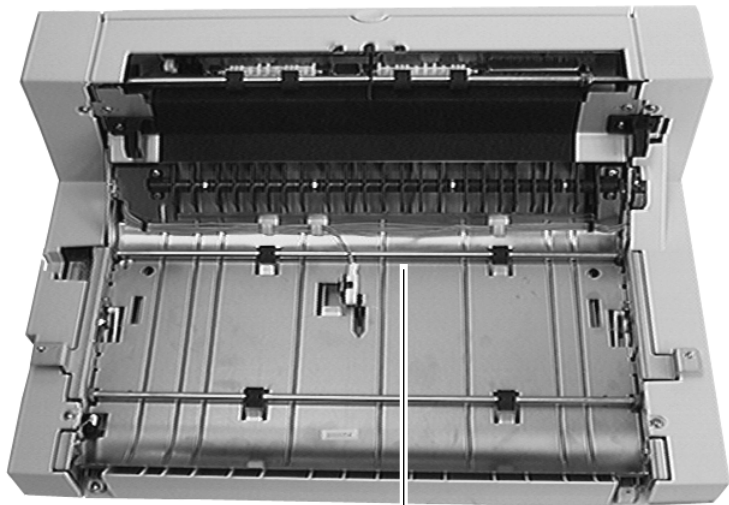


Upper Feed Roller

Before you begin, remove the following:

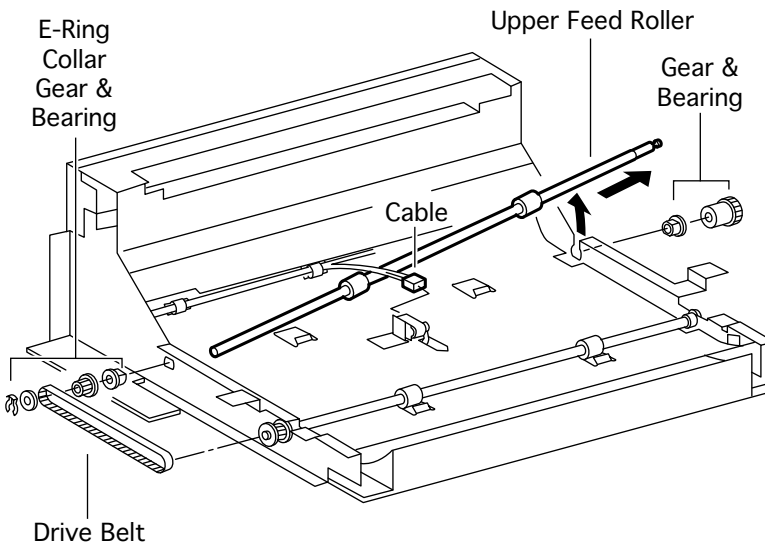
- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Upper cover
- Left cover
- Right cover

- 1 Set the duplexer flat on the work surface.



Upper Feed Roller





- 2 Disconnect the cable going into the paper-pass sensor.
- 3 Remove the E-ring at the left end of the feed roller shaft and slide the collar, gear (with drive belt), and bearing off the shaft.
- 4 Remove the gear and bearing from the right end of the shaft.
- 5 Remove the roller from the duplexer.



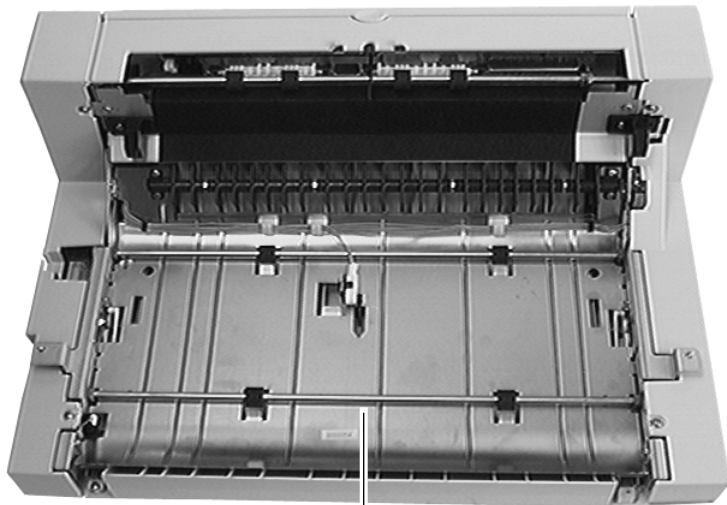


Lower Feed Roller

Before you begin, remove the following:

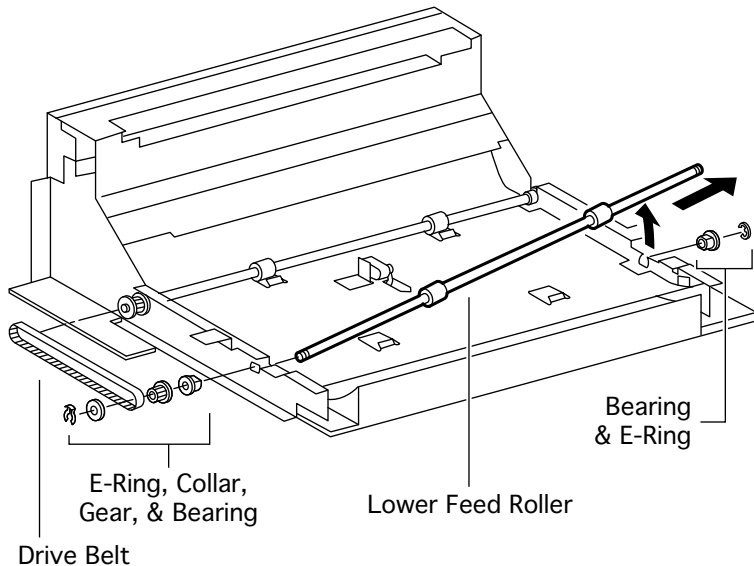
- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Upper cover
- Left cover
- Right cover

- 1 Set the duplexer flat on the work surface.



Lower Feed Roller





- 2 Remove the E-ring at the left end of the feed roller shaft and slide the collar, gear (with drive belt), and bearing off the shaft.
- 3 Remove the E-ring and bearing from the right end of the shaft.
- 4 Remove the roller from the duplexer.

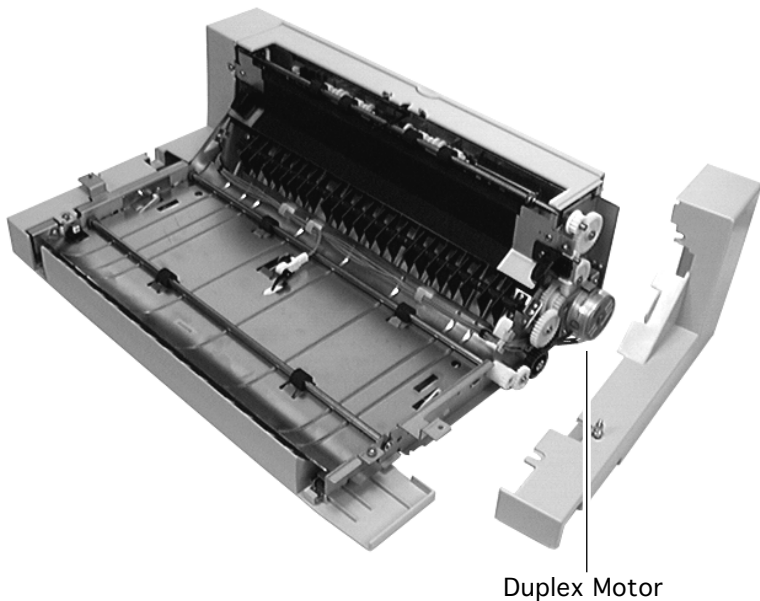


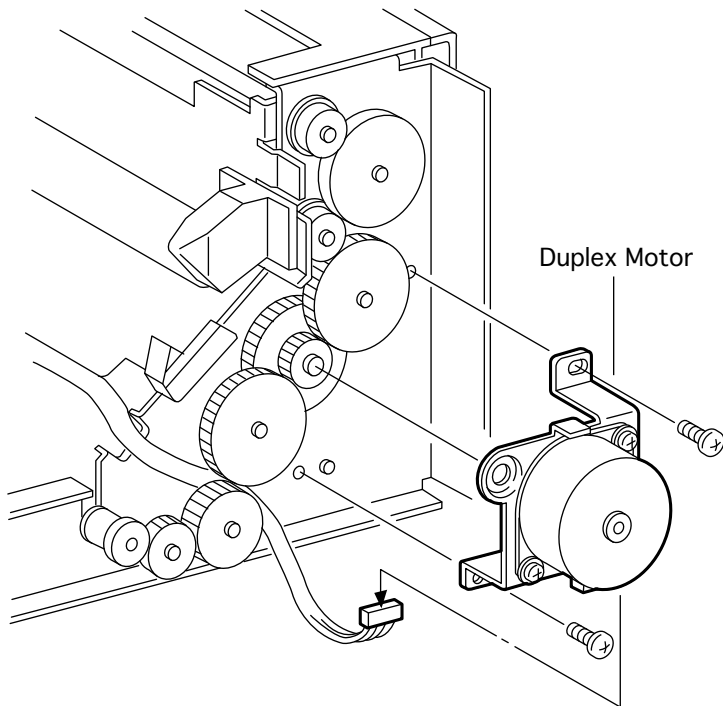


Duplex Motor

Before you begin, remove the following:

- Duplexer (from the printer)
- Right cover





- 1 Disconnect the cable going into the motor.
- 2 Remove the two silver-colored screws that secure the motor to the chassis.
- 3 Remove the motor from the duplexer.





Take Apart

General	1	Manual Feed Pickup Roller Assembly	126
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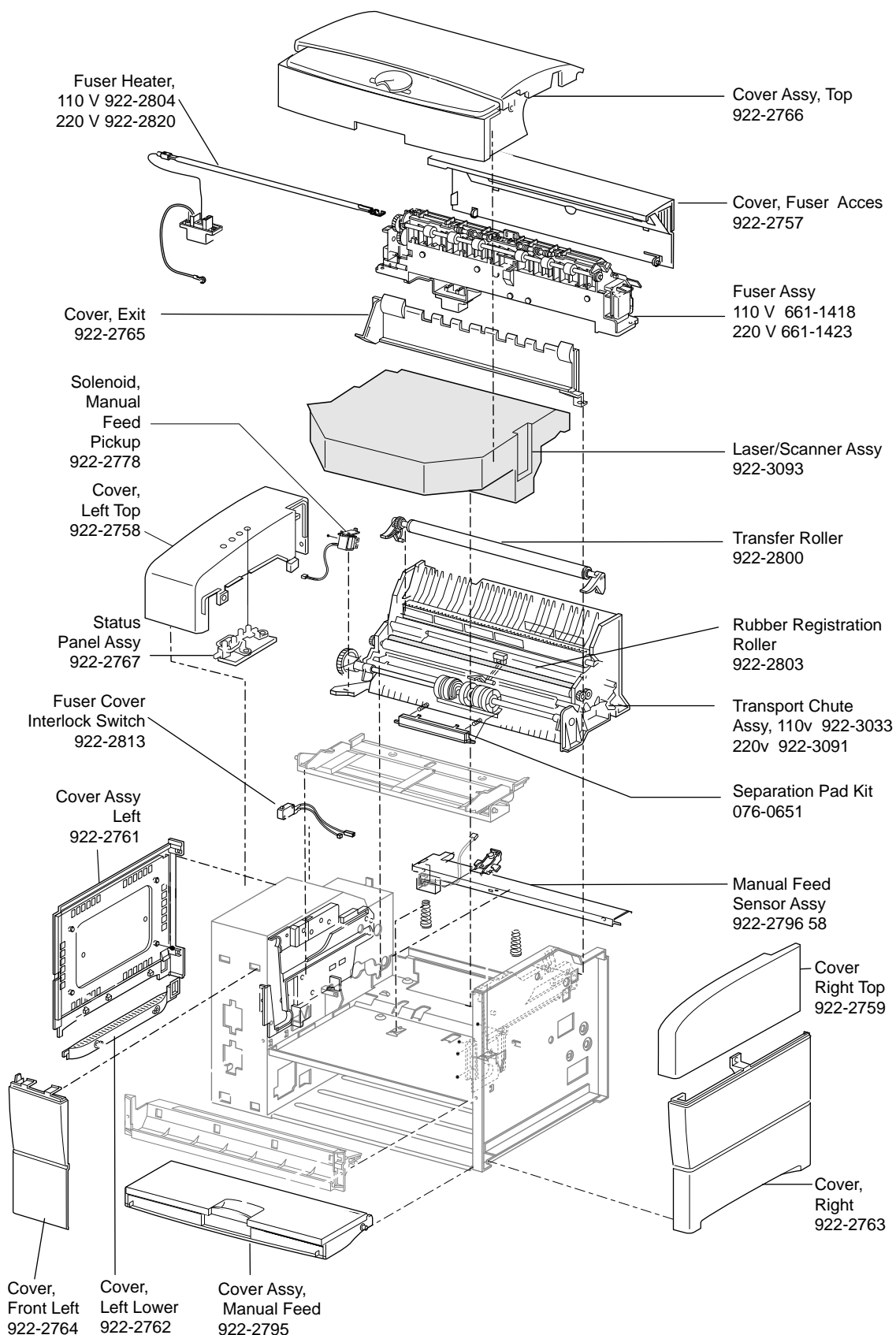


Exploded View

LaserWriter 8500

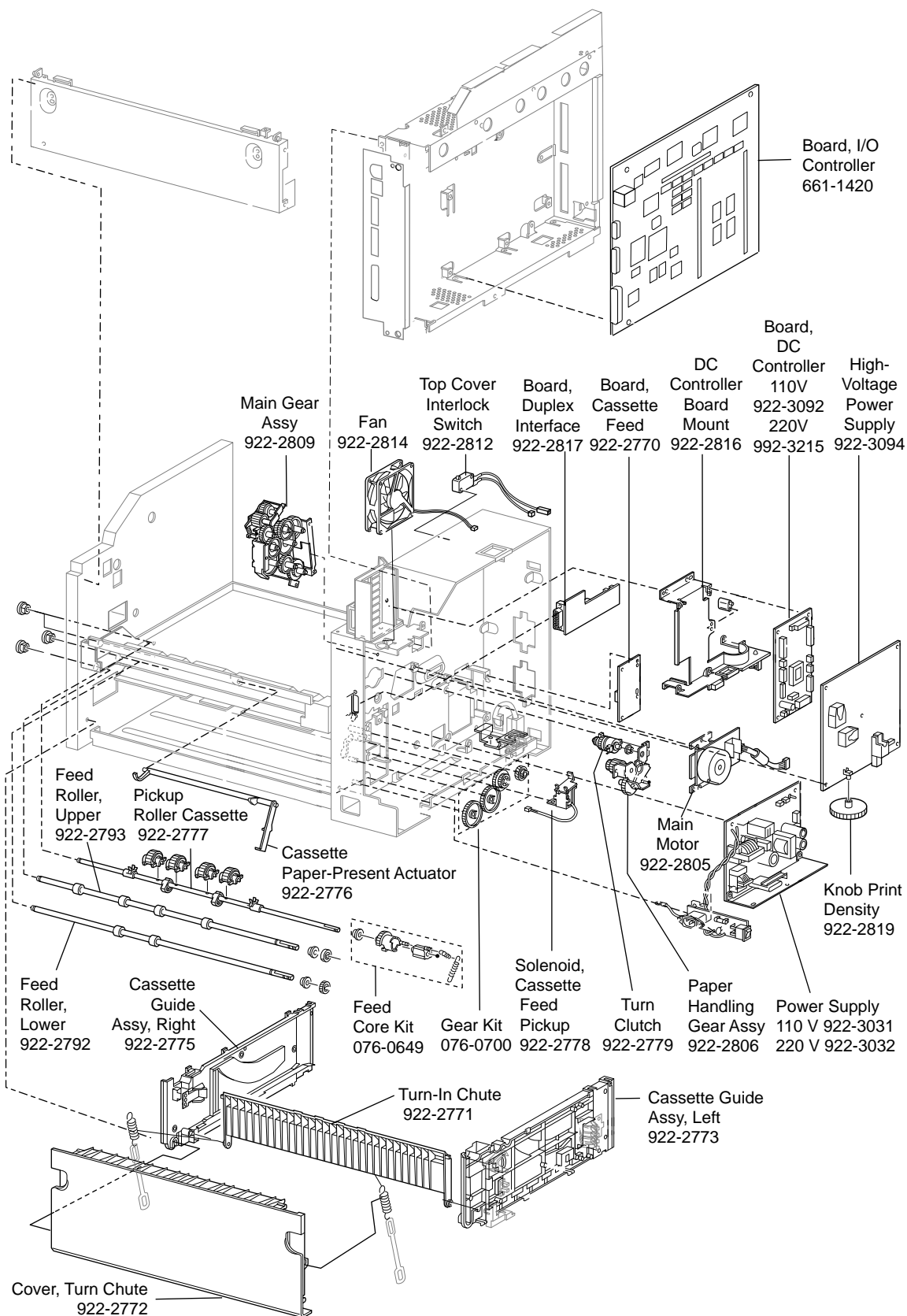


Exploded View (1 of 3)





Exploded View (2 of 3)





Exploded View (3 of 3)

