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Pascal: STRING and CHAR concatenation

To concatenate using STRING types and CHAR types and not get a type mismatch error, use the routine below to create a STRING containing the CHARacters the user wishes to add to the STRING, then use the Pascal CONCAT to put them together. Make sure that if this is done within a PROCEDURE or FUNCTION, and the STRING is passed as a parameter, that the (*\$V-*) option is used as well as declaring a TYPE to pass rather than STRING.

```
TYPE STR_TO_PASS = STRING;
         PROCEDURE WHATEVER (ST : STR TO PASS);
         BEGIN
         END;
         here's the concat stuff ...
         PROGRAM CONCAT_CHAR;
         CONST LEN = 4;
                                    { or whatever you want }
         VAR TEST STRING : STRING;
         CH : CHAR;
         I : INTEGER;
         (*$R-*)
                      { turn Range Checking off so you can
                      { alter individual cells of the string }
         BEGIN
           TEST_STRING[0] := CHR(LEN); { set length of string }
           FOR I := 1 TO LEN DO
            BEGIN
              READ (CH);
              TEST STRING[I] := CH;
            END;
           WRITELN;
           WRITELN (TEST STRING);
         END.
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